

GCSE

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

PAPER 3 (Higher Tier)

THURSDAY 18 JANUARY 2007

Candidates answer on the question paper. No additional materials are required.



Time: 1 hour 15 minutes



Candidate Name							
Centre Number				Candidate Number			

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, Centre number and Candidate number in the boxes above.
- Answer all the questions.
- Use blue or black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do **not** write in the bar code.
- Do not write outside the box bordering each page.
- WRITE YOUR ANSWER TO EACH QUESTION IN THE SPACE PROVIDED. ANSWERS WRITTEN ELSEWHERE WILL NOT BE MARKED.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

FOR	EXAMINER'S	USE
Question Number	Maximum Marks	Marks Awarded
1	2	
2	4	
3	3	
4	5	
5	6	
6	6	
7	7	
8	8	
9	3	
10	7	
11	4	
12	5	
TOTAL	60	

This document consists of 10 printed pages and 2 blank pages.

SP (SJF4179) T22849/2 © OCR 2007 [100/1114/6] OCR is an exempt Charity **[Turn over**

Answer all questions.

Explair	why parallel running is often chosen as a method of implementation.
	[
The sta	ages needed to produce mail-merged letters are shown below.
The sta	ages needed to produce mail-merged letters are shown below.
The sta	ages needed to produce mail-merged letters are shown below. Choose the merge option to add individual details to the letter.
_	
A	Choose the merge option to add individual details to the letter.
A B	Choose the merge option to add individual details to the letter. Place the variables into the template letter.
A B C	Choose the merge option to add individual details to the letter. Place the variables into the template letter. Type the template letter using a word processor and save it.

Write down the correct order of these stages.

The first two have been done for you.

Stage
С
E

[4]

3		bank stores personal data about its customers on a computer file. This personal data is protected y the Data Protection Act.						
	Sta	te three requirements of the Act that the bank must comply with.						
	Red	quirement 1						
		quirement 2						
		quirement 3						
		[3]						
4		new computer system contains a number of components and is supplied with user umentation.						
	(a)	Details of input and output devices are included in the user documentation.						
		Give two other items of information about the hardware which would be included in the user documentation.						
		Item 1						
		Item 2						
		[2]						
	(b)	The contact details are also included in the user documentation.						
		Give three other items that should also be included.						
		Item 1						
		Item 2						
		Item 3						
		[3]						

5 Below is part of a data capture form which has been used to collect data about the vehicles using a particular road.

Vehicle type	Number of wheels	Registration year	
Saloon	4	1999	
Minibus	6	2006	
Hatchback	4	2003	
Saloon	4	2004	
Truck	12	1998	
Hatchback	4	1999	
Minibus	6	2007	
Truck	12	2005	
			•

(a)	(i)	Suggest a more efficient way of recording the data in the 'Vehicle type' column.
		[1]
	(ii)	Give two reasons why this is a better way.
		Reason 1
		Reason 2
		[2]
	persears:	son entering the data into the computer makes a mistake and this error message
		'The data just entered is unreasonable. Please re-enter the data.'
(b)	Wha	at is this type of checking, done by the computer, called?
		[1]
(c)	Reg	istration number plates on cars were first used in 1903.
		nplete the rule below which could be applied by the computer to the data in the 'Registration' column.
	Reg	istration year must be
	grea	ater than or equal to

Nor	mal, abnormal and extreme data is used to test a database.
(a)	What is meant by the term abnormal data?
	[1]
(b)	What is meant by the term extreme data?
	[1]

(c) People using a library can borrow up to six books at a time. The library needs to test its new database for recording book details.

Tick **one** box in each row to describe the type of data used.

The first one has been done for you.

Number of Books	Normal (✓)	Abnormal (✓)	Extreme (✓)
2	✓		
1			
7			
6			
-1			

[4]

© OCR 2007 [Turn over

7	Explain why a graphical user interface (GUI) is considered easier to use than a command line interface.
	[7

8

	·		
A computer user logs on to the Internet via an Internet Service Provider (ISP) to read any emails sent to them.			
(a)	Explain what the Internet is.		
	[2]		
(b)	Describe three services, other than email, that the ISP may offer.		
	Service 1		
	Service 2		
	Service 3		
	[6]		

9	A co	A computerised registration system is to replace the manual system in a school.							
	Give	e three possible benefits of the computerised system.							
		efit 1							
		efit 2							
	Ber	efit 3							
		[3							
10	(a)	There are a number of stages in the development of a new ICT system.							
		State four tasks carried out during the design stage.							
		Task 1							
		Task 2							
		Task 3							
		Task 4							
		[4							
	(b)	Describe one other stage in the development of a new ICT system.							
		[3							

11	Describe how an expert system is created.
	[4]
12	A student uses his computer at home to complete a multimedia presentation. He now has to get
	the presentation to school.
	Discuss the possible ways he could transfer this work onto the school's computer network.
	[5]

10 BLANK PAGE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

11 BLANK PAGE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE



PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (OCR) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.