Candidate Name	Centre Candidate Number Number				
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GCSE

4323/02

HUMANITIES

UNIT 3: HUMAN PERSPECTIVES ON BELIEFS AND

PRACTICES: CHRISTIANITY AND JUDAISM

P.M. TUESDAY, 24 May 2011

l hour

Questions answered	Examiner's use only
Question 1 (Section A)	
Question 2 or 3 (Section B)	
TOTAL	50

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer Question 1 (Section A) and either Question 2 or Question 3 (Section B).

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Use supplementary sheets when there is insufficient room in this booklet. Write your name at the top of each supplementary sheet, indicating clearly the number of the question you answer. Put the supplementary sheets inside this booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You will be awarded marks for the quality of your written communication.

Your answers must be relevant and must make full use of the information given to be awarded full marks for a question.

You are reminded that you should always support your answers using your knowledge and understanding of the topic chosen.

CHRISTIANITY AND JUDAISM

Answer Question 1 (Section A) and either Question 2 or Question 3 (Section B).

SECTION A

Answer all parts of this question.

1.	This (question	is about	how	people o	f different	cultures	relate to	each (other.
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Study Source A below and then answer the question that follows.

Source A

'The Shema is the most important prayer in Judaism. It tells Jews what they believe about God and is used everyday in prayers at the synagogue.'

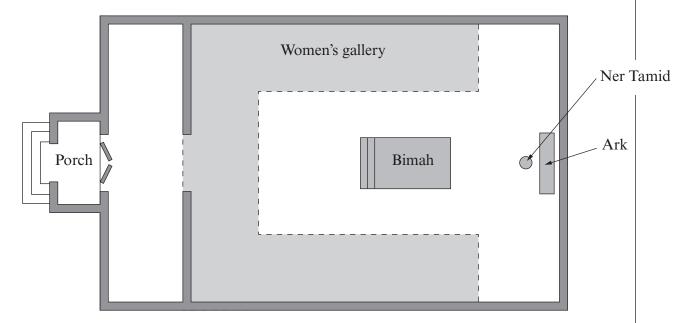
(a)	Use Source A and your own knowledge to describe the Shema.	[2]

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Describe how Jews treat the Torah when in use and when not in use.	[4]

Turn over.

Source B - Plan of a synagogue



(c) Use Source B and your own knowledge to describe the main features of a synagogue. [4]

(d)	Explain why the birth of Jesus is important to Christians.	[6]

Read the following sources carefully and answer the question that follows.

Source C

'I worship on the Sabbath every week. I finish work before sunset on Friday. My family and I attend synagogue and then have a meal together. No work is done. We spend the whole day obeying the commandment to keep the Sabbath holy. This is one of the Ten Commandments. Some are religious and some are about how we should treat others. We follow them all.'

An Orthodox Jew

Source D

'My job means I have to work on a Saturday. I try to go to the synagogue at important times of the year but I do not follow the commandment about keeping the Sabbath holy. I find it difficult following all of the Ten Commandments.'

A Reform Jew

(e)	Using the sources and your own knowledge , explain why Jews today may have a range of attitudes about the Ten Commandments. [6]

<i>(f)</i>	'The role of the minister or rabbi is the most important aspect in the act of worship.' To what extent do you agree with this statement?					
	Give arguments for and against this statement by:					
	describing the role of the minister or rabbi during worship; considering the importance of other aspects of worship. Conclude by saying how far you agree with the statement.					

SECTION B

Answer either Question 2 or Question 3.

2. This question is about how people of different religions follow their faith in modern Britain.

Look at the information below and then answer the question that follows.

Source $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{n}$ infant baptism



(<i>a</i>)	what does Source A tell you about a Christian infant baptism?	[2]
		,

<i>(b)</i>	Describe what happens during Rosh Hashanah.	[4]

(c)	Explain problems faced by some C	Christians in practising their faith in today's society. [6]

(d)	'A wedding is the most important religious ceremony in a person's life.' To what extent do you agree with this statement? Give arguments for and against this statement by:		
			explaining why people have religious wedding ceremonies; considering other religious ceremonies that are connected with stages in people's lives Conclude by saying how far you agree with the statement.

If you have answered question 2 you **must not** *answer question 3.*

3. This question is about similarities and differences of attitudes, values and beliefs.

Look at the information below and then answer the question that follows.

Source B

'There were 17.1 million families in the UK in 2006 - up from 16.5 million in 1996. Most were still married couples, although the proportion of cohabiting couple families had increased. Two children remains the most common family size.'

(a)	What does Source B tell you about different types of family?	[2]
(b)	Describe Jewish attitudes to poverty.	[4]

(c)	Explain why Christians believe it is important to care for elderly relatives.	[6]

(d)	'The best way religious groups can fight inequality is by donating money to charity.' To what extent do you agree with this statement?			
	Give arguments for and against this statement by: describing how donating money helps fight inequality; suggesting other ways religious groups can fight inequality. Conclude by saying how far you agree with the statement.			