Centre No.					Pape	r Refer	ence			Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.			1	3	3	6	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

1336/01 Option P Edexcel GCSE

History C Schools History Project

Paper 1

Option P: Medicine (Paper P1)

Tuesday 3 June 2008 – Afternoon

Time: 1 hour

Materials required for examination

Items included with question papers Sources booklet



Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initial(s) and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Remove the sources booklet from your question paper. Look through the question paper and sources booklet to see how they relate to each other.

Answer Question 1 and ONE other question from your selected topic. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Do not use pencil, use blue or black ink.

Indicate which question you are answering by marking the box (\boxtimes). If you change your mind, put a line through the box (\boxtimes) and then indicate your new question with a cross (\boxtimes).

Do not return the sources booklet with the question paper.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (5). There are 4 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 40. There are 16 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You are reminded of the importance of clear and orderly presentation in your answers. Make sure that your writing is clear. You should write in whole sentences and paragraphs as appropriate. Quality of written communication will be assessed in the essay questions. You will be assessed on your ability to present relevant information, write clearly, using accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar and use a suitable structure and style of writing.

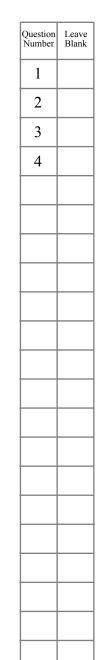
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Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

Turn over



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Paper P1: Medicine

Answer Question 1 and EITHER Question 2 OR Question 3 OR Question 4. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

(a)	Study Sources A, B and C.
	What can you learn from these sources about the changing methods of dealing with infectious diseases? Explain your answer using these sources.

	Leave blank
(5)	



Why did so many paople in England roly on barbal and home made remodies in the
Why did so many people in England rely on herbal and home-made remedies in the period c.1350–c.1750 rather than going to a doctor? Explain your answer.

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(8)	



J	Study Source D and use your own knowledge.
	Why did Jenner's discovery of vaccination against smallpox have so little impact on the treatment of other infectious diseases in the nineteenth century? Use the source and your own knowledge to explain your answer.

Leave blank



	Leave blank
(12)	Q1
(Total 25 marks)	



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Answer ONE of the following questions.

EITHER

Extension Unit 1: Medicine in the Ancient World and the Early Middle Ages.

2. How much progress was made in medicine in the Muslim world during the medieval period? Explain your answer.

You could include the following in your answer and any other information of your own.

- By 1100AD there were 60 hospitals in Baghdad
- Ibn Sina (also known as Avicenna) wrote a medical textbook
- The Islamic faith forbade dissection

(Total 15 marks)

OR

Extension Unit 2: Hospitals and Training, c.1350 to the present day.

3. How much has the role of women as nurses and midwives changed from the seventeenth century to the present day? Explain your answer.

You could include the following in your answer and any other information of your own.

- Forceps were invented in the early seventeenth century
- Dr. William Smellie began to train midwives in the mid-eighteenth century
- The Registration of Nurses Act was passed in 1919

(Total 15 marks)

OR

Extension Unit 3: Changes in Surgery.

4. Why were advances in surgery so limited in the Renaissance period? Explain your answer.

You could include the following in your answer and any other information of your own.

- The Fabric of the Human Body by Andreas Vesalius was published in 1543
- Ambroise Paré used ligatures to prevent blood loss from wounds
- Effective anaesthetics were first used in the middle of the nineteenth century

(Total 15 marks)

Start your answer on the next page.



blank Indicate which question you are answering by marking the box (⋈). If you change your mind, put a line through the box (\boxtimes) and then indicate your new question with a cross (\boxtimes) . Chosen Question Number: Question 2 Question 3 Question 4



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 (Total 15 mayls)
(Total 15 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 40 MARKS

