

	C	Centr	e Nu	mber
	Can	didat	e Nu	mber

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2015

History

Unit 1: Studies in Depth Foundation Tier



[GHY11] MONDAY 1 JUNE, MORNING

TIME

2 hours.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page and on any additional sheets.

Answer **four** questions: **two** questions from your chosen option in Section A **and two** questions from your chosen option in Section B.

If needed, you can ask for more sheets to finish your answers. Please attach these sheets to your booklet using the tag supplied.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in part (c) of all questions.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

For Examiner's use only			
Question Number	Marks		
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			

Total	
Marks	

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Answer **four** questions **only**.

Section A

Answer **two** questions from **your chosen option**.

OPTIONS	Pages
Option 1: Germany, 1918–1941	4–12
Option 2: Russia, c1916–1941	13–21
Option 3: United States of America, 1918–1941	22–30
Section B	
Answer two questions from your chosen option.	
Option 4: Peace, War and Neutrality: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1932–1949	31–38
Option 5: Changing Relationships: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1965–1985	39–47

Section A

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer **two** questions from **your chosen option**.

Option 1: Germany, 1918-1941

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 1 This question is about the Aftermath of World War One and the Weimar Republic.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to the end of the Weimar Republic in Germany:

Wall Street Crash	Brüning	Goebbels	Hindenburg	Von Papen
----------------------	---------	----------	------------	-----------

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

	(i)	Caused an economic depression in Germany	Wall Street Crash	
	(ii)	Nazi in charge of propaganda		[1]
	(iii)	Appointed as Hitler's Vice-Chancellor		[1]
	(iv)	Nicknamed the 'Hunger Chancellor'		[1]
	(v)	President who appointed Hitler as Chancellor		[1]
(b)	(i)	Give one reason why the Treaty Germany.	of Versailles was unpopular in	
				_ _ [2]

(ii)	Describe two ways in which the Nazis tried to increase support between 1924 and 1928.	Examiner On Marks Rem
	1	
	2	
		_ [4]
(c) (i)	Why did hyperinflation occur in Germany in 1923?	
(0) (1)		
		_ [6]

		[9]	

	Kri	stallnacht	Nuremberg Laws	Boyco	tt	Sarah	Olympic Games	
			I to the correct ded. The first one					
	(i)	Female Jews this as part o	s had to have of their name			Sarah		
	(ii)	Stopped Ger goods in Jew					[1]	
	(iii) Took away German citizenship from Jews						[1]	
	(iv) Anti-Jewish signs in Berlin were taken down during this event in 1936					[1]		
	(v)	Attack on the businesses in	ousands of Jewis n 1938	sh 			[1]	
(b)	(i)	Give one rea 1934.	ason why Hitler o	ordered	the N	ight of the	Long Knives,	
							[2]	

(ii)	Describe two ways in which the Nazis tried to control the live young people between 1933 and 1939.	Examiner Marks R
	1	
	2	
		_,,
(i)	Why did the Nazis want to control the lives of each of the following:	
	• Workers	
	• Women?	
		[6]
		1

 	 [9]	

3	This question is about Nazi Policies and Actions in Europe,
	1933–1941.

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

(a) Below is a list of words linked to Nazi foreign policy:

|--|

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i)	Voted to rejoin Germany
	in 1935

Saarland

(ii) Made an agreement with Germany in 1934

_____[1]

(iii) German airforce

_____[1]

(iv) German economic preparations for war

[1]

(v) Country invaded by Germany in 1941

_____[1]

(b) (i) Give one reason why the Nazis wanted to take over Poland.

_____[

(ii)	Describe two ways in which Germany was able to gain control over the Sudetenland in 1938.	Examiner O
	1	_
		_
	2	_
c) (i)	Why did the Nazis want to remilitarise the Rhineland in 1936 at unite Germany with Austria in March 1938?	nd
		_
		[6]

Germany with Austr	-		
			
		 	
		 	
		 	
		 [9]	

Option 2: Russia, c1916-1941

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 4 This question is about the End of Tsarism and the 1917 Revolutions.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to the July Days:

Kerensky Kornilov Petrograd Lvov Lenin
--

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) City where the July Days took place

Petrograd

(ii) Leader of the Provisional Government before the July Days

_____[1]

(iii) Leader of the Provisional Government after the July Days

_____[1]

(iv) Fled to Finland after the July Days

_____[1]

(v) Appointed head of the Russian Army after the July Days

[1]

(b) (i) Give **one** reason for the success of the Bolsheviks in the October Revolution, 1917.

-<u>------</u>

(")	Describe two actions taken by Tsar Nicholas II that made him unpopular in Russia before the February Revolution, 1917.	Examiner Marks R
	1	
		_
	2	_
		[4]
(i)	Why did each of the following help to cause the downfall of the Provisional Government in October 1917:	
	Policies on land and warThe Kornilov Revolt?	
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		[6]

	Peasants	
	City workers?	
_		-
		-
_		-
		-
_		-
		-
		-
_		_
_		-
		-
_	[9	9]

	So	vnarkom	Peasants	Brest-Litovsk	Cheka	Socialist Revolutionaries	
				orrect descriptionrst one has bee		e your answer in you.	
	(i)	Group that the Land I	at benefited f Decree	rom	Peasa	unts	
	(ii)		aty between nd Germany			[1]	
	(iii)	•	ch won most on for the Co			[1]	
	(iv)		governmen October Rev			[1]	
	(v)		enin to closent Assembly			[1]	
o)	(i)		reason why s during the	the Red Terror of Civil War.	was introd	luced by the	
						[2]	

(ii)	Describe two effects of War Communism on the lives of peasa in Russia between 1918 and 1921.	ants Examine Marks	er Onl Rem
	1		
	2		
(c) (i)	Why were the White Armies defeated in the Russian Civil War	?	
		_ [6]	

Peasants		
Workers?		
	 [9]	

a)		ow is a list of wo ntries:	rds linked to	the USSR's rela	ations with o	other	
	Cz	echoslovakia	Germany	Barbarossa	Finland	Poland	
		ch each word to space provided.		•	•	inswer in	
	(i)	Country with wl signed a pact ir		Czec	choslovaki	a 	
	(ii)	Country with wl was at war in 1		R		[1]	
	(iii)	Country invade in September 1	•	R		[1]	
	(iv)	USSR signed a country in Augu	•	nis 		[1]	
	(v)	Plan to invade in June 1941	the USSR			[1]	
(b)	(i)	Give one reaso			me ruler of	the USSR	

(ii)	Describe two ways in which the Five Year Plans changed induin the USSR in the 1930s.	ISTRY Examiner Marks R
	1	
	2	
		_ [4]
(i)	Why did Stalin want to change each of the following when he became leader of the USSR:	
	Agriculture	
	• Industry?	
		_ [6]

		Marks
 	 	
		,
 	[ə	1

Option 3: United States of America, 1918–1941

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 7 This question is about the United States of America (USA) in the 1920s.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to the experiences of Black Americans in the 1920s:

Burning Cross	Lynching	Ku Klux Klan	Migration	Jim Crow Laws
------------------	----------	--------------	-----------	------------------

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i)	Movement of thousands of Black Americans to the northern states in the 1920s	
(ii)	Organisation responsible for violence against Black Americans	 [1]
(iii)	Led to separation of Black and White Americans in the Southern States	 [1]
(iv)	Symbol used to scare Black	

(v) Illegal killing of Black
Americans _____ [1]

_____[1]

9555.06 R 22

Americans

((ii)	Describe two ways in which the law on Prohibition was broke the USA in the 1920s.	n in	Examiner Only Marks Remark
		1		
		2		
			_ [4]	
(c) ((i)	Why did the American economy grow in the 1920s?		
			_ [6]	

			-	
 		 	-	
 		 	-	
			-	
 		 	-	
 		 	_	
			-	
			-	
 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	-	
		Γ/	-	
 		[;	9]	

) B	elow is a list c	of words lin	ked to the \	Nall S	Street Crash:		
(Confidence	On the Margin	Stockbrok	cer	Black Thursday	Speculation	
	atch each wo e space provi					our answer in	
(i)	Day when to collapsed	the value o	f shares		Black Thu	rsday	
(ii) Person who and selling		d buying			[1]
(ii	i) Feeling tha USA would		y in the			[1]
(iv	Buying sha 90% of the	•	•			[1]
(v) Buying sha gain	res for sho	ort-term			[1]
) (i)		Give one reason why F.D. Roosevelt won the election for President in 1932.					

	(ii)	Describe one effect of the Wall Street Crash on each of the following:	Examine Marks	er Only Remark
		Investors in shares:		
		Banks in the USA:		
		[4]		
(c)	(i)	Why were farmers and sharecroppers badly affected by the Great Depression?		
		[6]		

		[0]	
		[9]	

9	This	s questio	n is about Roo	osevelt and the	New Deal.		
	(a)	Below is	a list of words l	inked to the Ten	nessee Valle	ey Authority (TV	/A):
		Dams	Mississippi	Soil Erosion	Tourism	New Industrie	s
				correct descript first one has be		•	n
		(i) State the T	e that benefited VA	from	Missis	ssippi	
		` '	by the TVA to o	•			[1]

(iii) Major problem in the Tennessee Valley before the TVA

(iv) Became an important source of

(v) Moved to the Tennessee Valley as a result of the work of

the TVA

income in the Tennessee Valley ______[1]

(b) (i) Give one reason why unemployment in the USA was affected by

World War Two between 1939 and 1941.

_____[1]

Examin Marks	er Only Remark	

(ii)	Describe two ways in which agriculture and the lives of farmers were affected by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration (AA	
	1	
	2	
		_
		[4]
(i)	Why did different groups and individuals in the USA oppose the New Deal?	3
		_
		_
		_
		[6]

,	 			
	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			 [9]	
			[○]	

Section B

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer two questions from your chosen option.

Option 4: Peace, War and Neutrality: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1932–1949

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 10 This question is about Anglo-Irish Relations up to the outbreak of World War Two in September 1939.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to Anglo-Irish Relations up to the outbreak of World War Two:

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

	(i)	Country which does not take part in a war	Neutral	-
	(ii)	First President of Éire		[1]
	(iii)	Prime Minister of Northern Ireland in 1938		₋ [1]
	(iv)	British Prime Minister in 1938		[1]
	(v)	Leader of the Éire government in 1938		_ [1]
(b)	(i)	Give one term of the Anglo-Irish	Agreements of 1938.	
				[2]

	(ii)	Describe two effects of the Anglo-Irish Agreements of 1938.	Examin	er Only
	` '		Marks	Remark
		1		
		2		
		[4]		
		. .		
(c)	(i)	Why did an Economic War break out between Britain and the Irish		
` ,	` ,	Free State in 1932?		
		[6]		

 	 	
	 	
 	[9]	

11 This question is about the Effects of World War Two on Northern Ireland and Éire.

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

(a) Below is a list of words linked with the experience of war, 1939–1945:

James Winston Magennis Churchill	Operation Sealion	Ballykelly	U-boat	
-------------------------------------	----------------------	------------	--------	--

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i)	Airbase in Northern Ireland during World War Two	Ballykelly	
(ii)	German submarine		[1]
(iii)	Sailor from Northern Ireland who won the Victoria Cross		[1]
(iv)	German plan to invade Britain in 1940		[1]
(v)	British Prime Minister in May 1940		[1]

(b) (i)	Give one way in which Northern Ireland's agriculture helped the British war effort.	
		2]

(ii)	Describe one effect of each of the following on the lives of print in Northern Ireland:	people	Examiner Only Marks Remark
	Blackouts:		
	Rationing:		
(c) (i)	Why was Belfast so badly affected by the Blitz of 1941?		
		[6]	

 	 	 	
	 	 	
 		[9]	

							_
	-	ement tlee	John Costello	Aneurin Bevan	Sir Basil Brooke	Lord Beveridge	
					tion and write een done for y	your answer in	
	(i)	His report the Welfa	helped to in re State	ntroduce —	Lord Bev	eridge	
	(ii)		nister of Brita d the Welfar			[1]
	(iii)	Minister o	f Health in E	Britain		[1]
	(iv)	Unionist letthe Welfa	eader who d re State	opposed —		[1]
	(v)	Taoiseach	n of Éire in 1	949		[[1]
(b)	(i)	Give one and 1949	-	life in Éire wa	as difficult betv	veen 1945	
							- 2]
	(ii)			of the Declara e and Great B		public of 1949 c	on
		1					-
							-

(i)	Why did the government of Éire declare a Republic in 1949?	Examiner Marks R
		_
		_
	-	_
		_
		_
		[6]
(ii)	How did the Welfare State affect the lives of people in Northern Ireland?	
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		[9]

Option 5: Changing Relationships: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1965–1985

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 13 This question is about Northern Ireland in the 1960s and its Relations with the Republic of Ireland.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to events in Northern Ireland in the 1960s:

B Specials Bombing Campaign	Reverend Ian Paisley	Cardinal Conway	Visits
-----------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------	--------

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

- (i) Part-time police force resented by nationalists

 B Specials
- (ii) Used by O'Neill to improve relations with nationalists ______[1
- (iii) Leader of Ireland's Catholics ______[1]
- (iv) Carried out by the UVF in 1969 _____ [1]
- (v) Unionist leader _____[1
- (b) (i) Give **one** reason why O'Neill wanted to improve the economy in Northern Ireland in the 1960s.

(ii) Describe two ways in which the economy of Northern Ireland improved in the 1960s.		Examiner Only Marks Rema
	1		
	2		
		_ [4]	
(c) (i)	Why did O'Neill want to improve relations with nationalists in Northern Ireland and with the Republic of Ireland?		
		_ [6]	

	[9]	
	[0]	

14 This question is about the Escalation of Political and Civil Unrest.

(a) Below is a list of words linked to events in Northern Ireland between 1969 and 1972:

Official IRA	Britain	Republic of Ireland	Social Democratic and Labour Party (SDLP)	Alliance Party
-----------------	---------	---------------------	---	-------------------

Examiner Only Marks Remark

[2]

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

	(i)	Political party led by Oliver Napier	Alliance Party	_
	(ii)	Republican organisation		_ [1]
	(iii)	Nationalist party in Northern Ireland which opposed internment		_ [1]
	(iv)	Country which introduced Direct Rule to Northern Ireland		_ [1]
	(v)	Country which shared a border with Northern Ireland		_ [1]
(b)	(i)	Give one reason why some national supported the Provisional IRA.	onalists in Northern Ireland	

(ii)	Describe two responses to the events of Bloody Sunday, 1972		Examiner Only Marks Remark
	1		
	2		
	2		
		[4]	
(c) (i)	Why did nationalists oppose internment?		
(C) (I)	wity did flationalists oppose interninent:		
	·	[6]	

 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		
 	 	[9]	

•	72 and 19		s linked to events	on Northern ne	iana between
S	inn Féin	Brighton	Power-Sharing Assembly	Hillsborough	Democratic Unionist Party (DUP)
			e correct descrip ne first one has b	•	
(i)		ent set up in 1973	in Northern	Power-Sharing	Assembly
(ii)		where the Annent was si	•		[1
(iii	Politica power-s		ch opposed —		[1
(iv	,	l group whi nger Strikes	ch supported		[1
(v)		vhere an IR largaret Th	A bomb almost atcher		[1
b) (i)	Give or Strike o		vhy many nation	alists supported	I the Hunger

Marks Remark [Turn over

1	
2	
[4]	
(c) (i) Why did many unionists oppose the Anglo-Irish Agreement of 1985?	
[6]	

(ii) How did unionists and nationalists in Northern Ireland responsible introduction of power-sharing in 1973 and 1974?	nd to Examiner Onl Marks Rema
the introduction of power-sharing in 1975 and 1974:	
·	
	[9]
THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER	-