

71
Candidate Num

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2012

History

Unit 1: Studies in Depth

Foundation Tier

[GHY11]

THURSDAY 7 JUNE, MORNING



TIME

2 hours.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page and on any additional sheets. Answer **four** questions: **two** questions from your chosen option in Section A **and two** questions from your chosen option in Section B.

If needed, you can ask for more sheets to finish your answers. Please attach these sheets to your booklet using the tag supplied.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in part (c) of all questions.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

For Exa	miner's only
Question Number	Marks
1	
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5	
6	
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8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	

Total	
Marks	

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Answer four questions only.

Section A

Answer **two** questions from **your chosen option**.

OPTIONS	Pages
Option 1: Germany, 1918–1941	4–10
Option 2: Russia, c1916–1941	11–19
Option 3: United States of America, 1918–1941	20–28
Section B	
Answer two questions from your chosen option.	
Option 4: Peace, War and Neutrality: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1932–1949	29–36
Option 5: Changing Relationships: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1965–1985	37–45

Section A

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer **two** questions from **your chosen option**.

Option 1: Germany, 1918-1941

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 1 This question is about the Aftermath of World War One and the Weimar Republic.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to the Weimar Republic:

Reichstag Proportion Represen		Coalition	Armistice
----------------------------------	--	-----------	-----------

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) The end of the fighting in **Armistice** World War One (ii) Allowed the German President to make decisions without consulting anyone [1] (iii) Voting system in the Weimar Republic [1] (iv) German parliament [1] (v) Government made up of more than one political party [1] (b) (i) Give one way in which the Weimar Republic was challenged by violent opposition between 1919 and 1923.

(ii) Describe two effects of the hyperinflation crisis of 1923 on Germany.	Examiner Only Marks Remark
	1	
	2	
(c) (i)	Why was the Treaty of Versailles unpopular with the people of Germany?	
		[6]

I۰۰	anget of the Deproceion, 1929, January 1922		
	npact of the Depression, 1929–January 1933 ctions of Hitler and the Nazis, 1929–January 1933?		
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		[9]	
		[0]	

	eauty of bour	Strength Through Joy	RAD	Trade Unions	Rearmament
Match each word to the correct descr the space provided. The first one has					
(i)	Improved workplace	d conditions in G ces	Serman –	Beauty of	Labour
(ii)	Provided young m	d work for unemp en	oloyed –		[1
(iii)	Banned	by the Nazis in 1	1933 _		[1
(iv)	Provided German	l leisure activities workers	s for –		[1
(v)	Created	new jobs in facto	ories _		[1
(i)	Give one in June 2	•	tler ordere	ed the Night o	of the Long Knives
					[2
(ii)		e two ways in wh of Germans bet			opaganda to contro
	1				
	2				
					[4]

(c)	(i)	Why did Hitler and the Nazis want to control the lives of each of the following:	Examiner Only Marks Remark
		JewsWomen?	
		[6]	
	(ii)	How did the policies of the Nazis affect the lives of young people in Germany between 1933 and 1939?	
		[9]	

_			T	T			
		eration rbarossa	Appeasement	Stalin	France	Munich Conferen	ice
			ord to the correct vided. The first or				in
	(i)	Country in 1940	nvaded by Germa	iny —	France	<u> </u>	
	(ii)	German i	nvasion of the US	SSR —			[1]
	(iii)		nd British policy Sermany until 39				[1]
	(iv)	Meeting to	o decide the futur detenland	re			[1]
	(v)	Leader of	the USSR in 194	1			[1]
(b) ((i)	Give one	reason why Hitle	r wanted t	o take over A	Austria in 193	38.
	(ii)	Sudetenla	two actions carrie and in 1938.	·			
		1					

(c)	(i)	Why did Hitler and the Nazis want to take over each of the following:		Examin Marks	er Only Remark
		Poland, 1939USSR, 1941?			
			_		
	(ii)	How did Hitler break the Treaty of Versailles between 1933 and 1936?	t		
			_		
			_		
			_		
			_		
			[9]		

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 4 This question is about the End of Tsarism and the 1917 Revolutions.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to Tsarina Alexandra:

|--|

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) Only son of Tsarina Alexandra

Alexis

(ii) Country where Tsarina Alexandra was born

[1]

(iii) Holy man who had much influence over Tsarina Alexandra

[1]

(iv) Serious illness from which Tsarina Alexandra's son suffered

[1]

(v) Surname of the ruling family of Russia

[1]

(b) (i) Give **one** reason why there was a revolution in Russia in February 1917.

[2

	(ii)	Describe two effects of the Kornilov Revolt, August 1917.		Examin	er Only
	` ,			Marks	Remark
		1			
		2			
			[4]		
(c)	(i)	Why did each of the following weaken the Provisional			
. ,		Government:			
		 Continued involvement in World War One 			
		Policy on land?			
		•			
			[6]		

The Russian army	
The Russian army The lives of the Russian people?	
[9]	

		ow is a list o lussia:	f words linked	to the early	/ months of	Bolshevik rule	
	Bre	est-Litovsk	Sovnarkom	Land Decree	Cheka	Socialist Revolutionary Party	
			rd to the correded. The first o			your answer in you.	
	(i)	Name giver Bolshevik g			Sovnark	som	
	(ii)	to keep land	ng the peasant d seized from Tsar in 1917			[1]	
	(iii)	Place where treaty was s March 1918	signed in			[1]	
	(iv)	•	on the electio November 19			[1]	
	(v)	Bolshevik s set up in De	ecret police ecember 1917			[1]	
b)	(i)		eason why the n January 191		closed dow	n the Constituent	
						[2]	

(i	i) Describe two effects of War Communism on the economy and the lives of people in Russia in 1921.	d on	Examiner Only Marks Remar
	1		
	2		
		_ [4]	
(c) (i) Why did the Red Army win the Civil War in Russia by 1921?		
		_ [6]	

Peasants	
Workers?	
[9]	

a)	Belo	ow is a list	of words linked	to Collectiv	isation in the U	JSSR:	
		bour imps	Motor Tractor Stations	Kulaks	Kolkhoz	Ukraine	
			ord to the correct vided. The first o	•	•		
	(i)		remote areas wh s of Stalin were ork	nere	Labour Cam	ps	
	(ii)		e USSR which ed a famine in 1	932		[1]	
	(iii)	Name for	a collective farm	l		[1]	
	(iv)	Supplied collective	machinery to the farms			[1]	
	(v)		asants who resistempts to introdusation			[1]	
b)	(i)	Give one in 1941.	reason why the	USSR was	invaded by Ge	ermany	
						[2]	

	(ii)	Describe two actions taken by Stalin to improve industry in the USSR between 1928 and 1941.)	Examiner Only Marks Remark
		1		
		2		
			_ [4]	
(c)	(i)	Why was Stalin able to become ruler of the USSR by 1929?		
			_ [6]	

		[0]	
		_ [○]	

Option 3: United States of America, 1918–1941

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 7 This question is about the United States of America (USA) in the 1920s.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked to the role of the cinema in the 1920s:

Hays Code	Clara Bow	Talkies	Hollywood	Star System
-----------	-----------	---------	-----------	----------------

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) Centre of the film industry in the 1920s

Hollywood

(ii) New type of film that began in 1927

[1]

(iii) System of creating film stars in the 1920s

[1]

(iv) Introduced to keep high moral standards in all films

[1]

(v) Famous female film star in the 1920s

[1]

(b) (i) Give **one** reason why the USA's relations with Europe changed after 1920.

	(ii)	Describe two ways in which immigrants faced hostility in the U in the 1920s.	ISA	Examiner Only Marks Remark
		1		
		2		
(c)	(i)	Why was Prohibition difficult to enforce in the USA during the 1920s?		
			_ [6]	

T1			
The eco	onomy e of Americans?		
Lilottyit	or Americane.		
		101	
		[9]	

1)		ow is a lis pression:	t of words link	ced to the	experiences of fa	armers in the	
		er- oduction	Oklahoma	Tariffs	Hawley-Smoot Act	Sharecropper	s
					cription and write as been done for y	•	
	(i)	Taxes pu USA	ut on imports	to the	Tariffs	<u> </u>	
	(ii)		for the continuce of food in t				[1]
	(iii)		ing it more di ers to export tl				[1]
	(iv)		ere many farr ns in dust stor				[1]
	(v)	Farmers grow cro	who rented la	and to			[1]
b)	(i)		reason for the trin Novembe	-	of Roosevelt in th	ne election for	

unemployed in the USA, 1929–1932. 1	
2	
2	
2	
2 (i) Why did some groups in the USA not benefit from the econor boom of the 1920s?	
(i) Why did some groups in the USA not benefit from the econor boom of the 1920s?	[4] [4] mic
(i) Why did some groups in the USA not benefit from the econor boom of the 1920s?	[4] [4] mic
(i) Why did some groups in the USA not benefit from the econor boom of the 1920s?	[4] nic
(i) Why did some groups in the USA not benefit from the econor boom of the 1920s?	mic
boom of the 1920s?	
boom of the 1920s?	
	[6]
	_ [0]

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		_	
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		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		_	
		[9]	

	Na	ntional	10.7				
	Re	ecovery Iministration	Wagner Act	Blue Eagle	Liberty League	Social Security Act	
		ch each word space provide				your answer in you.	
	(i)	Agency set u workers' righ			ational Re Administr		
	(ii)	Law legalisin	ng trade unic	ons		[1]	
	(iii)	Organisation to improve w				[1]	
	(iv)	Symbol used part in the No	-	king		[1]	
	(v)	Law giving s pensions to				[1]	
b)	(i)	Give one reathe USA between			reduced u	nemployment in	
						[2]	

(11)	Describe two effects of the New Deal agencies on the lives of t unemployed in the USA between 1933 and 1939.	NE Exam	niner C
	1		
	2		
		[4]	
(i)	Why did each of the following oppose the New Deal in the USA between 1933 and 1939:		
	The Supreme CourtHuey Long and Dr Francis Townsend?		
		[6]	

/	Agriculture	
F	People living in the countryside?	
	3	
	[9]	

Section B

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer two questions from your chosen option.

Option 4: Peace, War and Neutrality: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1932–1949

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 10 This question is about Anglo-Irish relations up to the outbreak of World War Two in September 1939.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked with The Economic War:

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) Irish farmers were encouraged to grow this

Sugar Beet

(ii) Leader of the Irish Free State in 1932

[1]

(iii) Taxes placed by Britain on Irish exports

[1]

(iv) Year in which the Economic War began

[1]

(v) Worth £5 million a year to Britain

[1]

(b) (i) Give one reason for the Anglo-Irish Agreement of 1938.

_ [2]

(ii)	Describe two terms of the Anglo-Irish Agreement of 1938.	Examir Marks	ner Only Rema
	1	Warks	Kema
	2		
	[4	·]	
c) (i)	Why did each of the following respond differently to the outbreak of World War Two in 1939:		
	North our Indone		
	Northern IrelandÉire?		
	[6	51	
	•	•	

	[9]	

11	This question is about the Effects of World War Two on Northern
	Ireland and Éire.

Examin	er Only
Marks	Remark

(a) Below is a list of words linked with the Battle of Britain:

Operation Sealion	RAF	Radar	Spitfire	"Britain's Finest Hour"
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Match each word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) Slogan used by Churchill during "Britain's Finest Hour"

- (ii) Helped to spot enemy aircraft [1]
- (iii) Hitler's plan to invade Britain [1]
- (iv) British fighter plane [1]
- (v) Britain's air force [1]
- (b) (i) Give one way in which the Government of Éire helped Northern Ireland during the Belfast Blitz of 1941.

	(ii)	Describe one way in which each of the following prepared to		Examin Marks	er Only Remark
		defend itself against invasion:		Marko	rtomark
		Great Britain North are Iroland			
		Northern Ireland.			
		1			
		2			
			_ [4]		
(0)	/i\	Why were agriculture and industry in Northern Iroland importar	\ +		
(6)	(i)	Why were agriculture and industry in Northern Ireland importar to the war effort?	ıı		
					
			[6]		

[0]	
[○]	

	is question is about Post-War Social and Political Changes. Below is a list of words linked to the establishment of the Welfare State:									
	Old Age Pension		Family Allowance	Housing Trust	Unemployment Benefit	Aneurin Bevan				
	Match each word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.									
	(i)		of Health in B e NHS was int		Aneurin Bevan					
	(ii)	Benefits children	[1]							
	(iii)	Governn people o	[1]							
	(iv)	Benefits	for people ove	er 65		[1]				
(b)	(v)	Organisa housing	[1]							
	(i)	orthern								
	(ii)				eople in Northern Ir Ifare State in 1945.					
		1								
		2								

(c)	(i)	Why did the standard of living in Northern Ireland differ from Ébetween 1945 and 1949?	Examiner On Marks Rem	
			[6]	
	(ii)	How did the Declaration of the Republic and the Ireland Act, 1949, change relations between each of the following:		
		Britain and ÉireBritain and Northern Ireland?		
			_ [9]	

Option 5: Changing Relationships: Britain, Northern Ireland and Ireland, 1965–1985

Examiner Only

Marks Remark

Answer any **two** questions. You should answer all parts of the question.

- 13 This question is about Northern Ireland in the 1960s and its Relations with the Republic of Ireland.
 - (a) Below is a list of words linked with events in Northern Ireland in the 1960s:

Ian Paisley Cross	coads Cardinal	Five Point	
Election	Conway	Programme	

Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) Attempt by O'Neill to gain more support in 1969

Crossroads Election

(ii) Key demand of civil rights campaign

[1]

(iii) Unionist leader

[1]

(iv) Catholic leader who met O'Neill

[1]

(v) Set of reforms promised by O'Neill

[1]

(b) (i) Give **one** reason why O'Neill wanted to improve relations with Northern Ireland nationalists in the 1960s.

(11)	Describe two actions taken by O'Neill to improve the economy Northern Ireland in the 1960s.	of	Examiner C
	1		
	2		
		_ [4]	
(i)	Why did many unionists oppose the Civil Rights movement in Northern Ireland in the 1960s?		
		_ [6]	

	[9]	

	Br	ian	Provisional	Hunt		Secretary			
		ulkner	IRA	Report		of State	Britain		
			ord to the corvided. The fire					in	
	(i)		litician in char rn Ireland und le		Se	ecretary of S	State		
	(ii)	Paramilita in 1970	ary group form	ned				[1]	
	(iii)	Prime Mir Ireland in	nister of North 1972	ern				[1]	
	(iv)	•	vhich brought orthern Irelan					[1]	
	(v)	Report on Northern	the police in Ireland					[1]	
(b)	(i)		reason why v ner of 1969.	riolence ir	ncreas	ed in Northe	rn Ireland i	n	
								_ [2]	

(ii)	Describe two ways in which nationalists responded to the ever of Bloody Sunday in January 1972.	nts Examine Marks
	1	
	2	_
		_
		_ [4]
(i)	Why did unionists support the introduction of internment in Aug 1971?	gust
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_
		_ [6]

		[0]	
		[a]	

15 This question is about The Search for a Solution.

(a) Below is a list of words linked with events in the search for a solution:

Dublin and Monaghan Sinn Féin	The Democratic Unionist Party (DUP)	Gerry Fitt	Margaret Thatcher
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Match **each** word to the correct description and write your answer in the space provided. The first one has been done for you.

(i) Leader of the SDLP at the time of the Power Sharing Executive

Gerry Fitt

(ii) Party led by the Reverend lan Paisley

[1]

(iii) Places bombed by loyalists in 1974

[1]

(iv) British Prime Minister at the time of the Brighton Bombing

[1]

(v) Nationalist party which opposed the Anglo-Irish Agreement

[1]

(b) (i) Give **one** reason why the Hunger Strikes took place in 1980 and 1981.

	(ii)	Describe two effects of the Hunger Strikes of 1980 and 1981.		Examiner Only
		1		Marks Remark
		2		
(c)	(i)	Why did many unionists oppose the Anglo-Irish Agreement of 1985?		
			_ [6]	

(ii) li	n what ways did unionists react to power-sharing in Northern reland in 1973 and 1974?		Examine Marks	er Only Remark
-				
-				
-				
-				
-				
-				
-				
-				
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-				
-		_ [9]		
THIS	IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER			



