Surname			Othe	er Names			
Centre Number				Candida	ate Number		
Candidate Signatu	ire						

For Examiner's Use

General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2007

GEOGRAPHY (SPECIFICATION B) Paper 2 Higher Tier

3032/2H



Monday 11 June 2007 1.30 pm to 3.30 pm

For this paper you must have:

- the insert (enclosed)
- a ruler.

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 2 hours

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. You may use pencil for maps, diagrams and graphs.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 120.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - present relevant information in a form and style that suits its purpose
 - ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
- An LEDC is a Less Economically Developed Country.
- An MEDC is a More Economically Developed Country.

Advice

• You are advised to spend no more than 30 minutes on **Section A**.

For Examiner's Use				
Question	Mark	Question	Mark	
1		3		
2		4		
Total (Column 1)				
Total (Column 2)				
TOTAL				
Examiner'	's Initials			

M/Jun07/3032/2H **3032/2H**

SECTION A

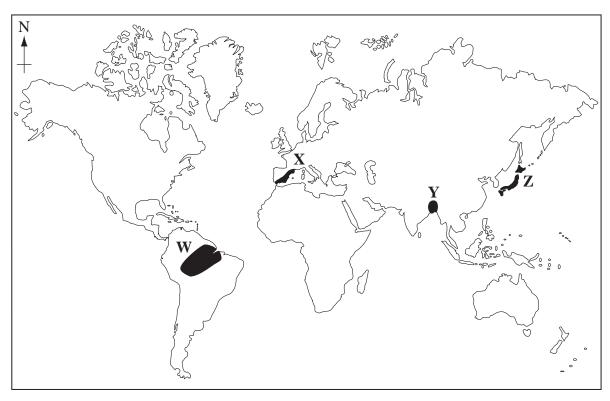
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Total for this question: 30 marks

1 Study **Figure 1**, the world map.

Figure 1



(a) Areas marked **W**, **X**, **Y** and **Z** shown on the map in **Figure 1** all have connections with global warming.

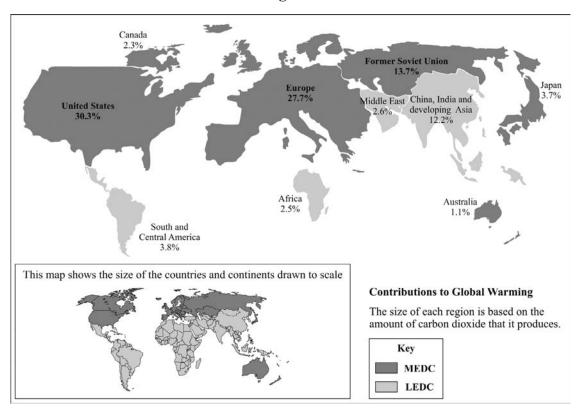
Match each letter to the correct area in the table below.

An area with summer droughts that are becoming more severe
An industrial area with many industries emitting greenhouse gases
A lowland area likely to be flooded with rising sea levels
An area with widespread deforestation at present

(3 marks)

(b) Study **Figure 2** which shows the contributions made to global warming by different parts of the world.

Figure 2

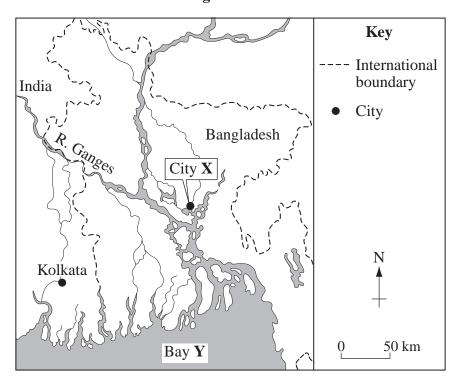


(i)	What do the two maps the United States to glo	in Figure 2 suggest about bal warming?	ut the contribution of	Europe and
				(1 mark)
(ii)	_	g percentages is approxim DCs? Circle the correct a	•	on made to
	20%	30%	40%	(1 mark)
(iii)	Give one reason why A	Africa produces so little c	arbon dioxide.	
				(1 mark)

(c) Study **Figure 3**, a map of the Ganges Delta.

high

Figure 3



(1)	Name the following:	

City X	 •••••
Bay Y	
•	(2 marks)

(ii) Complete the following paragraph about the monsoon climate by choosing the correct words from the list below.

low

	winter	north east	south west
The Gange	s Delta experiences	s heavy monsoon rain in	due
to the stron	ıg	winds blowing from t	he
pressure ar	rea over the sea.		(3 marks)

summer

(iii) The following statements show rice farming activities during the year in the Ganges Delta.

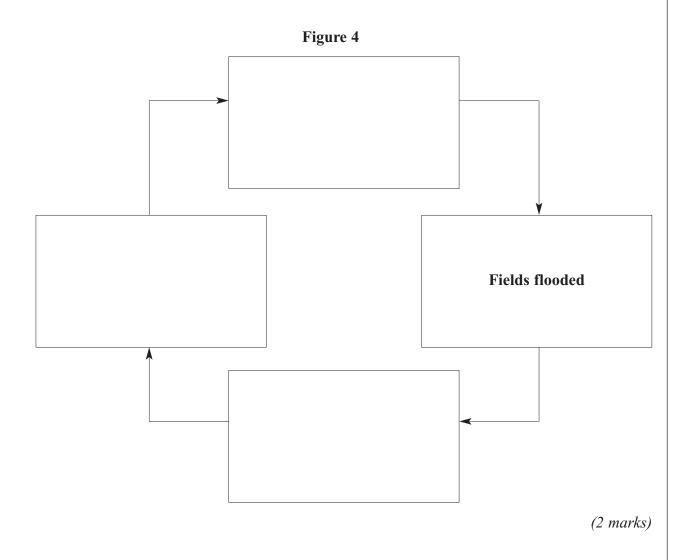
Complete **Figure 4** by writing each statement in the correct box. One has been done for you.

Fields flooded

Crop harvested

Rice seeds planted in nursery beds

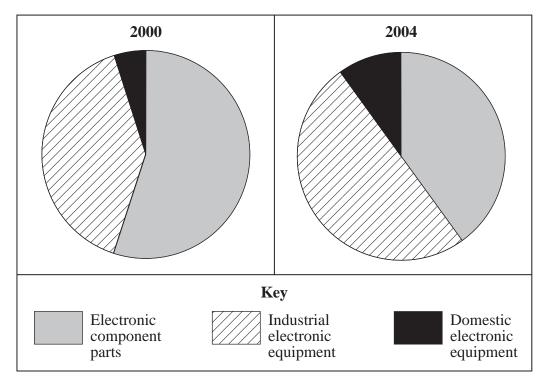
Seedlings transplanted into padi fields



Question 1 continues on the next page

(d) Study Figure 5 which shows electronics production in Japan in 2000 and 2004.

Figure 5



(i)	Compare electronics production in Japan in 2000 with that in 2004.
	(3 marks)
(ii)	Name one Japanese Transnational Corporation (TNC) which produces motor vehicles.
	(1 mark)

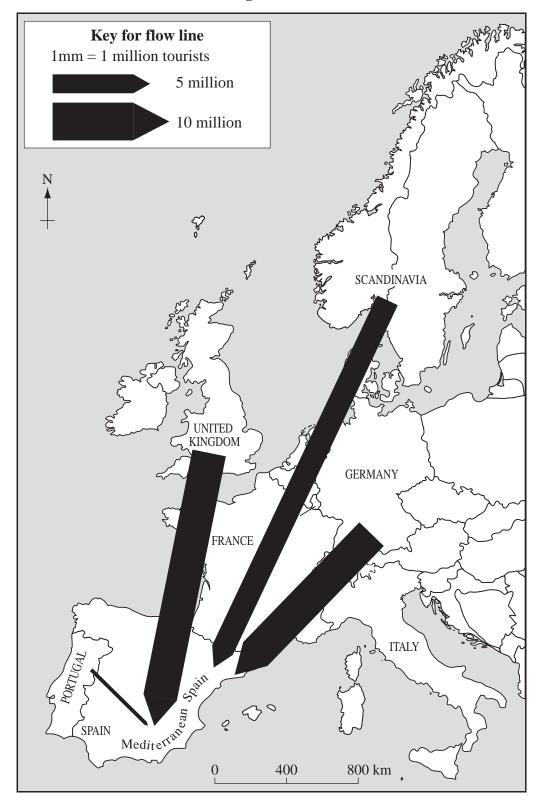
(iii)

Some Japanese TNCs have moved production of motor vehicles to European Union (EU) countries.
Explain why some Japanese TNCs are investing in the EU.
(4 marks)

Question 1 continues on the next page

(e) Study **Figure 6** which shows the origins of tourists to Mediterranean Spain.

Figure 6



i)	Three million touris			
	On the map, Figure	e 6, draw the flow line	for Italy.	(1 mark)
i)	Explain the pattern	of tourist movement sh	nown by your com	pleted map.
			•••••	
	•••••			
				(4 marks)
i)	-	below by matching the		ourist areas in
	-	below by matching the n. Choose each correc Torremolinos		ourist areas in
)	Mediterranean Spai	n. Choose each correc	t name from the li	ourist areas in st below.
)	Mediterranean Spai	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li	ourist areas in st below.
,	Mediterranean Spai Benidorm	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in st below.
)	Mediterranean Spai Benidorm Tourist Area	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in st below.
)	Benidorm Tourist Area Costa Brava	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in st below.
)	Benidorm Tourist Area Costa Brava Costa del Sol	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in st below.
	Benidorm Tourist Area Costa Brava Costa del Sol Costa Dorada	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in st below.
	Benidorm Tourist Area Costa Brava Costa del Sol Costa Dorada	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in ast below. Lloret de Mar
	Benidorm Tourist Area Costa Brava Costa del Sol Costa Dorada Costa Blanca	n. Choose each correct Torremolinos	t name from the li Salou	ourist areas in ast below. Lloret de Mar

Turn over for the next question

M/Jun07/3032/2H **Turn over ▶**

30

SECTION B - THE EUROPEAN UNION

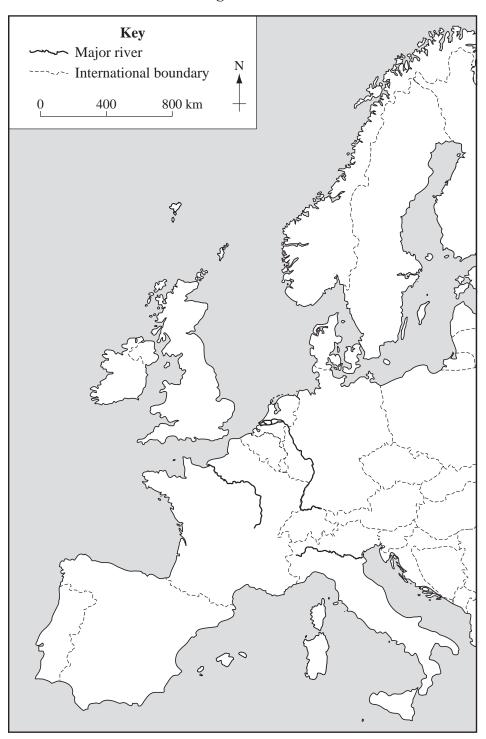
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Total for this question: 30 marks

2 (a) Figure 7 is a map of Europe.

Figure 7



(i)	On the map, Figure 7 , mark with conurbations.	vith an arrow and name one of the following		
	Rotterdam/Europoort	The Ruhr conurbation		
	The Paris region	The Milan/Turin/Genoa triangle (1 mark)		
(ii)	Choose one of the above conurba considered to be part of the core of	tions. Explain why your chosen conurbation is of the European Union (EU).		
	Name of conurbation			
		(4 marks)		

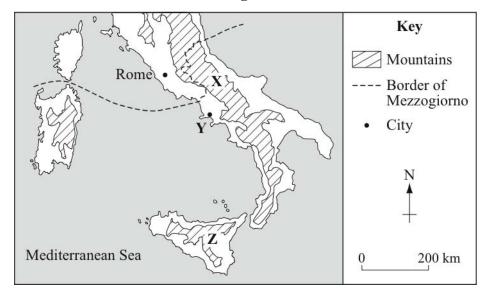
Question 2 continues on the next page

]	Name the conurbation that you have studied
(Choose one of the above issues, or another that you have studied
]	Describe what has been done to solve this planning issue.
•	
•	
٠	
٠	

(b) The Mezzogiorno is on the periphery of Europe.

Study Figure 8, a map of the Mezzogiorno.

Figure 8



(i)	Name	the	foll	owin	g:

Mountains X	
City Y	
Island Z	
	(3 marks)

Question 2 continues on the next page

			••••••		
	•••••	•••••			
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••			
	•••••	•••••			
	••••				
					(6 ma
matic factor	which has	s led to t	he growth	h of tourisn	n in Mediterran
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	matic factor	matic factor which has	matic factor which has led to t	matic factor which has led to the growt	matic factor which has led to the growth of tourism

(c)

l	Explain the problems and benefits that tourism has brought to the economy of Mediterranean Spain.
٠	
٠	
•	
٠	
٠	
٠	
•	

SECTION C - THE WIDER WORLD

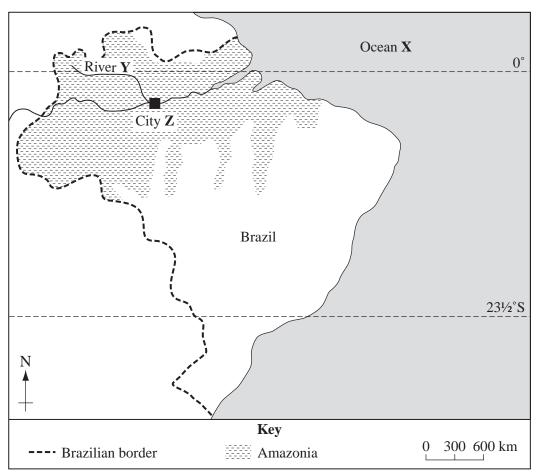
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Total for this question: 30 marks

3 Study **Figure 10**, a map of Amazonia in Brazil.

Figure 10



	/ \	3. T	. 1	C 11	
1	(a)	Name	the	tall	lowing:
М	а	ranic	uic	101	lowing.

Ocean X	
River Y	
City Z	
	(3 marks)

(b) (i) Study **Figure 11** which shows temperature statistics for a weather station in Amazonia.

Figure 11

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Temperature in °C	27	27	27	26	26	25	25	26	26	27	27	26

	Explain the features of the temperature of Amazonia as shown in Figure 11.
	(4 marks)
(ii)	Traditional farming in Amazonia is a type of subsistence farming called 'shifting cultivation' (slash and burn).
	Explain why shifting cultivation is an example of sustainable development.
	(2 marks)

Question 3 continues on the next page

1	Describe the ways in which recent developments in Amazonia have affected the environment and the people in this part of Brazil.
,	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	
•	

	(9 marks)

Question 3 continues on the next page

(c) Study **Figure 12a** which shows the distribution of the motor vehicle industry in Japan, and **Figure 12b** which shows the distribution of the electronics industry in Japan.

Figure 12a

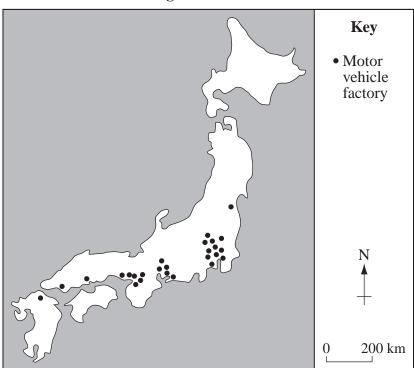
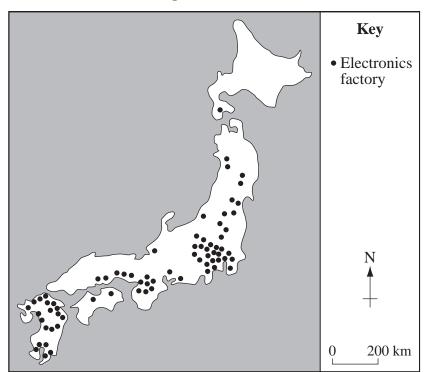


Figure 12b



(1)	concentration of motor vehicle factories.	
	(2 marks))
(ii)	Using Figure 12a and Figure 12b , compare the distribution of the Japanese motor vehicle industry with that of the Japanese electronics industry.	
		· •
		•
		. •
		•
		•
		. •
		. •
	(4 marks	
	(4 marks)	/

Question 3 continues on the next page

d)	With reference to a named area(s), explain how the environment of Japan has been polluted by industrial production.
	(6 marks)

30

SECTION D - GLOBAL ISSUES

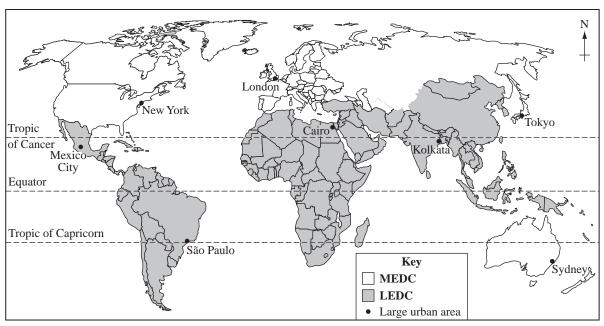
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Use your case studies to support your answers where appropriate.

Total for this question: 30 marks

4 (a) Study Figure 13, a world map showing large urban areas.

Figure 13



(i)	Name one large urban area shown on Figure 13 which has experienced rapid population growth in recent years.
	(1 mark)
(ii)	What is the meaning of the term 'urbanisation'?
	(2 marks)

Question 4 continues on the next page

	LEDCs.
	(4 mar
Stud	y Figure 14 , on the insert, a squatter settlement in an LEDC.
•••••	

(9 marks)

Question 4 continues on the next page

(c)	Study Figure	15	which	shows	information	about aid.
-----	--------------	----	-------	-------	-------------	------------

An graph showing the relationship between GNP and Aid has been removed for reasons of copyright. Please refer to the printed paper.

(i)	How much aid in US\$ is provided by Germany?
	(1 mark)
(ii)	What does the graph show about the amount of aid given in US\$ compared with the aid given as a percentage of GNP (Gross National Product)?

(iii)	Describe the difference between short-term aid and long-term aid.
	(4 marks)
(iv)	Suggest one way in which an international aid donor could encourage sustainable development in another country.
	(1 mark)

Question 4 continues on the next page

(d)	Explain what is being done to reduce global warming and to manage its consequences.
	(6 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COPYRIGHT-HOLDERS AND PUBLISHERS

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements in future papers if notified.

Question 1 Figure 2: World Resources Institute, Washington DC. http://climate.wri.org/globalwarmingmap-pub-3982.html

Question 2 Figure 9: David Waugh

Question 4 Figure 14: Charles Coates. Impact Photos

Question 4 Figure 15: from GCSE Geography for AQA Specification B by Janet Helm, Arthur Robinson. Reprinted by permission of Harcourt Education.

Copyright © 2007 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

copyright @ 2007 / Q/1 and its i

30

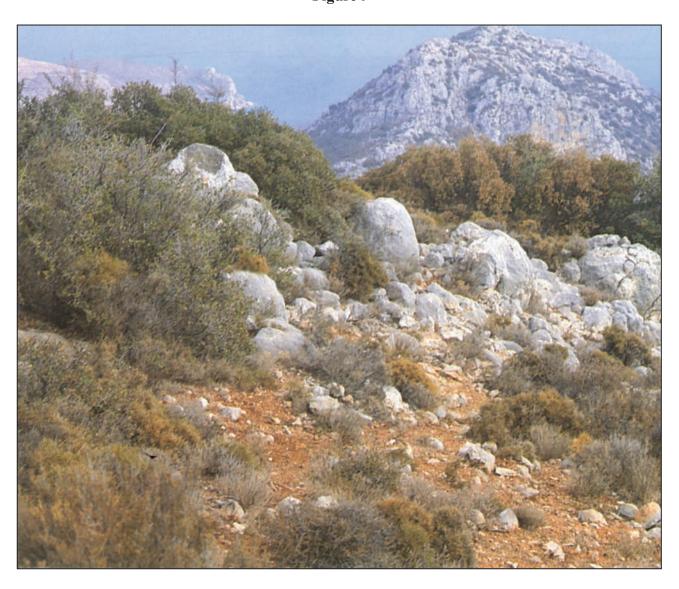
GCSE Geography (Specification B)

3032/2H



Insert

For use with Question 2 Figure 9



For use with Question 4 Figure 14

An image showing a Brazilian shanty town has been removed for reasons of copyright. Please refer to the printed paper.