Surname				Other	Names			
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Candidate Signature								

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General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2004

GEOGRAPHY (SPECIFICATION A) Foundation Tier Paper 1

3031/1F



Monday 7 June 2004 9.00 am to 10.45 am

In addition to this paper you will require:

- the Ordnance Survey map extract (enclosed);
- the insert (enclosed).

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. You may use pencil for maps, diagrams and graphs.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
 - SECTION A Skills

Answer **ALL** questions

- <u>SECTION B</u> People and the Natural Environment Answer <u>THREE</u> questions only
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want marked.
- If you need extra paper, use the Supplementary Answer Sheets.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- Mark allocations are shown in brackets.
- You will be assessed on your ability to:
 - present relevant information in a form and style that suits its purpose;
 - ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate;
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
- LEDC is a Less Economically Developed Country.
- MEDC is a More Economically Developed Country.

F	or Exam	iner's Us	е		
Number	Mark	Number	Mark		
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
Total					
(Column 1)					
Total -> (Column 2)					
TOTAL					
Examin	er's Initia	als			

SECTION A

Answer ALL questions.

1			Total for t	his question:	13 marks
	(a)	Stud	y Figure 1, the Ordnance Survey map extract of Darlington	n in north east	England.
		(i)	Tick the correct box for each statement to show if it is tru	ie or false.	
				True	False
	The .	A1(M)) motorway is located east of Darlington.		
			Skerne, named in grid square 3118, flows south arlington.		
	The j	princij	oal railway station is mostly located in grid square 2914.		
(3 m					(3 marks)
		(ii)	What is the distance by rail from Dinsdale railway station the principal railway station in Darlington?	in grid squar	e 3413 to
					(2 marks)
		(iii)	Study the following grid squares: 2615, 2913, 3011, 3017	, 3115.	
			Complete the following table by choosing the correct grid description.	square for eac	ch correct
			Description	Grid Square	
			An area of mainly terraced housing close to the railway		-
			An area with more modern housing		
			An industrial area on the outskirts of the town		
			On the edge of the town, partly used as a golf course		
			On the edge of the town, partly used as a golf course] (4 marks)

(iv)	Describe the land uses and other features in grid square 2613.
	(4 marks)



Total for this question: 7 marks

Study Figure 2, a street atlas extract of Darlington, and Figure 3, on the insert, an aerial photograph of part of the central area of Darlington.

Figure 2 Street map of Darlington, Crown Copyright. Has not been reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.

2

The	The road marked X on Figure 3 is St Cuthbert's.						
(a)	(i)	What is the building marked Z on Figure 3 ?					
		(1 mark)					
	(ii)	Name the road marked Y on Figure 3 .					
		(1 mark)					
	(iii)	In which compass direction was the camera facing when the photograph was taken?					
		(1 mark)					
(b)	Darl	gest why square A2 on Figure 2 is the Central Business District (city centre) of ington. evidence from the map and photograph in your answer.					
	•••••						
	•••••						
	•••••						
	•••••	(4 marks)					



Total for this question: 5 marks

3

Study Figure 4, which shows an age profile of housing in Darlington.

Age of house	Percentage of housing
Pre 1919	17%
1919–1944	27%
1945–1960	14%
1961–1980	21%
1981–2001	21%

Figure 4

(a) Complete the graph shown in **Figure 5**, using the information in **Figure 4**. The first one has been done for you.

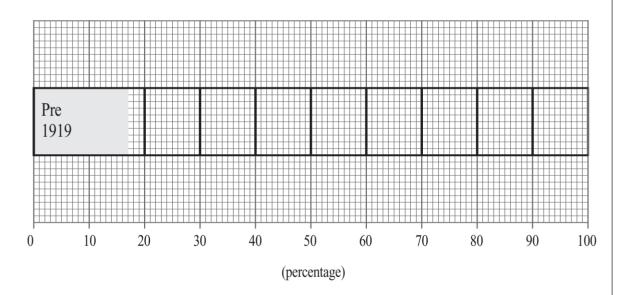


Figure 5

(3 marks)

What does Figure 5 suggest about the growth of Darlington?)
(2 marks)	



NO QUESTIONS APPEAR ON THIS PAGE

SECTION B

Answer THREE questions only from this section.

1	Tect	onic A	Activity Total for this question: 15 marks
	(a)	Stud in 19	y Figure 6 , on the insert, which shows the effects of the eruption of Mount St Helens 80.
		(i)	Using Figure 6, give three effects of the eruption on the natural environment.
			1
			2
			3
			(3 marks)
		(ii)	Using Figure 6 , explain how the eruption may have affected the local people.
			(4 marks)

(b) Mount St Helens is part of the Cascade Range of young fold mountains. Complete the sentences below to explain how fold mountains are formed. Choose the correct words from the list.

	eroded	sandstone	apart	plate boundaries
	together	deposited	ocean ridges	granite
	Fold mountains are	formed along		Over millions of
	years, thick sedime	nts were		in huge depressions. The
	sediments were con	npressed into solid ro	cks such as	
	The plates moved		, forcing	the rocks upwards into
	fold mountains.			(4 marks)
(c)	Describe the huma	ın activities in an area	of young fold mountain	ns that you have studied.
				(4 marks)

 $\left(\frac{}{15}\right)$

S NUCKS and Landscape	5	Rocks	and	Landscapes
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Total for this question: 15 marks

(a) Study **Figure 7**, a fact file on a sand and gravel quarry at Ingham in Suffolk.

Figure 7 Fact file on a sand and gravel quarry in Ingham, Suffolk. 'Finding out about Quarries'; Grahame Middleton; Hobson's Publishing. Has not been reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.

(i) Which rock type is quarried at Ingham?Tick one box.

Igneous

Metamorphic

Sedimentary

(1 mark)

(ii)	Using Figure 7, describe the disadvantages of Ingham Quarry.
	(4 marks)

(b) **Figure 8** shows the different uses of the land at Ingham Quarry. Complete the pie chart in **Figure 8**, using the information in the key for storage and machinery.

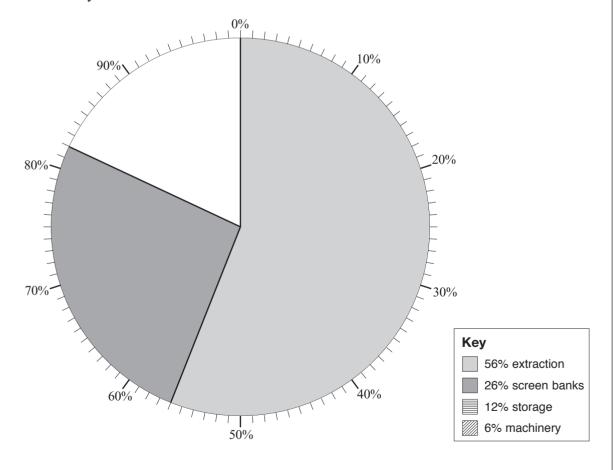


Figure 8

(3 marks)

(c)	Frost shattering (or fre	eze thaw) breaks down or wea	thers rocks such as granite.						
	shattering takes place.								
	layers	0°C	expands						
	joints	contracts	minus 5°C						
	Rocks such as granite have many								
	and when temperatures fall to below, the water turns to ice								
	and, making the crack wider. When temperatures rise, the ice								
	melts. Repeated freezing and thawing increase the size of the cracks until blocks of								
	rock break off.		(21.)						
<i>(</i> 1)			(3 marks)						
(d)	Describe the physical i	features of a granite landscape	you have studied.						
			(4 marks)						



NO QUESTIONS APPEAR ON THIS PAGE

6 River Landscapes and Processes

Total for this question: 15 marks

Study Figure 9, which shows the formation of an oxbow lake.

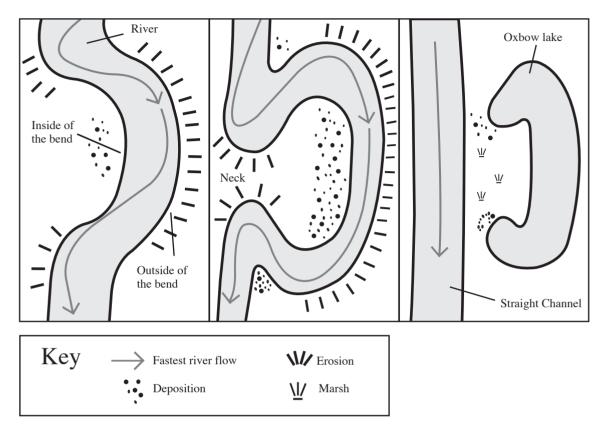


Figure 9

(a)	Using the labels on Figure 9 , complete the sentences below to explain how an oxbow lake is formed.
	Erosion on the of the bend of a meander and deposition
	on the inside make the meander wider and the
	gets narrower. Often during a flood, the river breaks through, creating a channel and
	seals off the old meander to form an oxbow lake. (4 marks)
(b)	Describe the causes of a river flood that you have studied.
	(4 marks)

QUESTION 6 CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE

(c)		y Figure 10 , on the insert, which shows a map of the restoration works on the River ne in Darlington.
	(i)	Using Figure 10 , give three changes that have taken place along this section of the River Skerne.
		1
		2
		3
		(3 marks)
	(ii)	Explain the advantages that the restoration scheme may bring to the area.
		(4 marks)



(a)	Stud	y Figure 11 , on the insert, a p	hotograph which	shows part of the La	ke District
(a)					Ke District.
	(i)	In the space below, draw a si	imple sketch of th	e photograph.	
					(2 marks
	(ii)	On your sketch, correctly lab	bel the following f	features:	
		corrie and tarn lake	ribbon lak	e arête	
		corre and tarn rake	1100011 lak	arete	(3 marks

	(iii)	ii) Choose one of the features in the list in (ii) and explain how it was formed.		
		Name of feature:		
		(4 marks)		
(b)	Study Distr	y Figure 12 , which shows information about the erosion of a footpath in the Lake ict.		
		Figure 12 Table which shows information about the erosion of a footpath in the Lake District, from 'GCSE Geography for AQA Specifications B', Janet Helm, Arthur Robinson, Harcourt Education Ltd. Has not been reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.		
	(i)	Using Figure 12 , describe one change to the footpath between 1993 and 1995.		
		(2 marks)		

(ii)	Describe how the problems of footpath erosion may be reduced.
	(4 marks)



8 Coastal Landscapes and Processes

Total for this question: 15 marks

(a) Study **Figure 13**, which shows a planned coastal defence scheme for Lyme Regis in Dorset.

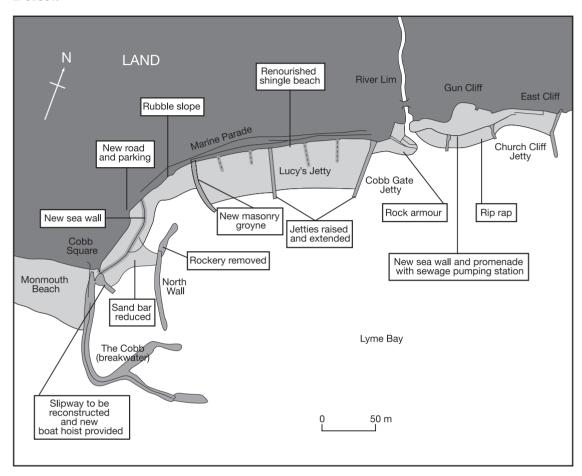


Figure 13

(i)	Using Figure 13 , give three different ways in which the planned scheme may help to reduce coastal erosion.
	1
	2
	3
	(3 marks)

(ii)	Explain how the scheme in Figure 13 may benefit tourists visiting the coastline.
(iii)	Suggest one disadvantage that the scheme may bring.
	(1 mark)

QUESTION 8 CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE

(b) Study **Figure 14**, which shows a cross-section of a headland with cliffs and caves.

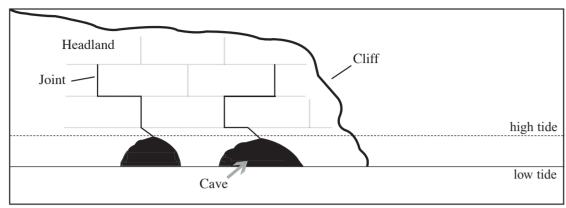


Figure 14

(i)	In the space below, draw and label a diagram(s) to show how a stack may develop at the end of the headland.	p

(4 marks)

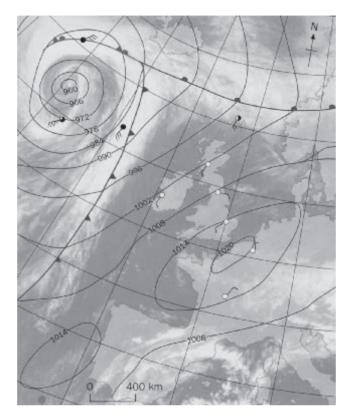
(ii)	Explain how hydraulic power and corrasion will help to create the stack.		
	(3 marks)		

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$

9 Weather and Climate

Total for this question: 15 marks

(a) Study **Figure 15**, a synoptic chart for June 10th.



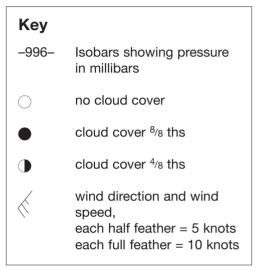


Figure 15

(i) On Figure 15, add the following labels in the correct places.

	warm sector	cold front	pressure	(3 marks)
(ii)	What is the lowest press	are shown on the char	t?	
				(2 marks)

(iii)	(iii) Using Figure 15 , complete the following paragraph to describe the ty weather of an anticyclone.	
	An anticyclone is an area of high pressure, in this case over	
	millibars. The winds are light because of the	
	pressure gradient. Winds blow in a	
	direction. There is no cloud cover so the	
	weather is dry.	
	(3 marks)	
(b) (i)	Describe the causes of a drought that you have studied.	
	(3 marks)	

QUESTION 9 CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE

ii)	Explain the effects of the drought that you have written about in people.	(i) on the local
		(4 marks)



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10 Ecosystems

(i)

Total for this question: 15 marks

(a) Study Figure 16, which shows a plan to protect an area of tropical rainforest in Brazil.

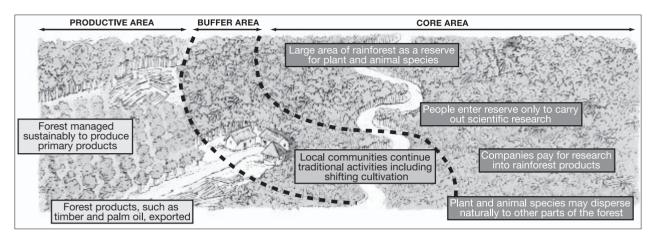


Figure 16

Give three features of the plan for the core area shown in Figure 16 .
1
2
3
(3 marks)

	Describe	me auvamages	of the plan shown	in Figure 16 for the local people.
	•••••			
				(4 marks)
(iii)	Complete managed.		below to explain w	Thy the tropical rainforest needs to be
	Choose tl	he correct word	ds from the list.	
		flooding	formation	furniture
		erosion	pollution	money
	The tropic		•	money because it is very fragile. Removing the
	-	cal rainforest ne	eeds to be managed b	•
	trees cau	cal rainforest ne	eds to be managed b	because it is very fragile. Removing the
	trees cau	cal rainforest ne	eeds to be managed b	because it is very fragile. Removing the
	trees cau	cal rainforest ne	eeds to be managed b	pecause it is very fragile. Removing the
	riverresources	cal rainforest ne	eeds to be managed b	pecause it is very fragile. Removing the
	riverresources	cal rainforest ne	eeds to be managed b	pecause it is very fragile. Removing the

(b) Figure 17 shows an area of savanna (tropical) grassland.

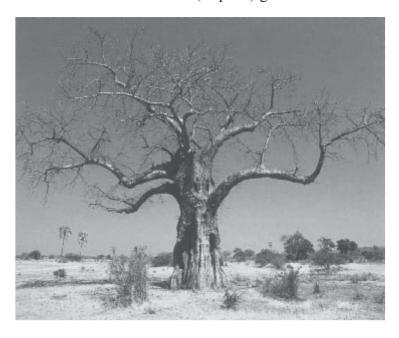


Figure 17

(1)	What is the term used for a long dry season?
	(1 mark)
(ii)	Explain how the trees in savanna areas can survive the long dry season.
	(4 marks)

 $\left(\frac{}{15}\right)$

END OF QUESTIONS

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