



Monday 15 June 2015 – Morning

GCSE ENVIRONMENTAL AND LAND-BASED SCIENCE

B682/02 Plant Cultivation and Small Animal Care (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

- Pencil
- Ruler (cm/mm)
- Calculator

Duration: 1 hour



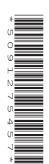
Candidate forename				Candidate surname				
Centre numb	per				Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The quality of written communication is assessed in questions marked with a pencil ().
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 50.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



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Answer **all** the questions.

1 Some fruits and vegetables were tested for their magnesium content.

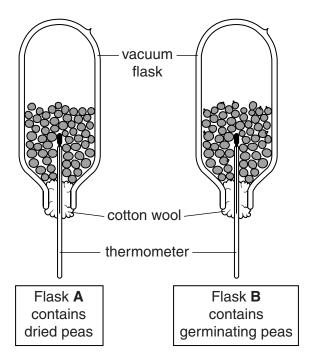
The table shows the results of tests performed in 1930 and in 1980.

	Magnesium content (arbitrary units)					
	1930	1980				
Carrots	12	3				
Peas	30	34				
Tomatoes	11	7				
Bananas	42	34				
Strawberries	12	10				

(a)	Describe now plants take in nutrients such as magnesium.
	[2]
(b)	Calculate the percentage increase in the magnesium content of peas between 1930 and 1980.
	Answer% [2]
(c)	, ,
	[2]
	[Total: 6]

2 A student was investigating germination in pea seeds.

The diagrams show how she set up her investigation.



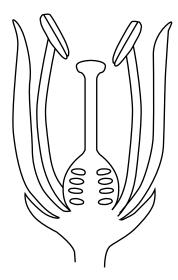
(a) She left the vacuum flasks, A and B, in identical conditions for three days.

	Explain your answer.	
		[2]
		·· [-]
(b)	A friend suggested that changes in room temperature may have affected her results.	
	Do you agree? Explain your answer.	
	Do you agree: Explain your answer.	
		[1]

Suggest what will have happened to the temperature in flasks A and B after three days.

	[Total: 5]
	[2]
	Suggest what the student could do to break seed dormancy.
	What is meant by seed dormancy?
	Her teacher suggested that the seeds may be dormant.
	Unfortunately none of her seeds germinated.
(c)	Another student did a similar investigation using seeds of a different plant.

3 The diagram shows a vertical section through a flower.



Plants can be self-pollinated or cross-pollinated.

Describe the differences between self-pollination and cross-pollination.

Explain how plants are adapted to prevent self-pollination and encourage cross-pollination.

The quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer.								
 [6]								

[Total: 6]

4 Different varieties of apple have different characteristics.

The table shows information about four different varieties of apple, A, B, C and D.

	Variety of apple						
	Α	В	С	D			
Colour	green	red	green	red			
Resistant to disease	no	yes	no	no			
Large fruit	yes	no	no	no			
Sweet fruit	yes	no	no	yes			

(a)	Some	varieties	of apple	are disease	resistant.
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The allele for disease resistance is recessive (r).

Apple variety **A** was crossed with apple variety **B**.

Fifty percent (50%) of the F1 generation were disease resistant.

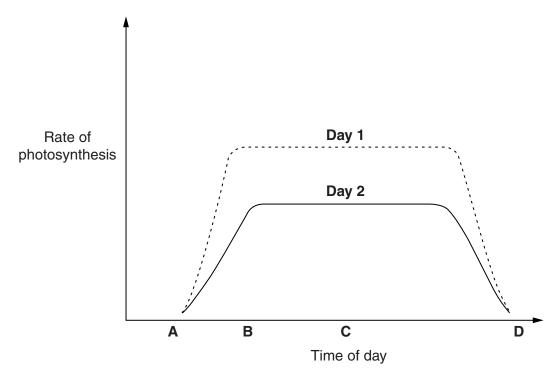
Complete the genetic diagram below to show this cross.

	Gametes of a	pple variety A
Gametes of		
apple variety B		

		[3]
(b)	The different characteristics of these apple varieties could have arisen by mutation.	
	What is meant by the term mutation and suggest one possible cause of mutation.	
		[2]
	[Total	: 5]

5 The rate of photosynthesis of an outdoor plant was measured on two different days.

The graph shows how the rate of photosynthesis changed.



(a)	Which	letter	represents	the	time	of da	v when	dawn	hannens?
(a)	VVIIICII	ICILCI	ICDICOCIIIO	เมเษ	เทาเษ	uı ua	v wiieii	uawii	Happens:

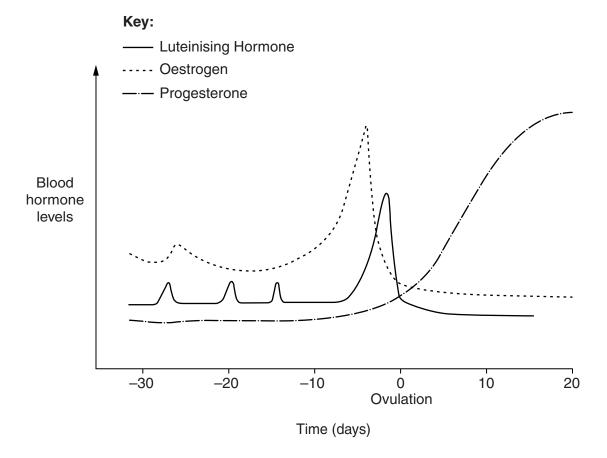
Α	
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Tick (✓) one box only. [1]

(b) Suggest why the graphs for Day 1 and Day 2 are different.

[Total: 3]

6 The graph shows the changes in some hormone levels during oestrus in dogs.



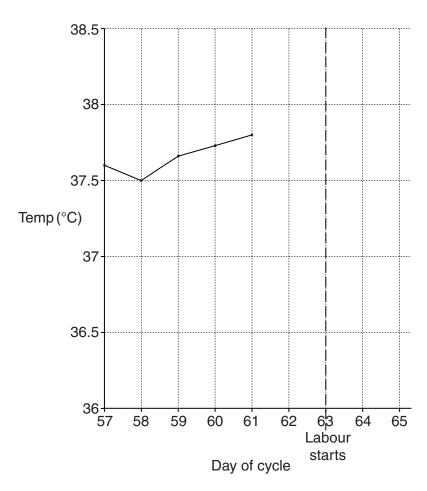
	ro		
(a)	a) Describe the changes in hormone levels that stimulate ovulation in dogs.		

(b) The gestation period for dogs is 63 days.

Twenty-four hours before labour, a dog's body temperature will have increased to $38.5\,^{\circ}$ C. During the next twenty-four hours the dog's temperature drops sharply to $36.6\,^{\circ}$ C.

A dog's owner is monitoring a dog's temperature.

Complete the graph below to show the temperature changes that should occur before the dog goes into labour.



[2]

(c) The birthing process is similar in most small mammals.

For a dog, or other small mammal that you have studied: Describe and explain what happens to the mother animal in the few hours immediately after giving birth to her young.

The quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer.
Name of small mammal:
[6]
[Total: 10]
[Total: To]

7 The label shows the ingredients in a dry dog food.

Doggo Bites

Ingredient/Nutrient:

High-Quality Protein Wholesome Grains Omega 3 & 6 Fatty Acids Calcium, Phosphorus and Vitamin A

Helps support:

Healthy Muscle Development Energy for an Active Life Shiny Coat, Healthy Skin Strong Bones and Teeth

Also

Whole carrots, sweet potatoes and peas are three of the nutrient-rich vegetables that your dog will get in every bite

(a)	This food contains roughage (fibre).
	Give two reasons why roughage is important in the diet of small animals.
	[2]
(b)	Dogs are carnivores so in the wild they would not naturally eat some of the ingredients shown on the label.
	Suggest how wild dogs might obtain these ingredients.
	[2]

(c) The table shows the amount of food that different breeds of dog need each day.

Breed	Mass of an adult dog (kg)	Amount of dry food (cups per day)
Miniature Poodle	12.5 to 25	$\frac{1}{2}$ to 1
Cocker Spaniel	25 to 50	1 to 2
Labrador	50 to 75	2 to 3

(i) One cup of food weighs 200 g.

Calculate the daily amount of dry food, in grams per kilogram of dog, for an adult Labrador.

	Answer grams per kilogram of dog [1]
(ii)	An owner carefully weighs out the dry dog food every day.
	What is the name given to this type of feeding?
	State an advantage of this type of feeding.
	Type of feeding
	Advantage
	[2]
	[Total: 7]

8 The photograph shows a pedigree guinea pig.



The owner of this guinea pig would like to take him to a show.

Describe with reasons the health and safety requirements and the legal requirements when transporting any small mammal.

-	The quality of written communication will be assessed in your answer.
	[6]
	• •

[Total: 6]

9 The photograph shows an example of poor housing for a rabbit.



State two risks associated with poor nousing for rabbits.	
	•••••
	[2
	<u>L</u> —,

[Total: 2]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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