

2520U10-1 - NEW AS

ECONOMICS – Unit 1Introduction to Economic Principles

A.M. MONDAY, 16 May 2016

1 hour 15 minutes plus your additional time allowance

Surname		
Other Names		
Centre Number		
Candidate Number 2		

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Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded	
1-15	15		
16	4		
17	6		
18	8		
19	14		
20	8		
Total	55		

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper, you will need a calculator.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

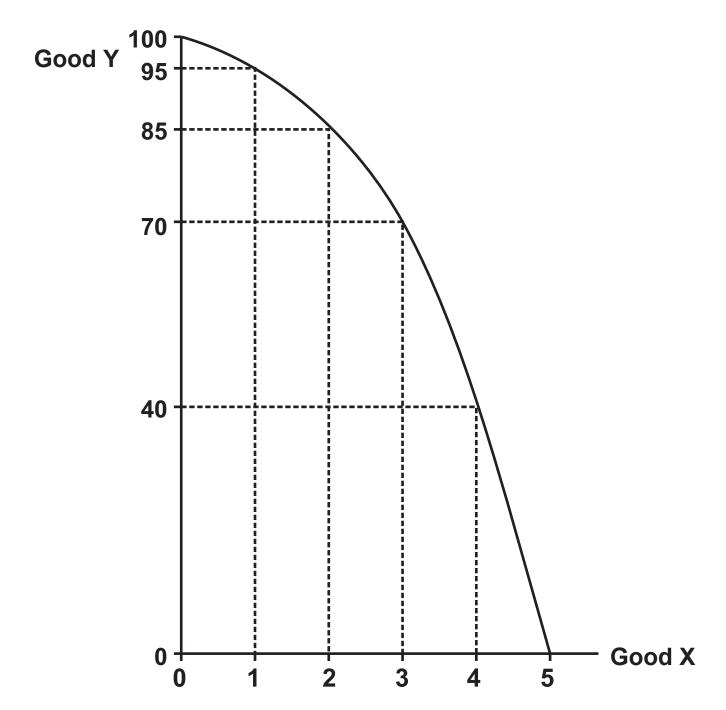
Use black ink, black ball-point pen or your usual method.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the front cover.

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided in this booklet. You may use continuation paper on pages 34 and 35 if necessary, taking care to number the continuation correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.



SECTION A

Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided.

1. The economy opposite produces only two goods, X and Y. The opportunity cost of increasing the production of X from 3 to 4 units is: [1]

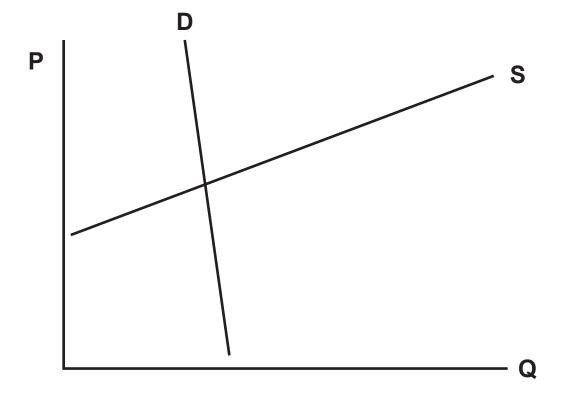
		ANSWER
		TICK ONE BOX ONLY
A	100Y	
В	55Y	
С	45Y	
D	40Y	
E	30Y	

2.	In the circular flow of income model, GI be most likely to increase if there was:	OP would [1]
		ANSWER
	TICK ONE	BOX ONLY
A	a fall in savings	
	•	
В	a fall in exports	
С	a fall in government enonding	
C	a fall in government spending	

D	a fall in investment	
F	a rise in imports	

3. High rates of personal income tax are thought to have a disincentive effect on work. This refers to the likelihood that the high tax rates will: [1]

ANSWER TICK ONE BOX ONLY encourage illegal tax evasion Α by individuals discourage consumer spending B lead to a reduction in the supply C of labour lead to a reduction in emigration D decrease the demand for labour E



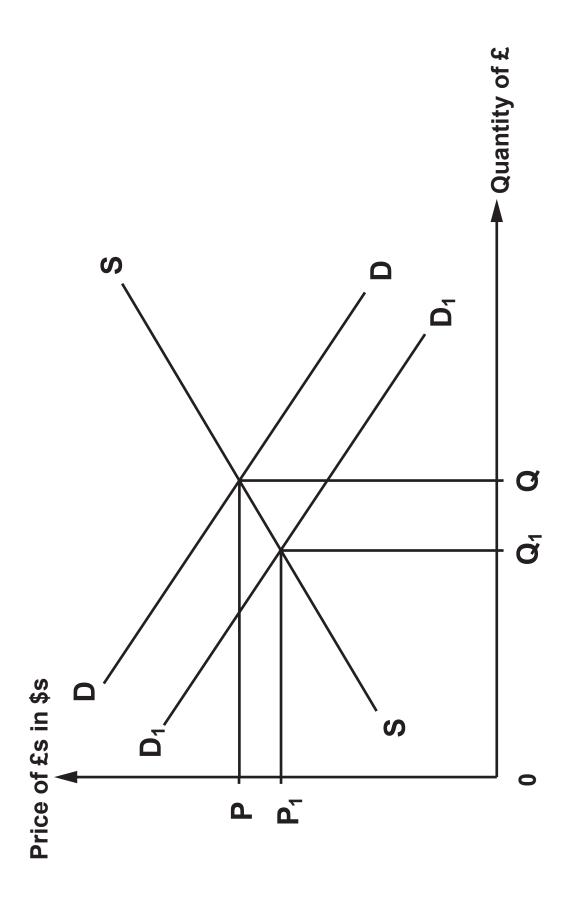
4.	The diagram opposite shows a demand and supply curve for a product.		
	If the Government were to impose a specific unit tax on the product then the burden of tax would fall: [1]		
	AN	SWER	
	TICK ONE BOX	ONLY	
A	equally between suppliers and consumers		
В	mainly on consumers		
С	mainly on suppliers		
D	entirely on consumers		
E	entirely on suppliers		

5. The excess demand created by a maximum price imposed below the free market equilibrium will be greatest if: [1]

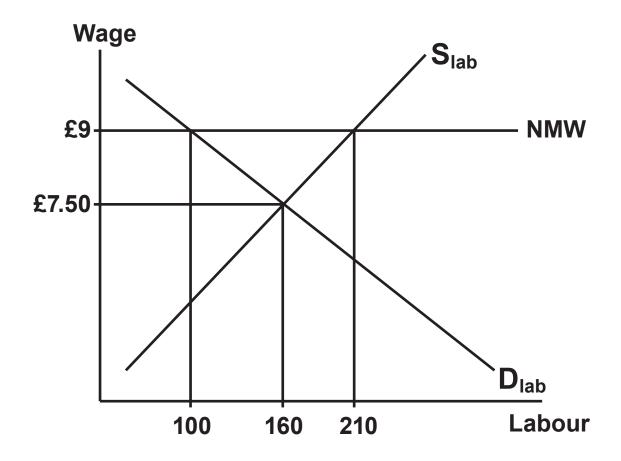
ANSWER

TICK ONE BOX ONLY

A	demand is price inelastic and supply is perfectly price inelastic	
В	demand and supply are price elastic	
С	demand and supply are price inelastic	
D	demand is price elastic and supply is price inelastic	
E	demand is price inelastic and supply is price elastic	



6.	The diagram opposite shows the movement of the UK exchange rate against the US dollar (from P to P1). [1]	
	One reason for this could be that:	
	ANSWER	₹
	TICK ONE BOX ONLY	′
A	the Bank of England has increased interest rates	
В	there is a significant drop in UK export sales	
С	inflation rates soar in the US	
D	the UK experiences a housing market boom	
E	business confidence falls in the US	



7. Calculate the number of people from the diagram opposite who have lost their jobs as a direct result of the National Minimum Wage (NMW) being increased from £7.50 to £9. [1]

		ANSWER
		TICK ONE BOX ONLY
A	210	
В	160	
С	100	
D	60	
E	50	

Nationwide House Price index.

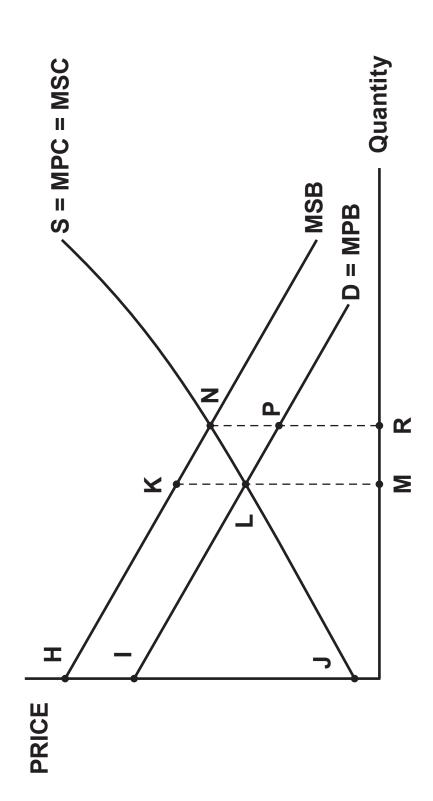
Quarter	Index (Q1) 1993=100
Q1 2014	355.3
Q2 2014	372.1
Q3 2014	376.7
Q4 2014	377.0
Q1 2015	376.2
Q2 2015	387.5

	•••	
8.	Nationwide House Price index.	
	It can be concluded from the table opposite	that: [1]
	AN	ISWER
	TICK ONE BOX	ONLY
A	house prices rose throughout the period shown	
В	house prices rose by approximately 3% in the 2nd quarter of 2015	
С	the supply of houses must have fallen over the period given	
D	house prices rose by 32.2% on average between Q1 2014 and Q2 2015	
E	house prices were on average 387.5% higher in Q2 2015 than they were in Q1 1993	

9. Product X is price elastic in demand and is an inferior good. It also has a close substitute in the form of product Z. Possible elasticities in this case might be: [1]

ANSWER
TICK ONE BOX ONLY

	Price elasticity of demand for X	Income elasticity of demand for X	Cross elasticity of demand between X and Z	
A	-0.7	-0.6	-1.1	
В	-0.7	+0.6	+1.1	
С	-1.4	-0.6	-1.1	
D	-1.4	-0.6	+1.1	
E	-1.4	+0.6	-1.1	



10. The diagram opposite shows the market for a merit good. Which area represents the welfare loss which would occur if it was supplied in a free market economy? [1]

		ANSWER
		TICK ONE BOX ONLY
A	KLN	
В	LNP	
С	IJL	
D	HJN	
E	LMRP	

11. A sudden large rise in consumer spending in an economy would be most likely to cause: [1]

ANSWER

TICK ONE BOX ONLY

	Economic growth	Inflation	Trade balance	Budget (Fiscal) balance	
A	Rise	Fall	Worsen	Worsen	
В	Fall	Fall	Improve	Improve	
С	Rise	Rise	Worsen	Improve	
D	Rise	Rise	Improve	Worsen	
E	Rise	Rise	Worsen	Worsen	

12. A decrease in the price of a particular good, with all other variables staying constant, causes: [1]

ANSWER

	TICK ONE BOX	ONLY
A	a shift to a different demand curve with a higher quantity demanded	
В	a shift to a different demand curve with a lower quantity demanded	
С	a movement along a given demand curve to a lower quantity demanded	
D	a movement along a given demand curve to a higher quantity demanded	
E	no movement along a given demand curve	

Which of the following will be most likely to result **13.** from an increase in labour productivity in an economy: [1] **ANSWER** TICK ONE BOX ONLY Α a decrease in output and an increase in inflation an increase in output and a В decrease in inflation an increase in exports and an C increase in inflation a decrease in exports and an D increase in inflation Ε a decrease in output and a decrease in inflation

14. Consumption within an economy will be most

	likely to rise if: [1]	
	A	NSWER
	TICK ONE BO	X ONLY
Α	asset prices rise	
В	income taxes rise	
С	consumers do not expect pay rises next year	
D	government spending on benefits is cut	
E	interest rates rise	

15. The market for potatoes is initially in equilibrium.

At the same time as floods hit potato growers,
new research is published into the health
problems associated with eating crisps and chips.
Which of the following is the most likely outcome?

[1]

ANSWER
TICK ONE BOX ONLY

				_
	Supply	Demand	Price	
A	Shifts left	Shifts left	Impossible to tell	
В	Shifts left	Shifts right	Rises	
С	Shifts right	Shifts left	Falls	
D	Shifts left	Shifts left	Falls	
E	Shifts right	Shifts right	Impossible to tell	

SECTION B

Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided.

16. According to the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), the civil war in Ukraine has caused severe damage to industrial capacity and infrastructure in recent years, as well as a large number of civilian deaths.

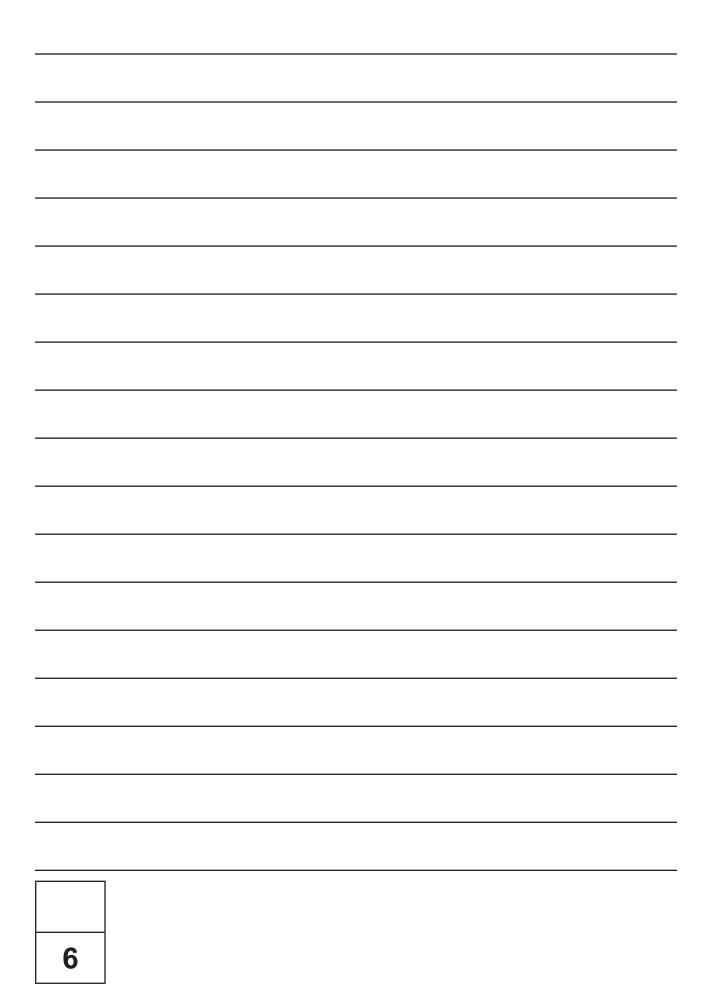
Explain what has happened to the Ukrainian economy as a result of the civil war. Illustrate your answer using a production possibility diagram. [4]

(Draw your diagram in the space below).

17. Suppose the price elasticity of demand for luxury yachts is equal to zero. Explain, with the use of a diagram, what the effect of imposing an indirect tax would be on the price, quantity sold and tax revenue gained from the sales of luxury yachts.

[6]

(Draw your diagram in the space below).

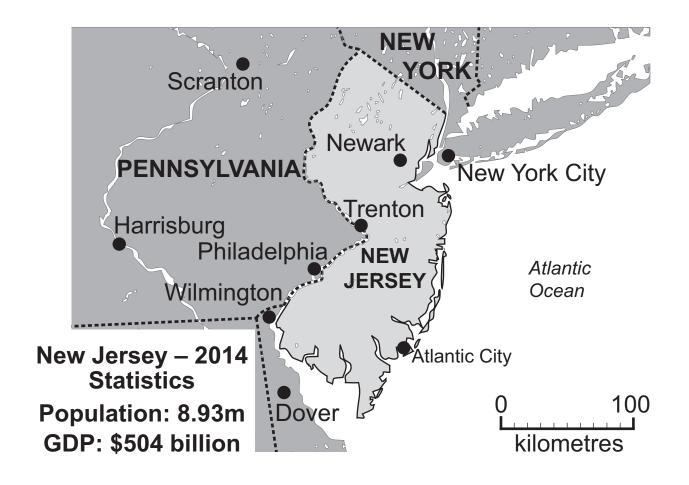


18. In 2014 the Financial Conduct Authority (the FCA) set a limit on the interest rate that 'payday lenders' (such as Wonga) could charge on their lending to consumers. During the financial crisis, many consumers struggled to borrow money from traditional sources such as high street banks.

High street banks such as Lloyds and Barclays may charge anything between 4 and 14% annual interest on a typical loan. Payday lenders, however, have charged 1000% annual interest or more. The FCA believed it necessary to intervene in the payday loans market by limiting the interest rate on lending to a maximum of 290% annually.

High debt levels have long been associated with social issues such as pushing people into poverty, causing mental health issues such as stress and depression and even as a cause of crime.

To what extent could the payday lending market be considered to demonstrate market failure before the FCA intervened? [8]



In 2014, tourism in New Jersey accounted for \$36.4bn of its GDP. In addition, tourism generated \$4.6bn of tax revenue (\$1.4bn of which was VAT).

About 500,000 jobs, nearly 10% of New Jersey's total, are in the tourism industry. Nearly half of all the tourism spending is at the "Shore" – a local reference to the state's vast 127 miles of beach. The last few years have seen strong tourist seasons in New Jersey; sunny weather combined with lower travel costs has been attracting large numbers of beachgoers from New York, Pennsylvania and further away. As a result, holiday accommodation prices have increased by 9% between 2014 and 2015.

(a) Using the figures opposite, calculate: (i) New Jersey's GDP per person in 2014; (ii) the percentage of New Jersey's GDP that came from tourism. [1]	19.	is on	is one of the USA's smallest states. It is, however, the eighth-wealthiest US state by GDP per person.			
(ii) the percentage of New Jersey's GDP that	(a)	Usin	g the figures opposite, calculate:			
		(i)	New Jersey's GDP per person in 2014;	[1]		
		(ii)				

19(b)	Using a diagram, and with reference to the data, explain why holiday accommodation prices have increased between 2014 and 2015. [4]
	(Draw your diagram in the space below).

19(c) Discuss the likely effects of increasing the rate VAT in New Jersey on the level of employment i the state. [8]					

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Percentage of income taken in tax (2014)							
	UK	South Korea	US Germany		Mexico		
Single person on very high income	42.7%	34.3%	39.6%	39.4%	29.4%		
Single person on average income for the country	24.9%	13%	22.7%	39.9%	9.5%		

Source BBC

20 .	"The UK Coalition Government has
	income tax rates that are too high."

- John Redwood, a	Conservative	Member	of Parliament
(2014)			

Very high income in the UK is approximately £240,000 per year

Average income in the UK is approximately £26,500 per year

With reference to the data opposite, and using relevant economic theory, evaluate the view expressed by John Redwood. [8]

8			

For continuation only.