

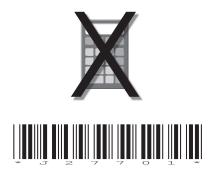
Monday 16 May 2022 – Afternoon GCSE (9–1) Computer Science

J277/01 Computer Systems

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

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Do not use: • a calculator			



Please write clearly in black ink. Do not write in the barcodes.									
Centre number						Candidate number			
First name(s)									
Last name									

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Answer all the questions.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has 16 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Answer all the questions.

- 1 Computers represent data in binary form.
 - (a) Tick (✓) one box in each row to identify the binary unit equivalent of each of the given file sizes.

File size	2 megabytes	2 petabytes	2 kilobytes	2 bytes	2 gigabytes
2000 bytes					
2000 terabytes					
16 bits					
4 nibbles					

		[4]
(b)	Convert the denary number 221 into 8 bit binary. Show your working.	
(c)	Convert the hexadecimal number 2F into denary. Show your working.	[4]
(d)	Convert the binary number 10110000 into hexadecimal.	[-]
		[1]
(e)	Identify how many unique values can be represented by 4 bits.	[11
(f)	Perform a binary shift of 3 places right on the binary number 10001110.	[1]
		[1]

2 Complete the table by writing the missing definition or name of each of the common CPU components and registers.

CPU component or register	Definition
	Stores the address of the next instruction to be fetched from memory. Increments during each fetch-execute cycle.
CU (Control Unit)	
	Stores the address of the data to be fetched from or the address where the data is to be stored.
	Performs mathematical calculations and logical operations.

[4]

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						4			
3	A lik	orary	has a LAN	I (Local Area N	letwork).				
	(a)	The	LAN allow	s access by b	oth wired ar	nd wireless devi	ces.		
		Use	rs have re	ported that the	network so	metimes runs v	ery slowly.		
		(i)		thy the number		using the netwo	ork at the sa	me time ca	n affect the
									[3
		(ii)	Identify o	ne other factor	that can af	fect the perform	ance of the	network.	
									[1
	(b)	Use	rs can acc	ess websites f	rom the libr	ary computers.			
			nplete the obe used.	description of a	accessing w	vebsites using th	ne given list	of terms. N	lot all terms
		0	1	127	128	255	256	Colon	
		Don	nain Name	Server	Embedde	ed systems	File ser	ver	Full stop
		Нур	hen	Internet pro	tocol	MAC address	s Ro	outer	
		Unif	orm Resou	urce Locator	Web	server	Clients		
		A w	ebsite is ho	osted on a				The con	nputers that
		acc	ess the we	bsites are calle	ed				
		The	user enter	rs the			into	a web bro	wser. The

web browser sends a request to the for the

matching IP (Internet Protocol) address. If found the IP address is returned. A request is then

(c)	The wired connection is an Ethernet connection. Ethernet is considered a standard.	
	Explain why Ethernet is a standard.	
		[2]
(d)	The network has several routers.	
	Identify three tasks carried out by a router.	
	1	
	2	
	3	
		[3]
(e)	The library does not use encryption when data is transmitted through the network.	
	Give two reasons why the library should use encryption.	
	1	
	2	
		[2]
(f)	Protocols are used to transmit data through the network and over the internet.	
	Identify one protocol that can be used to perform each of the following tasks:	
	Send an email	
	Access a website securely	
		[2]

k	Social networking websites use artificial intelligence (AI) to monitor posts from users.					
	Discuss the positive and negative uses of AI by social networking websites including: Legal issuesEthical issues					
	Privacy issues					

ro

	oftware development company wants to protect their computer systems and data from uthorised access.
(a)	Identify two methods of physical security that the company could use to protect their computer systems.
	1
	2
	[2]
(b)	Identify and describe two software-based security methods that the company can use to protect their computer systems and data.
	Method 1
	Description
	Method 2
	Description
	[6]

(c) Tick (✓) one box on each row to identify the legislation that would cover each of the given events.

Event	The Data Protection Act (2018)	Computer Misuse Act (1990)	Copyright Designs and Patents Act (1988)
A company transmits personal data to another company without the individual's permission.			
A school accidentally publishes their students' addresses on the school website.			
The interface for a piece of software is replicated by a rival company.			
A user leaves a computer logged on and another person leaves them a message on their desktop.			
A student guesses their teacher's password and accesses their computer account.			

[5]

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A s	tuder	nt is creating a rang	ge of documents	10 s for a schoo	l project.		
(a)	The	The student records a podcast about computer science.					
	(i)	i) Describe how an analogue sound wave is converted into digital form.					
	(ii)	Tick (✓) one or n have on the soun	d file.	each row to id	dentify the effe	ct(s) that each	change w
		Chan	ige	increases	decreases	increases	decreas
		Duration change 10 minutes to 20					
		Sample rate cha 44 kilohertz to 8	•				
		Bit depth changes from 8 bits to 16 bits					
			'				1
(b)	The	The computer sto	ores text using th	ne ASCII cha	racter set.		
		Character	ASCII denary code	′			
		M	77				
		M N	77 78				
		N	78				

	(ii)	Identify a second character set.
		[1]
(c)		student takes a photograph of their science experiment. The image file includes adata.
	Ider	ntify three pieces of metadata that is often stored with an image.
	1	
	2	
	3	
		[3]
(d)	The	student compresses all their documents before emailing them to their teacher.
	(i)	Give two benefits of compressing the data before it is emailed.
		1
		2
		[2]
	(ii)	Explain why lossy compression may not be appropriate to compress all of the student's files.
		[2]

A smart television allows the user to search the Internet and watch videos online.

(a)	The	The smart television has both RAM and ROM.				
	(i)	State the difference between RAM and ROM.				
		[1]				
	(ii)	Give two examples of data that the smart television could store in RAM.				
		1				
		2 [2]				
(b)	The	smart television has secondary storage.				
	(i)	State, using an example, why the smart television needs secondary storage.				
		[2]				
	(ii)	Identify one appropriate type of secondary storage for the smart television. Justify your choice.				
		Secondary storage type				
		Justification				
		[4]				

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).				

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