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GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION CLASSICAL CIVILISATION

A351/01

City Life in the Classical World (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the question paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Wednesday 18 May 2011 Morning

Duration: 1 hour



Candidate forename				Candidate surname			
Centre numb	er			Candidate nu	ımber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- There are **two** options in this paper:
 - Option 1: Athens, with questions starting on page 2.
 - Option 2: Rome, with questions starting on page 14.
- Answer questions from either Option 1 or Option 2.
- Answer all questions from Section A and two questions from Section B of the option that you
 have studied.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- You will be awarded marks in Section B for the quality of written communication of your answer.
- This document consists of 28 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Option 1: Athens

Answer all of Section A and two questions from Section B.

Section A

1 Match the god or goddess to the type of person who is most likely to worship them. Choose your answers from the list below.

One has been done for you.

God/Goddess

Aphrodite
Apollo
Ares
Artemis
Demeter
Dionysos
Hephaistos
Hermes
Poseidon

Person	God/Goddess
Farmer	
Hunter	
Lover	
Musician	Apollo
Partygoer	
Sailor	
Soldier	
Trader	

Example

2 Tick the box to complete each sentence correctly.

Exa	ımpl	e The shape of a temple was normally.		
	Α	circular.		
	В	octagonal.		
	С	rectangular.	✓	
	D	triangular.		
(a)	A te	emple was seen to be a 'home' for the		
	A	god/goddess.		
	В	homeless.		
	С	priest.		
	D	worshippers of the god/goddess.		[1]
(b)	In t	ne main room of the temple a worshipper	would see	
	A	a fountain.		
	В	a stage.		
	С	seats.		
	D	the cult statue.		[1]
(c)	A te	emple was generally decorated with		
	A	sacred writings.		
	В	sculpture.		
	С	stained glass windows.		
	D	tapestries.		[1]
(d)	The	altar was situated		
	A	at the top of the temple steps.		
	В	inside the temple.		
	С	outside the temple.		
	D	underneath the temple.		[1]

	(e)	At tl	he Panathenaia, young girls would giv	ve the goddess Athena	
		Α	a new owl.		
		В	a new robe.		
		С	a new scroll.		
		D	new sandals.		[1]
3	teach	her	ollowing are parts of a Greek education by writing in the correct teacher from the been done for you.	on. Match the part of education with the the list below.	appropriate
			,	Teacher	
					1
				Grammatistes	
				Kitharistes	
				Pajd ag ogos	
				Paidotribes	
			Parts of a Greek education	Teacher	
			exercise		
			music		
			reading, writing, arithmetic and literature		
			supervised pupils' school work	Paidagogos	Example
		L		I	[3]

4 Put the different events of the City Dionysia into the correct order by putting numbers in the boxes.

One of them has been done for you.

All the tax paid to Athens by its allies was displayed in the theatre.	
Grand procession and sacrifice of animals to Dionysos.	
Judging of the plays.	
The tragedies and comedies are performed.	
The wooden statue of Dionysos is brought into Athens.	1

Example

[4]

5 All the following words are associated with a symposium (Athenian dinner-party). Match the words to their meanings by writing in the correct meaning from the list below.

One has been done for you.

Meanings

drinking game

Greek wine

host of the dinner party

room where the symposium was held

wife of the host of the dinner party

Athenian dinner-party	Meaning	
andron		
kottabos	drinking game	Example
kyria		
kyrios		

[3]

•		
The following are reasons why it was important to hold a symposium (Athen reasons are correct.	ian dinner-pa	arty). Six
Tick the correct reasons. One has been done for you.		
Tick five more correct reasons.		
A symposium was important because it		
allowed you to introduce your daughter to her future husband.		
allowed you to meet future marriage partners for your children.		
could improve your family business.		
gave men a chance to learn to dance.		
helped people to relax.	✓	Example
helped to make political connections.		
was a good place to show off your wealth.		
was an excellent place to introduce your wife to your friends.		
was an occasion for husbands and wives to spend time together.		
was an occasion to talk about philosophy.		[5]

[5]

7 Finish the sentence about what the head of an Athenian household was expected to do by ticking the correct activity. One has been done for you. Tick **three more** correct activities. The head of an Athenian household was expected to... Example buy the slaves. choose a husband for his daughter. earn money for the household. light the fire in the morning. make the clothes for his wife. oversee the farm. slaughter the animals for dinner. [3]

Section B

Answer any two questions; you must answer all parts of the questions you choose.

EITHER

8 The picture below shows a goddess. Study the picture and answer all the questions that follow.



(a)	Which goddess is shown in the picture? How can you tell? Answer in detail.
	[5]

	What were the responsibilities of this goddess?
)	Explain how the Athenians worshipped this goddess at the Panathenaia.

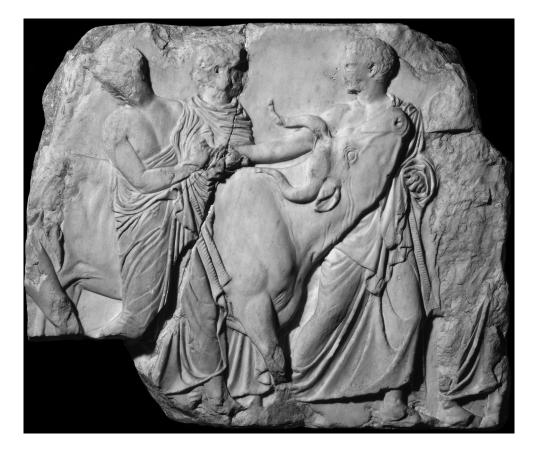
9 The picture below shows tragic actors from Greek theatre. Study the picture and answer **all** the questions that follow.



(a)	What did tragic actors, such as the ones in the picture, wear?
	TE.

(b)	Explain how their costumes and masks contributed to their performance on stage.
	[5]
(c)	Imagine you are an ancient Athenian. Would you rather have watched a tragedy or a comedy? Explain your choice.
	[5]

10 The picture below shows a section from the Parthenon frieze. Study the picture and answer all the questions that follow.



(a)	What happened to an animal throughout a sacrifice?
	re:

)	Explain the roles of the participants at a sacrifice.
	[
	Explain why sacrifices were important to the Athenians.

Option 2: Rome

Answer all of Section A and two questions from Section B.

Section A

11 Match the god or goddess to the type of person who is most likely to worship them.

The first one has been done for you.

God/Goddess

Apello	
Ceres	
Diana	
Juno	
Mars	
Mercury	
Neptune	
Venus	
Vesta	

Person	
Charioteer	
Farmer	
Hunter	
Lover	
Musician	
Soldier	
Traveller	
Woman about to marry	

God/Goddess	
	_
Apollo	Example

12	Below is	a list	of food f	or a Roman	dinner	party	(cena)	
----	----------	--------	-----------	------------	--------	-------	--------	--

Match food from the box below to the correct course of the dinner. Each course has two types of food.

One type of food has been matched for you.

<u>Egg</u> e
Fruit
Meat
Nuts
Olives
Vegetables

First Course –	Eggs	Example
Second Course –		
Third Course –		

[5]

13 Tick the box to complete each sentence correctly. **Example** The shape of a temple was normally... Α ...circular. В ...octagonal. C ...rectangular. D ...triangular. (a) A temple was seen to be a 'home' for the... Α ...god/goddess. В ...homeless. С ...priest. ...worshippers of the god/goddess. [1] D (b) In the main room of the temple a worshipper would see... Α ...a fountain. В ...a stage. C ...seats. D ...the cult statue. [1]

(c) A worshipper might enter the main room to... Α ...leave a gift. В ...listen to the priest. С ...make a sacrifice. [1]

(d) A temple was generally decorated with...

...sing a hymn.

Α ...sacred writings. В ...sculpture. С ...stained glass windows. D ...tapestries.

[1]

D

14 All the following words are associated with chariot-racing. Match the words to their meanings by writing in the correct meaning from the list below.

One has been done for you.

Meaning

lap counter
long central barrier
stadium
starting cages
turning posts

Words	Meaning	
carceres		
Circus Maximus		
metae		
spina		
wooden eggs	lap counter	Example

[4]

15	Five reasons are correct. Tick the correct reasons.
	One has been done for you.
	Tick four more correct reasons.
	A day at the chariot-race track appealed to the people of Rome because
	each race would last for an hour.
	it was free to attend.
	men and women could sit together.
	the fastest charioteer carried the emperor in a lap of honour.
	the races were exciting to watch.
	the seats were comfortable.
	there were different teams to support.
	you could bet on the results of the races. [4]
16	The chariot racing teams in Ancient Rome had different colours. Circle the correct colours of the teams which used to chariot race.
	One has been done for you.
	Circle two more correct colours.
	Blues
	Golds
	Reds
	Whites Example
	Yellows

17 Finish the sentence about what a Roman wife was expected to do by ticking the correct activity. One has been done for you. Tick four more correct activities. A Roman wife was expected to... arrange the marriage of her daughter. choose the slaves she wanted in the household. educate her daughter. greet the clients at dawn. lead the worship at the family shrine. manage the household. manage the spinning and weaving. oversee the work of her slaves. Example spend much of her time at home.

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[4]

Section B

Answer any two questions; you must answer all parts of the questions you choose.

EITHER

18 The picture below shows a Roman goddess. Study the picture and answer **all** the questions that follow.



(a)	Which goddess is shown in the picture? How can you tell? Answer in detail.
	[5]

(b)	What were the responsibilities of this goddess?
	[5
(c)	Explain how the gods and goddesses were worshipped within a Roman household.
	[5

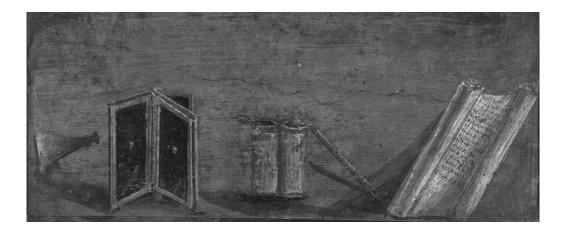
19 The picture below shows some Roman slaves at work. Study the picture and answer all the questions that follow.



` ,	What jobs did slaves, such as the ones in the picture, do in a Roman household?
	[6]

(b)	Explain how people became slaves in Roman society.	
		. [5]
(c)	Why do you think slaves were important for the Romans?	
		. [၁]

20 The picture below shows different objects used for reading and writing in a Roman school. Study the picture and answer **all** the questions that follow.



15
school?

(b)	Explain how this equipment was used in a Roman school.
	[5]
(c)	Imagine that you are a Roman boy. Do you enjoy your lessons with the grammaticus? Give
	reasons for your answer.

ADDITIONAL PAGES

If you use the following lined pages to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

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