

71
Candidate Num

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011

Science: Biology

Paper 1 Foundation Tier

[G0901]



THURSDAY 19 MAY, AFTERNOON

TIME

1 hour.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

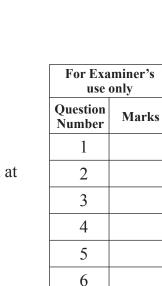
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

Answer all fourteen questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 80.

Quality of written communication will be assessed in question **14(c)**. Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.



7

8

9

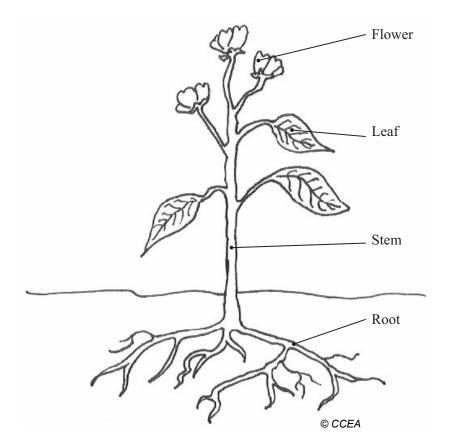
10

11 12

13 14



1 The diagram shows the organs of a plant.



Examiner Only				
Marks Remark				

(a) Complete the table.

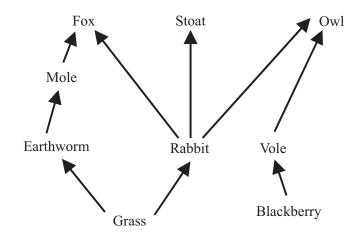
Organ	Function	
	Absorb water	[1]
Leaf		[1]
Flower		[1]

(h)	Give	two	functions	of	the	stem
•	U,) GIVC	LWU	Tunctions	ΟI	uic	Stelli.

1.	[1]

2.	[1	[]
	 -	_

2 The diagram shows a food web.



(a) Use the food web to complete the food chain.

 	_		
		Mole	
		1.1010	

(b) Name

the source of energy. ______ [1]

a producer. [1]

(c) What would happen to the number of moles if all the foxes were killed?

______[1]

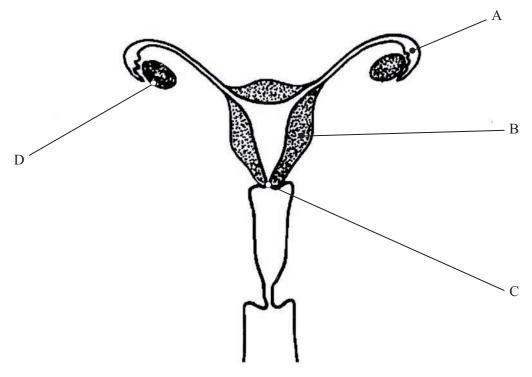
Examiner Only

Marks Remark

[2]

3 The diagram shows the female reproductive system.





© Biology Alive by J Bushell and P Nicholson, published by Collins Educational, 1985. ISBN 0003277577. Reprinted by permission of Harper Collins Publishers Ltd.

(a) Label parts A, B and C.

A	Г1.
A	

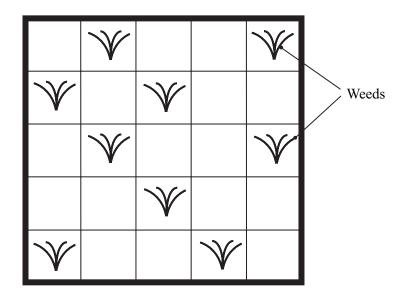
(b) What is the function of part D?

[1	[
 _	-	•

(c) On the diagram mark with an X the place where sperm are released during sexual intercourse. [1]

4 The diagram shows the apparatus used to sample the population of weeds on a lawn.

Examiner Only			
Marks	Remark		



(a)]	Name	the	apparatus.
---	---	-----	------	-----	------------

[1]

The apparatus is divided up into 25 squares.

(b) Calculate the percentage of squares which contain weeds. Show your working.

% [2]

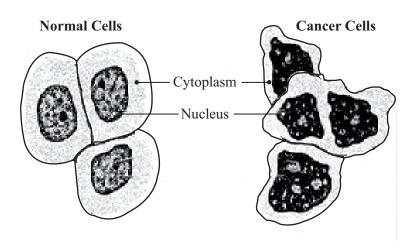
(c) Explain why the apparatus must be randomly placed on the lawn.

[17]

(d) Suggest why this apparatus is not usually used to sample animal populations.

______[1]

5 The diagrams show normal cells and cancer cells.



freeclipartnow.com

(a)	Describe two differences,	shown	in the	diagram,	between	normal	cells
	and cancer cells.						

1._____

_____[1]

2. _____

_____[1]

(b) Give one way of treating cancer.

_____[1]

(c) Explain why it is easier to treat a benign tumour than a malignant tumour.

______[2]

6 The table shows the changes that occur during puberty in males and females.

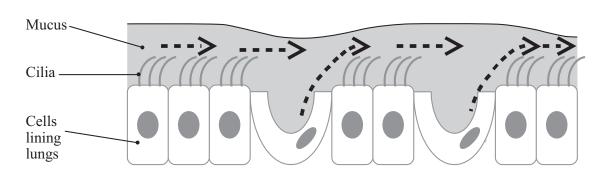
Examiner Only					
Marks	Remark				

(a) Complete the table by using either Yes or No in each blank.

Change during puberty	Male	Female	
Menstruation	No	Yes	
Voice deepens			[1]
Development of breasts			[1]
Growth of pubic hair			[1]

(b)	What is menstruation?				
		[2]			

7 (a) The diagram shows how the respiratory system prevents microbes entering the blood.



(i) Suggest the function of the

mucus.

_____ [1

cilia.

_____[1]

(ii) Give one other way the body prevents microbes entering the blood.

[1]

(b) A vaccine helps to prevent infections.

(i) What is a vaccine?

_____[2]

(ii) Name the scientist who developed a vaccine for smallpox.

_____[1]

8 (a) Complete the table of some animal groups.

Animal group	Skin	Fertilization	Body temperature	Gas exchange surface	
Fish		External	Not constant		[2]
Amphibians	Moist	External		Skin	[1]
Birds	Feathers		Constant	Lungs	[1]

(b) Give two differences between reptiles and amphibians.

Give two differences between reptiles and amphibian	J.
	[2]

Examiner Only					
Marks Remark					

9 (a) Complete the word equation for photosynthesis.

Carbon dioxide +	Light energy	Oxygen +	

(b) Name **one** mineral required by plants and give its use.

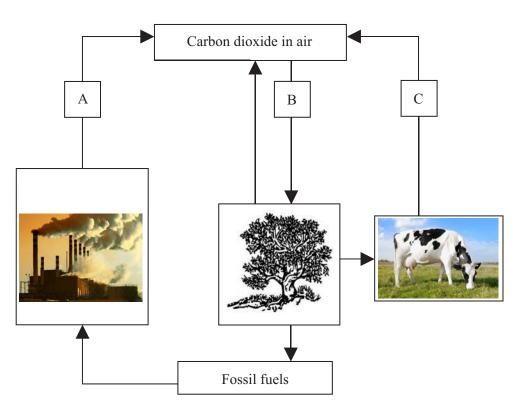
			[2]
 	 	 	L



[3]

	ast milk contains all the nutrients a baby needs in the correct portions.		Examiner Only Marks Remark
(a)	Name the food group needed		
	to provide energy.	[1]	
	for growth	[1]	
Bre	ast milk also contains antibodies.		
(b)	Explain the advantage of these to the baby.		
(c)	Suggest two other advantages of breast feeding.		
		[2]	
(d)	Explain why HIV positive mothers are advised not to breast feed.		
		[1]	

11 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



© Hemera / Thinkstock http://classroomclipart.com/images/gallery/Clipart/Trees/tree_5.jpg © Hemera / Thinkstock

(a) Name processes A, B and C.

A

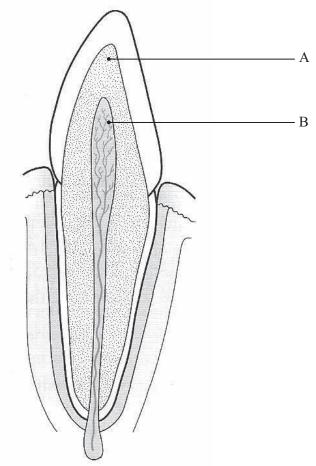
(b) Describe how carbon, present in plant tissue, becomes a named carbon compound in an animal.

(c) Name a fossil fuel.

Examiner Only

12 The diagram shows the structure of a tooth.

Examiner Only				
ark				



 ${\small @\textit{Adapted from Biology Lives by Morton Jenkins, published by Hodder \&\textit{Stoughton, 2001. ISBN 0340790512.}}$

(a)	Name	part A.

[1]

(b) Name **one** type of tissue found in cavity B.

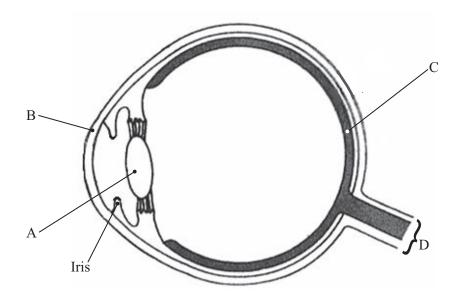
[1]

(c) Describe the role of bacteria and sugar in tooth decay.

_____[2]

(d)	Name the part of the tooth which is strengthened by regular use of fluoride toothpaste.		Examin Marks	er Only Remark
		[1]		
	e way of ensuring that people get enough fluoride is to add it to the lic drinking water.			
(e)	Suggest one reason why some people may object to this.			
		[1]		

13 The diagram shows a simplified cross section of the eye.



(a) Name parts A, B and C.

A _____

[1]

В

[1]

C _____

[1]

(b) Name and give the function of part D.

Γ

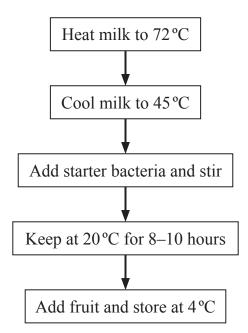
(c) Give one piece of evidence from the diagram, which suggests this eye is in low light conditions.

[1]

(d) Name one structure which protects the eye from damage.

_____[1]

14 The flow diagram shows a method used to make yoghurt.



(a) Suggest why the milk is heated to 72 °C at the start.

[1]

(b) Explain why starter bacteria are not added until after the milk has been cooled to 45 °C.

_____[1]

(c) Describe how the bacteria change the milk into yoghurt at 20 °C. The quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.

_____[3]

Quality of written communication [2]

(d) Explain why the yoghurt is stored at 4°C.

_____[1]

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