Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Secondary Education Higher Tier January 2010

Biology

BLY3H

Unit Biology B3

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For Examiner's Use

Examiner's Initials

Mark

Question

2

3

4

5

6

7

TOTAL

Written Paper

Thursday 14 January 2010 9.00 am to 9.45 am

For this paper you must have:

a ruler.

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed

45 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Answers written in margins or on blank pages will not be marked.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 45.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Advice

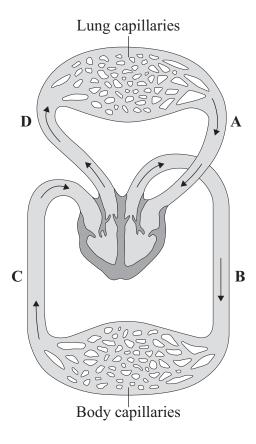
• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.





Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 The diagram shows the human circulation system.



1	(a)	(i)	Give the letter of one blood vessel that is an artery.	
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(1 mark)

1 (a) (ii) Give the letter of **one** blood vessel that carries oxygenated blood.

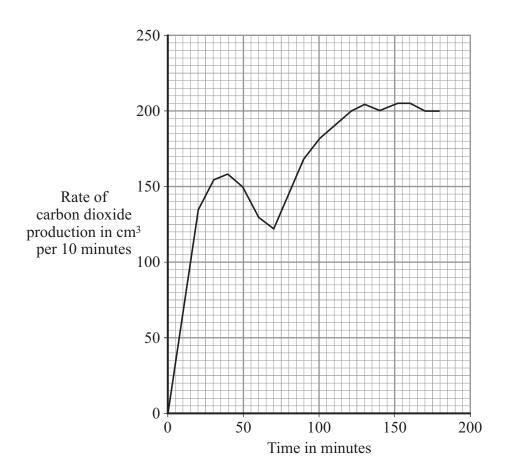
____ (1 mark)

1	(b)	During exercise, the heart rate increases.
		Explain, as fully as you can, why this increase is necessary.
		(4 marks)



2 Bread dough contains flour, sugar, water and yeast. Yeast makes the dough rise.
Some scientists measured the production of carbon dioxide by yeast in bread dough at 35°C.

The results are shown in the graph.



2 (a) Over the first 70 minutes, the rate of carbon dioxide production increased at first and then decreased.

Explain why the rate decreased towards the end of this period.

(2 marks)

2	(b)	The flour contains starch and enzymes similar to those in germinating barley grains.
		Use this information to suggest an explanation for the increase in the rate of carbon dioxide production after 70 minutes.
		(3 marks)



3 A student removed three similar leaves from a plant. The student spread petroleum jelly (a waterproofing substance) on some of the leaves, as follows:

Leaf A: on the lower surface **Leaf B**: on the upper surface

Leaf C: none.

The student placed each leaf in a separate beaker. He weighed each beaker at intervals. The results are shown in the table.

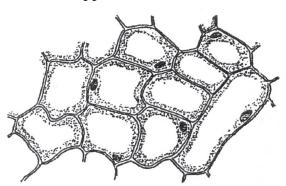
Time	Mass of leaf + beaker in grams					
in hours	Leaf A	Leaf B	Leaf C			
0	50.00	55.01	51.99			
1	49.99	54.95	51.90			
3	49.97	54.90	51.85			
5	49.95	54.86	51.80			

3 (a) Which leaf, A, B or C, lost most water?

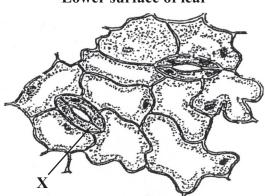
(1 mark)

3 (b) The diagram shows the appearance of the upper and lower surfaces of one of the leaves under a microscope.

Upper surface of leaf



Lower surface of leaf



3 (b) (i) Name cell X.....

(1 mark)



3	(b)	(ii)	The petroleum jelly had a greater effect when it was spread on the lower surface than when it was spread on the upper surface.
			Use information from the diagram to explain why.
			(2 marks)

4

Turn over for the next question



4	Biogas can be produced from waste materials that contain carbohydrates.
4	(a) Complete the sentence.
	The main fuel gas present in biogas is
	(1 mark)
4	(b) The diagram shows one type of biogas generator.
	Biogas collection
	Inlet Tap Tight lid Removable cover Soil Soil Overflow tank Outflow
4	(b) (i) Suggest two advantages of having the biogas generator underground. 1



4	(b)	(ii)	It is important that the level of liquid in the inlet and in the overflow tank is above that of the slurry.
			Explain why.
			(1 mark)
4	(c)	Tem	peratures in the UK are usually between 0°C and 25°C.
		burn	sewage works in the UK, some of the biogas produced from sewage sludge is ed and is used to heat water. The hot water is then pumped through metal pipes the pass back through the biogas generator.
		Expl	ain why this would be helpful in biogas production.
			(2 marks)



5	Lact	ic acid production during exercise affects an athlete's performance.
5	(a)	Explain why lactic acid is produced during exercise.
		(2 marks)
5	(b)	Scientists investigated the effects on the body of intermittent exercise and continuous exercise. In intermittent exercise, the athlete rests between each exercise period.
		During each exercise period the athlete ran as fast as he possibly could for the whole of the exercise period. Each experiment ended when the athlete was exhausted and could run no further.
		The table shows the results.
		The data for intermittent exercise is not reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints.



5	(b)	(i)	Describe the effect of the different exercise and rest periods on the distance the athlete was able to run.
			(2 marks)
5	(b)	(ii)	Suggest an explanation for the trend in the data for final blood lactic acid concentration.
			(2 marks)
5	(b)	(iii)	In experiment 1, the athlete took in oxygen at the highest rate possible for him.
			Suggest one feature of the internal structure of the lungs that might limit the rate at which oxygen can be taken into the body.
			(1 mark)



6 A person had diseased kidneys.

The table shows the concentrations of dissolved substances in this person's urine.

Substance	Concentration in grams per dm ³
Protein	6
Glucose	0
Amino acids	0
Urea	21
Mineral ions	19

6	(a)	(a) One of the substances found in this person's urine would not be found in the healthy person.			
6	(a)	(i)	Name this substance. (1 mark)		
6	(a)	(ii)	Explain why this substance would not be found in the urine of a healthy person.		
			(2 marks)		

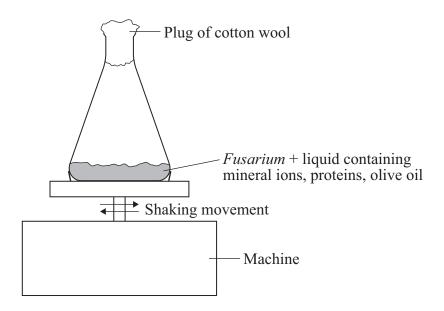


6	(b)	A person with diseased kidneys may be treated by dialysis.			
		Explain how dialysis treatment restores the concentrations of dissolved substances in the blood to normal levels.			
		(4 marks)			



7 Lipase is an enzyme used in biological detergents. It catalyses the digestion of fats and oils.

Scientists investigated the production of lipase by the fungus, *Fusarium*. The scientists made up different liquids containing mineral ions, proteins and olive oil. They mixed 90 cm³ of one of these liquids with a *Fusarium* culture in a flask. The flask was then shaken on a machine throughout the investigation, as shown in the diagram.



The scientists carried out two investigations.

- In each investigation, 10cm³ of a high concentration of *Fusarium* was used.
- In **Investigation 1**, they varied the concentration of protein.
- In **Investigation 2**, they varied the concentration of olive oil.
- In each investigation, they measured the amount of lipase produced in each flask over 72 hours.
- They repeated each investigation three times.

7	(a)	(i)	The shaking movement	mixed the liquid	and the Fusarium.
-	()	(-)		1	

Suggest one further reason why the flasks were shaken throughout the investigations.	
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(1 mark,)

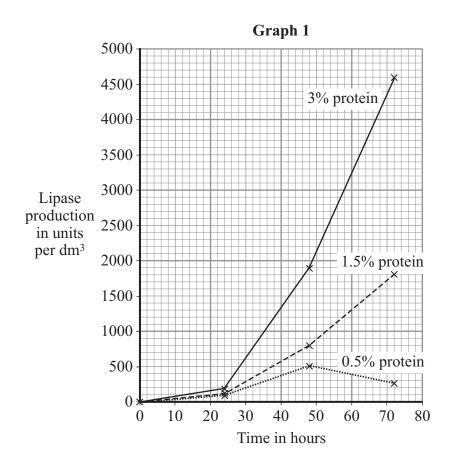


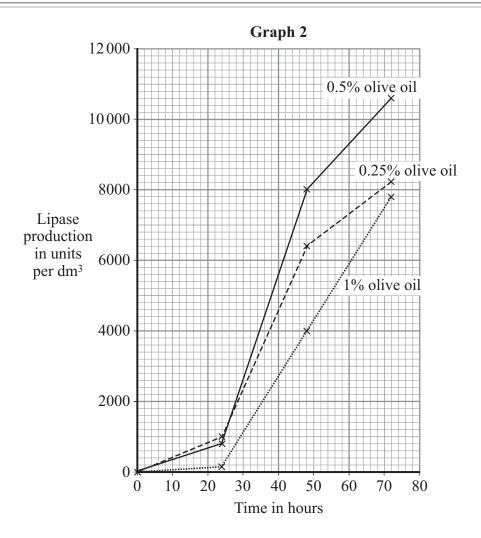
7	(a)	(ii)	The high concentration of <i>Fusarium</i> in each flask increased the rate of lipase production.
			Suggest one other reason why a high concentration of <i>Fusarium</i> was used.
			(1 mark)
			(1 many
			Question 7 continues on the next page



- 7 (b) Graphs 1 and 2 show the results of the two investigations.
 - **Graph 1** shows lipase production at three different concentrations of protein.

Graph 2 shows lipase production at three different concentrations of olive oil.





7 (b) (i) From **Graph 2**, calculate the maximum rate of lipase production per hour.

Show clearly how you work	k out your answer.
	Answer =units of lipase per dm ³ per hour
	(2 marks)

Question 7 continues on the next page





7 (b) (ii) Each point plotted on **Graphs 1** and **2** is the mean of three values.

The scientists published only the mean results in their scientific paper. They did not include the actual measured values.

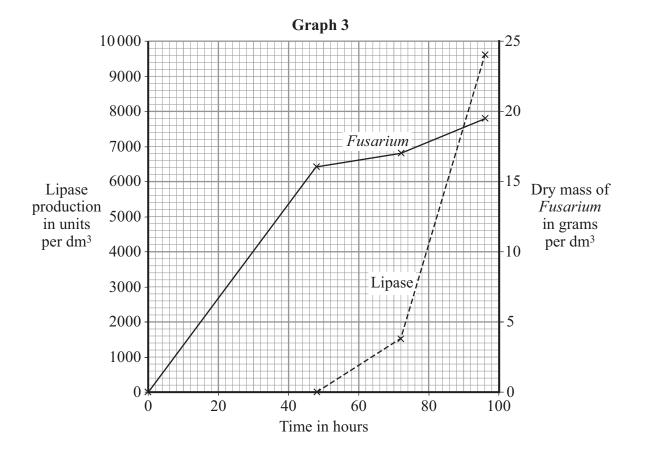
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(2 marks)

7 (c) The scientists then carried out **Investigation 3**.

They used the results of **Investigations 1** and **2** to provide optimum concentrations of protein and olive oil. They measured the dry mass of the *Fusarium* and the amount of lipase produced over 96 hours.

The results of **Investigation 3** are shown in **Graph 3**.





7	(c)	(i)	Use information from Graph 3 to describe the relationship between the growth of <i>Fusarium</i> and the production of lipase.
			(2 marks)
7	(c)	(ii)	Suggest an explanation for this relationship.
			(2 marks)

| | 10

END OF QUESTIONS



