Q. No. 1 – 25 Carry One Mark Each

1. The infinite series $f(x) = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} \ldots\ldots\ldots\infty$ converges to

(A) $\cos(x)$ (B) $\sin(x)$ (C) $\sinh(x)$ (D) e^x

2. The diameters of 10000 ball bearings were measured. The mean diameter and standard deviation were found to be 10mm and 0.05mm respectively. Assuming Gaussian distribution of measurements, it can be expected that the number of measurements more than 10.15mm will be

(A) 230 (B) 115 (C) 15 (D) 2

3. A person weighing 60 kg receives radiation energy of 0.3J over the entire body. The dose of radiation absorbed (in rad) is

(A) 0.005 rad (B) 0.1 rad (C) 0.3 rad (D) 0.5 rad

4. u(t) represents the unit step function. The Laplace transform of $u(t-\tau)$ is

(A) $\frac{1}{s\tau}$ (B) $\frac{1}{s-\tau}$ (C) $\frac{e^{-s\tau}}{s}$ (D) $e^{-s\tau}$

5. A measurement system with input x(t) and output y(t) is described by the differential equation $3\frac{dy}{dt} + 5y = 8x$. The static sensitivity of the system is

(A) 0.60 (B) 1.60 (C) 1.67 (D) 2.67

6. Poisson's ratio for a metal is 0.35. Neglecting piezo-resistance effect, the gage factor of a strain gage made of this metal is

(A) 0.65 (B) 1 (C) 1.35 (D) 1.70

7. Match the Following

P. Radiation Pyrometer	W. Angular velocity measurement
Q. Dall tube	X. Vacuum pressure measurement
R. Pirani gauge	Y. Flow measurement
S. Gyroscope	Z. Temperature measurement

(A) P-Z, Q-W, R-X, S-Y (B) P-Z, Q-Y, R-X, S-W
(C) P-W, Q-X, R-Y, S-Z (D) P-Z, Q-X, R-W, S-Y

8. In a pulse code modulated (PCM) signal sampled at f_s and encoded into an n-bit code, the minimum bandwidth required for faithful reconstruction is

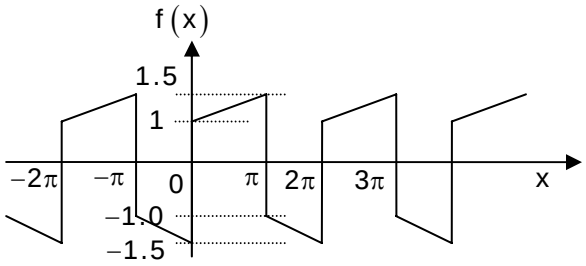
(A) $2nf_s$ (B) nf_s (C) $\frac{nf_s}{2}$ (D) f_s

9. A beam of unpolarized light is first passed through a linear polarizer and through a quarter-wave plate. The emergent beam is

(A) unpolarized (B) linearly polarized

(C) circularly polarized (D) elliptically polarized

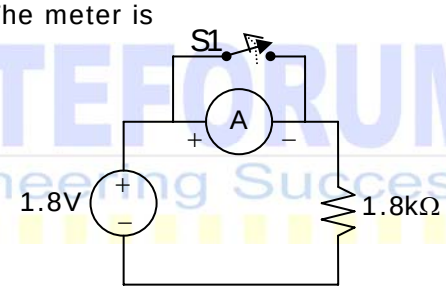
10. f(x), shown in the adjoining figure is represented by



$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\{a_n \cos(nx) + b_n \sin(nx)\}$. The value of a_0 is

(A) 0 (B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (C) π (D) 2π

11. The PMMC ammeter A in the adjoining figure has a range of 0 to 3mA. When switch S1 is opened, the pointer of the ammeter swings to the 1mA mark, returns and settles at 0.9mA. The meter is



(A) critically damped and has a coil resistance of $100\,\Omega$

(B) critically damped and has a coil resistance of $200\,\Omega$

(C) under damped and has a coil resistance of $100\,\Omega$

(D) under damped and has a coil resistance of $200\,\Omega$

12. The open loop transfer function of a unity gain feedback system is given by:

$$G(s) = \frac{k(s+3)}{(s+1)(s+2)}.$$

The range of positive values of k for which the closed loop system will remain stable is:

(A) $1 < k < 3$ (B) $0<k<10$ (C) $5<k<\infty$ (D) $0<k<\infty$

13. A real $n \times n$ matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ is defined as follows

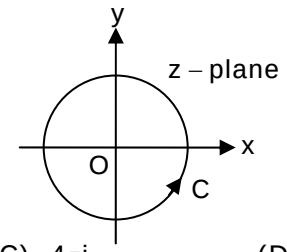
$a_{ij} = i$, if i=j = 0, otherwise

The summation of all n eigen values of A is

(A) $n(n+1)/2$ (B) $n(n-1)/2$

(C) $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$ (D) n^2

14. The contour C in the adjoining figure is described by $x^2 + y^2 = 16$.

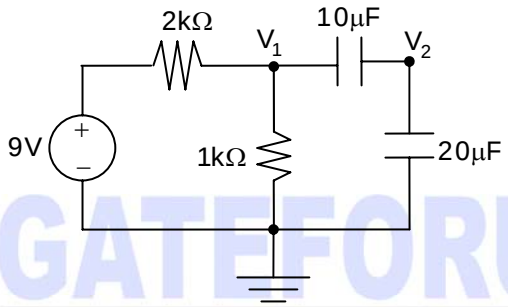


The value of $\oint_C \frac{z^2+8}{0.5z-1.5j}dz$ is.

Note : $j = \sqrt{-1}$

(A) $-2\pi j$ (B) $2\pi j$ (C) $4\pi j$ (D) $-4\pi j$

15. In the dc circuit shown in the adjoining figure, the node voltage V_2 at steady state is



(A) 0V (B) 1V (C) 2V (D) 3V

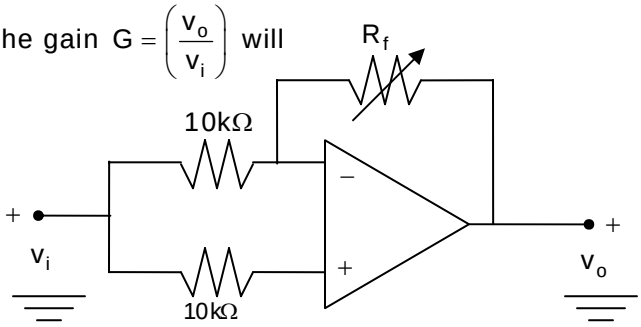
16. A 100Ω, 1W resistor and a 800Ω, 2W resistor are connected in series. The maximum dc voltage that can be applied continuously to the series circuit without exceeding the power limit of any of the resistors is

(A) 90V (B) 50 V (C) 45 V (D) 40V

17. The seismic mass of an accelerometer oscillates sinusoidally at 100Hz with a maximum displacement of 10mm from its mean position. The peak acceleration of the seismic mass is

(A) $3947.84\,m/s^2$ (B) $3141.50\,m/s^2$ (C) $314.15\,m/s^2$ (D) $100.00\,m/s^2$

18. In the ideal opamp circuit given in the adjoining figure, the value of R_f is varied from $1k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$. The gain $G = \left(\frac{v_o}{v_i}\right)$ will



(A) remain constant at +1 (B) remain constant at -1

(C) vary as $-(R_f / 10,000)$ (D) vary as $(1 + R_f / 10,000)$

19. A signal with frequency components 50Hz, 100Hz and 200Hz only is sampled at 150samples/s. The ideally reconstructed signal will have frequency component(s) of

(A) 50Hz only (B) 75Hz only

(C) 50Hz and 75Hz (D) 50Hz, 75Hz and 100Hz

20. The subroutine SBX given below is executed by an 8085 processor. The value in the accumulator immediately after the execution of the subroutine will be:

```
SBX : MVI A, 99h
      ADI 11h
      MOV C,A
      RET
```

(A) 00h (B) 11h (C) 99h (D) AAh

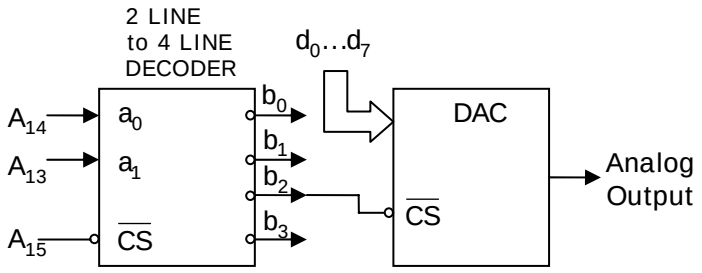
21. The Integral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta\left(t - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) 6\sin(t)\,dt$ evaluates to

(A) 6 (B) 3 (C) 1.5 (D) 0

22. The deflection angle of the pointer of an ideal moving iron ammeter is 20º for 1.0 ampere dc current. If a current of $3\sin(314t)$ amperes is passed through the ammeter then the deflection angle is

(A) 0º (B) 42 º (C) 60 º (D) 90 º

23. A 8-bit DAC is interfaced with a microprocessor having 16 address lines $(A_0 \ldots A_{15})$ as shown in the adjoining figure. A possible valid address for this DAC is



(A) 3000h (B) 4FFFh (C) AFFFh (D) C000h

24. H(z) is a discrete rational transfer function. To ensure that both H(z) and its inverse are stable its

(A) poles must be inside the unit circle and zeros must be outside the unit circle

(B) poles and zeros must be inside the unit circle

(C) poles and zeros must be outside the unit circle

(D) poles must be outside the unit circle and zeros should be inside the unit ci

25. The output voltage of a transducer with an output resistance of 10kΩ is connected to an amplifier. The minimum input resistance of the amplifier so that the error in recording the transducer output does not exceed 2% is

(A) 10kΩ (B) 49kΩ (C) 490kΩ (D) 1.2MΩ

Q. No. 26 – 51 Carry Two Marks Each

26. X and Y are non-zero square matrices of size n x n. If $XY = 0_{nxn}$ then

(A) $|X| = 0$ and $|Y| \neq 0$ (B) $|X| \neq 0$ and $|Y| = 0$

(C) $|X| = 0$ and $|Y| = 0$ (D) $|X| \neq 0$ and $|Y| \neq 0$

27. Consider the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^x$ with $y(0) = 1$. The value of $y(1)$ is

(A) $e + e^{-1}$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}\left(e - e^{-1}\right)$ (C) $\frac{1}{2}\left(e + e^{-1}\right)$ (D) $2\left(e - e^{-1}\right)$

28. The electric charge density in the region $R : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, y \leq 0$ is given as $\sigma(x,y) = 1C/m^2$, where x and y are in meters. The total charge (in coulomb) contained in the region R is

(A) 4π (B) 2π (C) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (D) 0

29. The input x(t) and the corresponding output y(t) of a system are related by $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{5t} x(\tau)\,d\tau$. The system is

(A) time invariant and causal (B) time invariant and noncausal

(C) time variant and noncausal (D) time variant and causal

30. A digital filter having a transfer function $H(z) = \frac{p_0 + p_1 z^{-1} + p_3 z^{-3}}{1 + d_3 z^{-3}}$ is implemented using Direct Form – I and Direct Form – II realizations of IIR structure. The number of delay units required in Direct Form – I and Direct Form – II realizations are, respectively

(A) 6 and 6 (B) 6 and 3 (C) 3 and 3 (D) 3 and 2

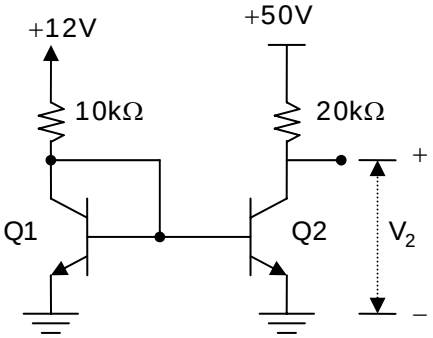
31. The velocity v (in m/s) of a moving mass, starting from rest, is given as $\frac{dv}{dt} = v + t$. Using Euler forward difference method (also known as Cauchy-Euler method) with a step size of 0.1s, the velocity at 0.2s evaluates to

(A) 0.01 m/s (B) 0.1m/s (C)0.2 m/s (D) 1 m/s

32. The rotor of the control transformer of a synchro pair gives a maximum vo of 1.0V at a particular position of the rotor of the control transmitter. transmitter is now rotated by 30º anticlockwise keeping the transformer roto stationary. The transformer rotor voltage for this position is

(A) 1.0V (B) 0.866V (C) 0.5V (D) 0V

33. The matched transistors Q1 and Q2 shown in the adjoining figure have $\beta = 100$. Assuming the base-emitter voltages to be 0.7V, the collector-emitter voltage V_2 of the transistor Q2 is

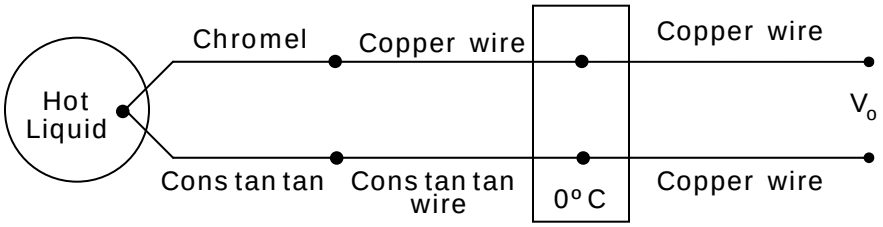


(A) 33.9V (B) 27.8V (C) 16.2V (D) 0.7V

34. The volume of a cylinder is computed from measurements of its height (h) and diameter (d). A set of several measurements of height has an average value of 0.2m and a standard deviation of 1%. The average value obtained for the diameter is 0.1m and the standard deviation is 1%. Assuming the errors in the measurements of height and diameter are uncorrelated, the standard deviation of the computed volume is

(A) 1.00% (B) 1.73% (C) 2.23% (D) 2.41%

35. A thermocouple based temperature measurement system is shown in the adjoining figure. Relevant thermocouple emf data (in mV) is given below. The cold junction is kept at 0ºC. The temperature is 30ºC in the other parts of the system. The emf V_0 is measured to be 26.74mV. the temperature of the hot liquid is



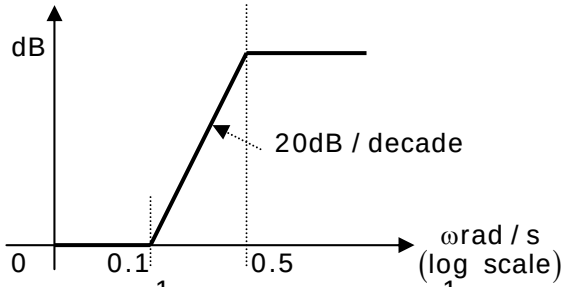
Temperature	Emf of Chromel-Constantan	Emf of Copper-Constantan
10 ºC	0.591	0.391
20 ºC	1.192	0.789
30 ºC	1.801	1.196
370 ºC	26.549	19.027
380 ºC	27.345	19.638

(A) 370.0 ºC (B) 372.4 ºC (C) 376.6 ºC (D) 380.0 ºC

36. A differential pressure transmitter is used to measure the flow rate in a pipe... to aging, the sensitivity of the pressure transmitter is reduced by 5%. All ot... aspects of the flow meter remaining constant, change in the sensitivity of th... flow measurement is

(A) 10.0% (B) 5.0% (C) 2.5% (D) 2.2%

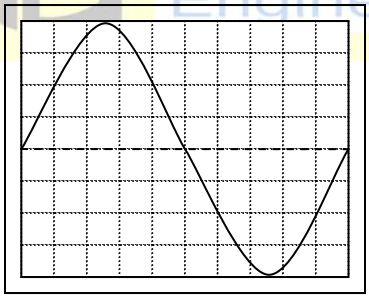
37. The asymptotic Bode magnitude plot of a lead network with its pole and zero on the left half of the s-plane is shown in the adjoining figure. The frequency at which the phase angle of the network is maximum (in rad/s) is



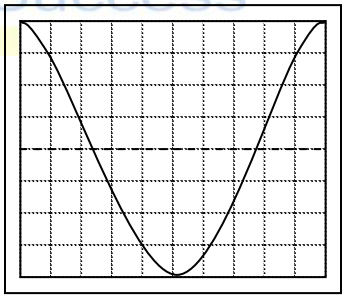
(A) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}$ (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{20}}$ (C) $\frac{1}{20}$ (D) $\frac{1}{30}$

38. In an analog single channel cathode ray oscilloscope (CRO), the x and y sensitivities are set as 1ms/div. and 1V/div. respectively. The y-input is connected to a voltage signal $4\cos(200\pi t - 45^{o})$ V. The trigger source is internal, level chosen is zero and the slope is positive. The display seen on the CRO screen is

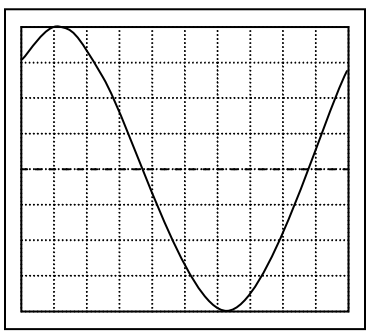
(A)



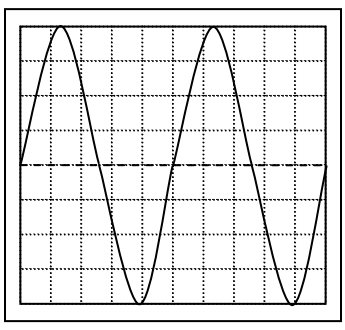
(B)



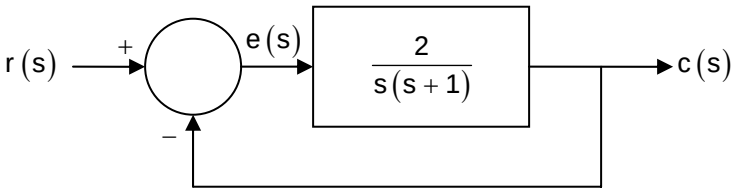
(C)



(D)



39. A unit ramp input is applied to the system shown in the adjoining figure. The steady state error in its output is

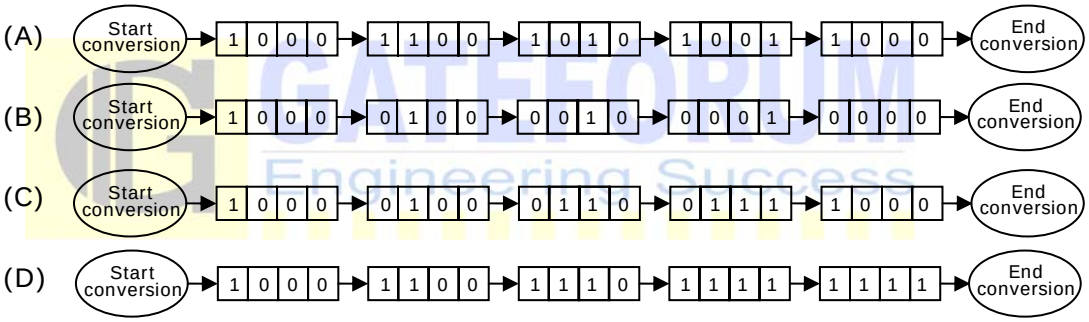


(A) 0 (B) 0.5 (C) 1 (D) 2

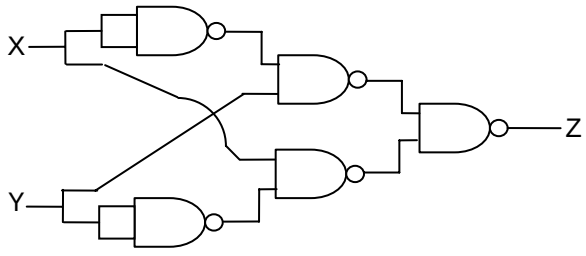
40. A unity feedback system has an open loop transfer function $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+3)}$. The value of k that yields a damping ratio of 0.5 for the closed loop system is

(A) 1 (B) 3 (C) 5 (D) 9

41. A 4-bit successive approximation type ADC has a full scale value of 15V. The sequence of the states, the SAR will traverse, for the conversion of an input of 8.15V is



42. The logic gate circuit shown in the figure realizes the function



(A) XOR (B) XNOR (C) Half adder (D) Full adder

43. In an 8085 processor, the main program calls the subroutine SUB1 given below. When the program returns to the main program after executing SUB1, the value in the accumulator is

Address	Opcode Mnemonic
2000	3E 00
2002	CD 05 20
2005	3C
2006	C9

SUB1: MVI A,00h
CALL SUB2
SUB2: INR A
RET

(A) 00 (B) 01 (C) 02 (D) 03

44. Light coming out of an optical fiber is incident on a plane perpendicular to the fiber axis and 50mm away from the end of the fiber. The light coming out creates a circular spot that can at most be of 20mm diameter. Neglecting the diameter of the fiber, the numerical aperture of the fiber is, approximately

(A) 0.14 (B) 0.20 (C) 0.34 (D) 0.40

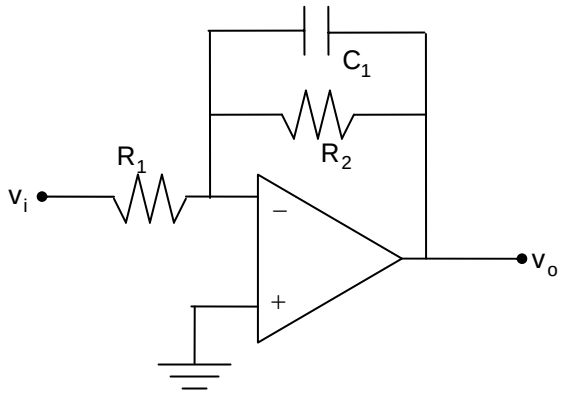
45. A solution "P" is put in a spectrophotometer cuvette of optical path length 1cm. The transmittance is found to be 10%. Another solution "Q" has a transmittance of 40% under the same circumstances. If equal volumes of P and Q are mixed together, the transmittance of the resulting solution (assuming the constituents of P and Q do not react with each other) is, approximately,

(A) 15% (B) 20% (C) 25% (D) 30%

46. 4-point DFT of a real discrete-time signal x[n] of length 4 is given by $X[k]$, n=0,1,2,3 and k=0,1,2,3. It is given that $X[0]=5, X[1]=1+j1, X[2]=0.5$. $X[3]$ and $x[0]$ respectively are

(A) 1-j, 1.875 (B) 1-j, 1.500
(C) 1+j, 1.875 (D) 0.1-j0.1, 1.500

47. An active filter is shown in the adjoining figure. The dc gain and the 3dB cut-off frequency of the filter respectively, are, nearly



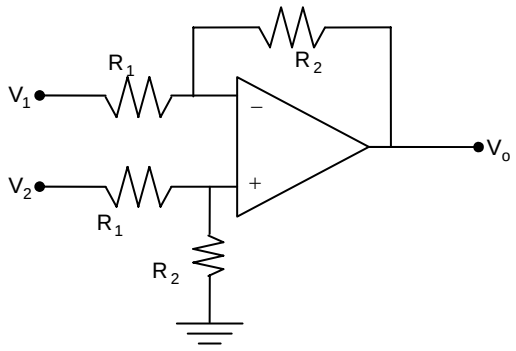
R_1 = 15.9 kΩ , R_2 = 159 kΩ , C_1 = 1.0nF

(A) 40dB, 3.14 kHz (B) 40dB, 1.00 kHz

(C) 20dB, 6.28 kHz (D) 20dB, 1.00 kHz

Common Data for Questions: 48 & 49

A differential amplifier is constructed using an ideal opamp as shown in the adjoining figure. The values of R_1 and R_2 are 47kΩ and 470kΩ respectively.



48. The input impedances seen looking into the terminals V_1 and V_2, with respect to ground, respectively are

(A) 47kΩ and 43kΩ (B) 47kΩ and 47kΩ

(C) 47kΩ and 517kΩ (D) 517kΩ and 517kΩ

49. V_1 and V_2 are connected to voltage sources having an open circuit output of +1V each and internal resistances of 13kΩ and 3kΩ respectively. The output voltage V_0 is

(A) 0V (B) 0.15V (C) 1.5V (D) 10V

Common Data for Questions: 50 & 51

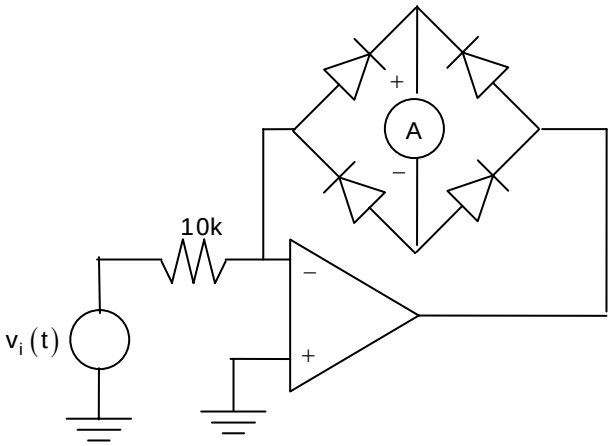
A PMMC type ammeter has full scale current of 100μA and a coil resistance of 100Ω

50. The resistance required to convert the 100μA ammeter into 1A full scale dc ammeter is

(A) 10mΩ in series with the meter (B) 10mΩ in parallel with the meter

(C) 1mΩ in series with the meter (D) 1mΩ in parallel with the meter

51. The above PMMC meter is connected in the circuit shown in the adjoining figure. The opamp is ideal. The voltage $v_i(t) = 1.0\sin 314t$ V. Assuming the source impedance of $v_i(t)$ to be zero, the ammeter will indicate a current of



(A) $100\mu A$ (B) $70.7\mu A$ (C) $63.7\mu A$ (D) $31.8\mu A$

Linked Answer Questions: Q.52 to Q.55 Carry Two Marks Each

Statement for Linked Answer Questions: 52 & 53

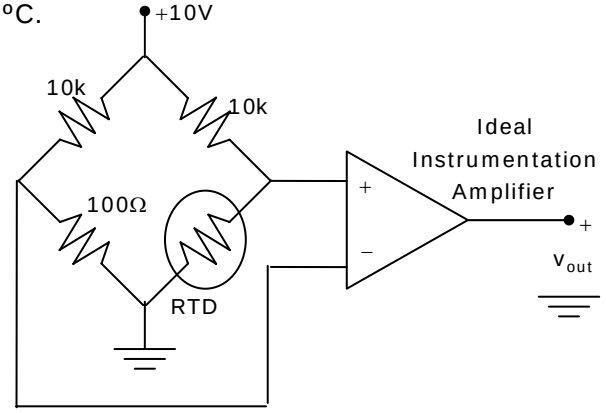
A coil having an inductance (L) of 10mH and resistance R is connected in series with an ideal 100 μF capacitor (C). When excited by a voltage source of value $10\sqrt{2}\cos(1000t)$ V, the series RLC circuit draws 20W of power.

52. The value of the coil resistance R is
(A) 1Ω (B) 2Ω (C) 4Ω (D) 5Ω

53. The Q factor of the coil at an angular frequency of 1000rad/s is
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 4 (D) 5

Statement for Linked Answer Questions: 54 & 55

Consider a temperature measurement scheme shown in the adjoining figure. It uses an RTD whose resistance at 0°C is 100Ω and temperature coefficient of resistance (α) is 0.00392/°C.



54. The differential gain of the instrumentation amplifier to achieve a v sensitivity of 10mV/ºC at 0ºC should be approximately

(A) 13.41 (B) 26.02 (C) 57.53 (D) 90.14

55. The RTD is placed in hot water bath of temperature 100ºC. Based on the gain calculated in Q.54, the error in the measured value of the temperature due to bridge nonlinearity is

(A) -0.1ºC (B) -0.4 ºC (C) -0.9 ºC (D) +1.2 ºC

Q. No. 56 – 60 Carry One Mark Each

56. 25 persons are in a room. 15 of them play hockey, 17 of them play football and 10 of them play both hockey and football. Then the number of persons playing neither hockey nor football is:

(A) 2 (B) 17 (C)13 (D) 3

57. Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence:

If we manage to _____ our natural resources, we would leave a better planet for our children.

(A) uphold (B) restrain (C) cherish (D) conserve

58. The question below consists of a pair of related words followed by four pairs of words. Select the pair that best expresses the relation in the original pair.

Unemployed: Worker

(A) fallow: land (B) unaware: sleeper

(C) wit: jester (D) renovated: house

59. Which of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word below:

Circuitous

(A) cyclic (B) indirect (C) confusing (D) crooked

60. Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to the complete the following sentence:

His rather casual remarks on politics _____ his lack of seriousness about the subject.

(A) masked (B) belied (C) betrayed (D) suppressed

Q. No. 61 – 65 Carry Two Marks Each

61. Hari (H), Gita (G), Irfan (I) and Saira (S) are siblings (i.e. brothers and sisters). All were born on 1st january. The age difference between any two successive siblings (that is born one after another) is less than 3 years. Given the following facts:

i. Hari's age + Gita's age > Irfan's age + Saira's age

ii. The age difference between Gita and Saira is 1 year. However, Gita is n... oldest and Saira is not the youngest.

iii. There are no twins.

In what order were they born (oldest first)?

(A) HSIG (B) SGHI (C) IGSH (D) IHSG

62. 5 skilled workers can build a wall in 20days; 8 semi-skilled workers can build a wall in 25 days; 10 unskilled workers can build a wall in 30days. If a team has 2 skilled, 6 semi-skilled and 5 unskilled workers, how long will it take to build the wall?

(A) 20 days (B) 18 days (C) 16 days (D) 15 days

63. Modern warfare has changed from large scale clashes of armies to suppression of civilian populations. Chemical agents that do their work silently appear to be suited to such warfare; and regretfully, there exist people in military establishments who think that chemical agents are useful tools for their cause.

Which of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage:

(A) Modern warfare has resulted in civil strife.

(B) Chemical agents are useful in modern warfare.

(C) Use of chemical agents in warfare would be undesirable

(D) People in military establishments like to use chemical agents in war.

64. Given digits 2,2,3,3,4,4,4,4 how many distinct 4 digit numbers greater than 3000 can be formed?

(A) 50 (B) 51 (C) 52 (D) 54

65. If 137+276=435 how much is 731+672?

(A) 534 (B) 1403 (C) 1623 (D)1513