CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

SECTION - A

(100 Marks)

Choose the correct answer and indicate the corresponding capital letter A. B, C or D in your answer book.

 $(23 \times 1 = 23)$

- 1 The tank of matrix 0

 - c 2
 - d 3
- angle between two $2\overline{i} - \overline{j} + \overline{k}$ and $\overline{i} + \overline{j} + 2\overline{k}$ is
 - a 0°
 - b. 30°
 - c. 45°
 - d 60°
- 3. During coking of coal, the ash con (percentage)
 - a. increases
 - b. decreases
 - c. remains constant
- Jigging is a technique which different 4 particles can be
 - a. separated by article size
 - b. separated v ticle density
 - c. sepa atec. 's particle shape
- 5. pa ticle attains its terminal settling eloc. when
 - gravity force + drag force = buoyancy force
 - gravity force drag force = buoyancy force
 - buovancy force + drag force = Gravity
 - d drag force = buoyancy force
- For an ideal fluid flow the-Reynolds

- b. 100
- c. zero
- d. infinity
- SkudentBounty.com A fluid energy mill is used for 7.
 - a. cutting
 - b. grinding
 - c. ultra grinding
 - d. crushing
- For an ideal mixed flow to the exit age distribution E(i is given by
 - a. a dirac delta functi
 - b. a step f ... on
 - c. a ramp for ctic t
 - d. pare of . sove
- The onvertion XA and residence time data r ac yn in a stirred tank reactor, which of he ollowing will be a straight line
 - a. X Vst
 - b. X VInT
 - c. X / (1-X) Vs T
 - d. X (1-X)Vs T
- 10. The dimensions of rate constant for reaction 3A → B are (l/gmole)/min. Therefore the reaction order is
 - a. 0
 - b. I
 - c 2
 - d 3
- 11 A first order-reaction A → B occurs in an isothermal porous catalyst pellet of spherical shape. If the concentration of A at the centre of the pellet is much less than that at the external surface, the process is limited by
 - a. diffusion within the pellet
 - b. reaction
 - c. external mass transfer
 - d. none of the above
- 12. A solid is transformed into vapour without going through the liquid phase at
 - a. triple point

- d. always
- 13. At the inversion point the Joule-Thompson coefficient is
 - a. positive
 - b. negative
 - c. zero
- 14 The kinetic energy of gas molecules is zero at
 - a. 0°C
 - b. 273°C
 - e. 100°C
 - d. -273°C
- The transfer function for a PD controller is 15.
 - a. K (1+T,s)
 - b. K (1+1/ + s)
 - e. K (r.8)
 - d. K. / To8
- 16. The offset introduced by proportional controller with gain Ke in response of first order system can be reduced by
 - a. reducing value of Kc
 - introducing integral control
 - introducing derivative contra)
 - d. none of the above
- 17. Bode diagrams are generated from ou. ut response of the system subjected which of the following input
 - a. impulse
 - b. step
 - e. ramp
 - d. sinusoidal
- 18. The root locus n. thod, a pole of a transfer function G(s t e value of s for which G(s) app, sch
- chromatography is used for measurement of
 - a. temperature
 - b. pressure
 - c. concentration
 - d. flow rate
- According to Bode stability criterion, a 20. system is unstable if the open loop

- ratio exceeding unity which phase lag is
- a. 0°
- b. 459
- c. 90°
- d. 180°
- Student Bounty.com The response of two tanks of same-size 21. and resistance in series is
 - a. under damped
 - b. critically damped
 - c. over damped
 - d. none of the above
- The transfer function of a 22. system with dead tin e Ta is
- The ime constant of a first order process vith resistance R and capacitance C is
 - a. R+C
 - b. R C
 - c. RC
 - d. I/RC

Choose the correct answer and indicate the corresponding capital letter A, B, C, D as the case may be in your answer book

 $(19 \times 2 = 38)$

- A function $f(x) = 12x x^3$ has maximum 24. value at x =
 - a. -2
 - b. 0
 - ē. 2
 - d. √12
- 25. lim-

 - b. 1
 - c. 0
- 26. The second order Thylor series expansion for a function $f(x) = x^2$ at x = 1 is

- Use of Raschig rings in stones as packing in packe things being same)

e. $1 + x + x^2$ d. $1 - x + x^2$

33.

- 27. The average value of function $f(x) = x^3$ in the interval $0 \le x \le 2$ is
- a. increases pressure drop. surface area

1

b. 2 c. 4 b. increases pressure drop. surface area

d. 8

- Student Bounty.com c. decreases pressure surface area
- 28. An evaporator while concentrating an aqueous solution from 10 to 40% solids evaporates 30000 Kg of water. The amount of solids han4led by the system in Kg is
- d. decreases pressure drop, decreases

a. 4000

surface area 34. A suspension of uniform parties in water

b. 9000

at a concentration of 500 kg of plids per cubic meter of slurr is sen. in a tank. Density of the parties is \$100 Kg m3 and terminal velocity of a ingle particle is 20 cm/s. What "be the settling velocity of suspension? Pichordson and laid index is

c. 4600 d. 3000

d cm/s

4.6.

- 29. 1000 Kg of wet solids are to be dried from 60% to 20% moisture (by weight). The mass of moisture removed in Kg is

a. 520 b. 200 16 cm/s

c. 400

58 cm/s

d. 500

- Bed pressure drop in an air fluidized bed of catalyst-particles (p = 2000 Kg/m³. D_p = 0.05 cm) of 60 cm bed depth and bed porosity of 0.5 expressed in cm of water (manometer) is
- 30. Assuming that CO2 obeys perfect gas law calculate the density of CO2 (in Kg/m"). 263°C and 2 atm.
- a 90

1 b. 2

b. 60

0. 3

- c. 45 d. 30
- 31 Pure O2 is mixed with ar to produce an enriched air containing olume % O2. The ratio of mole of air to O2 used is
- 36. A pitot tube indicates 5 cm of water (manometer) when it is being used for measuring velocity of air. The velocity of air in m/s is

a. 1.72

a. 5 b. 14.1

b. 0.58 c. 115

c. 56.22 d. 28.2

- In distillation where q is delined as the 37. moles of liquid flow in the stripping section per mole of feed introduced, for
- Hyo. ie mean diameter for flow through 32. picked bed of spherical particles of size D_p h porosity &
- saturated liquid feed a. q > 1

a. $D_{j} \frac{1}{6} \frac{\epsilon}{1-\epsilon}$ b. $D_{\parallel} \frac{1}{6} \stackrel{|-|}{\epsilon}$

b. q < 1

e. D 21-6

- e. q = 1
- $d \cdot q = 0$

- 38. In gas liquid contact operation the number o ideal stages $N = (x_n - x_n)/(x_n - x_n)$. This is true when the stripping factor S is
 - a. S = 1
 - b. S < 1
 - e. S = 1
 - $d \cdot S = \infty$
- 39. For absorbing a sparingly soluble gas in a liquid
 - a. gas side mass transfer coefficient should be increased
 - b. liquid side mass transfer coefficient should be increased
 - e. liquid side mass transfer coefficient should be decreased
 - d. mass transfer coefficients must be-kept constant
- The rate constant of a chemical reaction 40. increases by 100 times when the temperature is increased from 400 K to 500 K. Assuming transition state theory is valid, the value of E/R is
 - a. 8987 K
 - b. 9210 K
 - c. 8764 K
 - d. 8621 K
- A closed system is cooled reversib , to 41. 100°C to 50°C. If no work is done or system
 - a. its internal energy (U) occ its entropy (S) increase.
 - b. U and S both deere se
 - c. U decreases but S is
 - d. U is constant ut S decreases
- Identify an in or ided input from four 42 inputs the onsier functions are given helow

 - $1/(S^2 + 1)$
- Match the items in the left column with the appropriate items in the right column.
 - (I) $y = x^2$
 - (H) dy/dx = 2x
 - linear O.D.E. (A)
 - nonlinear O.D.E. (B)

- SHILDER HOUNTY COM Match the items in the left 44. appropriate items in the right
 - dy/dx + 5y = 0, y(0) = y(I)
 - dy/dx + 5 = 0, $y(0) = y_0$ (II)
 - $y = y_0 + 5x$ (A):
 - (B) $y = y_0 - 5x$
 - $y = y_0 e^{-5x}$ (C)
 - $y = y_0 e^{3\pi}$ (D)
- Match the items in the left column 45. h the appropriate items in the right comm.
 - (1) eatalytic reforming
 - smoke point (II)
 - high speed di (A)
 - kerosene (B)
 - (C) gasoline
 - (D) MOP att.
- Match the teras if the left column with the 46. appropriate on in the right column.
 - (I) solu ropic system
 - dibrium moisture content
 - crystallization
 - (9) distillation
 - (C) extraction
 - (B) drying
- Match the items in the left column with the appropriate items in the right column.
 - venturimeter (1)
 - (II) wet gas meter
 - static head (A):
 - (B) kinetic energy
 - (C) volumetric displacement
 - (d) Fluid drag force
- 48. Fill in the blank

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

- exchangers a. In heat process steam is preferred over steam.
- b. Hot gases at moderate pressure are usually in the shell and tube exchangers. At higher pressure, however, it is-customary to put gas in the
- c. Arrhenius equation describing the effect of temperature on rate constant
- d. In an agitated vessel, baffles are used to suppress
- The rate of increases of number of he

(5)

50 Methanol is produced by the reaction-of CO with H2

$$CO + H_1 \rightarrow CH_1OH$$

Only 15% of carbon- monoxide-entering the reactor is converted to methanol. The methanol formed is condensed and recovered completely. The unreacted CO and H2 are recycled back to the reactor. The feed will contain H2 and CO in the ratio of 2:1. For 3200 Kg/hr of methanol produced, calculate.

(5)

- Kg mole/hr of fresh feed.
- (ii) Kg mole/hr of recycle gas.

Mol. wt. of CH₃OH = 32

Calculate the surface volume mean 51 diameter for the following particulate material. Show detailed calculations.

(5)

56.

Size range, µm	Mass of particles in the range, g.			
-704 + 352	25			
352 + 176	37.5			
-176 + 88	ms.			
-88 + 44	75			
Pan -	50			

52. Estimate the heat trans, area for am exchanger to co. an organic liquid from 105°C to 50 . To hot liquid will flow at a rate of 100 0 Kg hr and will be cooled by using circuling foul water containing som alt The cooling water will leave at C. It is proposed to use one shell pass and to tube pass exchanger for the above

(5)

Cooling water inlet temperature = 25°C

Heat capacity for water = 4.2 KJ/Kg. C

Heat capacity for hot liquid = 2.84 KJ/Kg C

The recommende transfer coefficient W/m2 C

Student Bounty.com 53. For a first order reaction taking pla isothermal batch reactor, 80% of reactant is converted to product in minutes. Calculate space velocity required to achieve same conversion in a plug flow reactor and in a backmix flow reactor

(5)

SECTION -

MARKS QUESTIC NS

Find eigen values and egenvectors of matrix

55. Orsat marysis of a flue gas is

> 127% 7.196 80.2%

betermine the percent excess air used in the combustion. The nitrogen present in the flue gas is contributed by air only.

Pure CO is mixed with 100% excess air and burnt. Only 0% of CO burns. The reactants are at 100°C and the products are at 300°C. Calculate the amount of heat added or removed per Kg mole of CO fed to the reactor.

Data: Mean molal specific heats between 25°C and T°C (given below) in KJ/Kg mole, "K are

Gas	T=100°C	T=300°C
co	29.22	30.61
CO ₂	******	4377
O ₂	29,64	30.99
N ₂	29.17	29.66

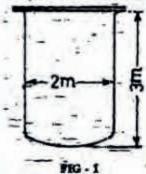
Standard heat of formation at 25°C in KJ/Kg mole is

> CO -110524 CO2 -393514

57 Bituminous coal with a calorific value of 20000 KJ/Kg is-used for generating steam in a boiler how much coal has to be burnt to generate 1 MW of energy. Efficiency of combustion is 0.75. How much air is needed if 50% excess air is to be used

Assume that coal contains 67% carbon and 33% ash.

58. A chemical reaction vessel made of plain carbon steel is to be designed for operation at a pressure of 15 bar absolute and a temperature of 290°C. The ellipsoidal bottom will have a ratio of major axis: minor axis of 2.1. As a safeguard it is proposed to provide a corrosion allowance of 10% of calculated thickness. Design pressure may be taken as 110% of the operating pressure. At the operating conditions the design stress permissible (1) will have a value of 85 N/mm2. Calculate the thickness of the cylindrical portion of the reactor and the ellipsoidal bottom. Fig. I may be referred for dimensions



- 59. A pressure filter is operated in the company rate mode to yield 10 m3 in the first a minutes, as the operating pressur increases from zero. In the next 0 mil. es the filtration was continued a constant pressure, after which it was lopt d
 - Estimate the tral volume of (a) filtrates obtained and filtration.
 - Estimate he washing rate at the (b) end . Thation, Also determine ve hin Livne if the volume of ish a rid equals the volume of Th. ate obtained.
- vin v mixture of 100 µm size having 60. ensities of 2 gm/cm³ and 4 gm/cm³ is to classified by ellutriation technique using water. Estimate the range of velocities that can do the job and recommend a suitable value.
- 61. A small model reactor is to be built for scale up-studies of the behaviour of a proposed large industrial stirred tank reactor having 1000 time capacity. The hinger unit of 2 m diameter will have a

with a four blatted Rushi m diameter

- Estimate the dimension (1) smaller unit.
- Student Bounty.com (iii) For the optimum stirrer spec 330 rpm observed is the small model. what recommended industrial unit under the following conditions:
 - Power per unit lume is (a) kept constar
 - Revnolds umber does not (b) chang
- What desig crite a would you (iii) recommend for type of study.
- Air flows ugh a packed bed of a 62 powdery not rize of I cm depth at a super al as elocity of I cm/sec. A man imeter connected to the unit registers ore sure rop of 1 cm of water. The bed a porosity of 0.4. Assuming that oz ny-Carman equation is valid for the e of study, estimate the particle size of the powder.

$$\rho_{abr} = 1.23 Kg / m^3$$

$$\mu_{abr} = 1.8 \times 10^{-5} Kg / m.s$$

63 It is necessary to dry a batch of 160 Kg of a wet solid material from 30% to 5% moisture content, under constant rate and falling rate period. The falling rate is assumed to be linear. Calculate the total drying time considering an available drying surface of 1 m2/40 Kg of dry solid A constant drying flux of 3 × 10⁻⁴ Kg/m²s is given.

> X_c she critical moisture content = 0.2 Kg moisture/Kg solid

> X* the equilibrium moisture content = 0.05 Kg moisture/Kg

The equilibrium data for the distribution of 64 a solute C between feed solvent A and the extracting solvent B is given below.

		and the second s					
	a cont. of C in refflams Rg C/Rg A.	-0	4.1	0.5	81	0.6	nien
j	process of C to respect the CVKg #	10	EDM:	417	0.212	4275	818

In a countercurrent contact operation 10 Kg/s of the feed containing 20% C in A (w/w) is treated with pure solvent so as to reduce the solute concentration to 5% operation with 2.5 times the minimum solvent rate.

65 A countercurrent plate absorber is to be installed for scrubbing of an air mixture containing 5 percent ammonia by volume. The scrubber is fed with water containing 0.002 mole NH3 per mole of water. The scrubbing water flows at a rate of 1.0 mole water per mole air. It is necessary to absorb 85 percent of the ammonia present in the gas by operating the absorber at 20°C.

$$K = 0.80 \frac{mol \ NH_3 / mol \ air}{mol \ NH_3 / mol \ H_2O}$$

Calculate the concentration of NH₃ in the outgoing liquid and estimate number of stages necessary for this operation.

- 66. The rate of a homogeneous liquid phase reaction is given as -γ_A = KC_A² This reaction takes place with 50% conversion in a back mix reactor. What will be the conversion if this reactor is replaced by a bigger one which is six times larger. All other conditions remain unchanged.
- Liquid A decomposes in a batch reactor by 67. a second order kinetics. If 50% of A is converted in a five minute run, how long would take to reach 75% conversion
- Calculate the change in entropy w ien on 68. gram of ice at 0°C is converted into tear. at 100°C. Latent heat of fusion fice - 80 cal/g. Latent heat of vaporizat in = 540 cal/g and mean specific neat of water between 0°C and 100° 1.
- 69 When a thermor eter at 30 c is placed in a water bath at 90 C, the initial rate of rise in thermome, and perature is found to be 2°C/sec what is the time constant of the thermon ter, assuming it is a first order device unity steady state gain? What w." the rmometer read after one minute?
- first order system with transfer function = Y(S)/X(S) = 1/(S+1) is subjected to input X(t) = t. Derive the expression for change in output Y(t) as a function of time.

What is the maximum difference between input an what time does this difference of

- Student Bounty.com 71 A first order reaction A → B B carried out in a stirred tank reactor. feed stream containing reactant A concentration CAO is being fed at constant rate F1 to the reactor. The volume and temperature of the reactor are cor sta. Derive a transfer function , ating concentration of A in the product stream to concentration of A in the feet treat
- Amplitude ratio cor espon ing 72 crossover frequency 1 rad ec for a process is found to \$\ \epsilon 0.1.
 - a. What is the ultim, age 1?
 - b. What is the period of sustained oscilla on corresponding to ultimate gain?
 - a proportional controller is to be u. ed, what is the value of proportional am you would recommend?
- he transfer function of a process, asuring device, controller and control valve, respectively is given by

$$G_p = \frac{K_p}{(s+2)(s+4)} {}_2G_m = 1 {}_2G_c = K_{ex}G_p = 1$$

The root locus diagram of the system is given in figure 2.

- a. Identify locations of points A and B
- b. At K = 1, the roots of the system are located at point C. Identify the location of point C.
- Determine the value of K_n

