

	StudentBount
Answer Sheet No	THE
Sig. of Invigilator	OHI,
-II	1.50
7)	13
earts of this section are to b	e answered

PHYSICS HSSC-II

SECTION - A (Marks 17)

Time allowed: 25 Minutes

C.

D.

Q.

NOTE:- Section—A is compulsory and comprises pages 1–2. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question paper itself. It should be completed in the first 25 minutes and handed over to the Centre Superintendent, Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil.

Ci	rcle the	cle the correct option i.e. A / B / C / . Each part carries one mark.					
(i)	А	closed surface contains two equa	al and opposite cha	rges. The net electric flux from the	surface		
	wil	l be					
	A.	Negative	В.	Positive			
	C.	Infinite	D.	Zero			
(ii)) W	hat will be the current in the circu	uit shown?				
	Α.	$\frac{1}{45}A$					
	В.	$\frac{1}{10}A$	THE STANDS	T- 2 V			
	C.	$\frac{1}{5}A$					
	D.	5A	10 K 2 Z				
(iii) W	att-hour measures					
	A.	Current	В.	Electric energy			
	C.		D.	Voltage			
(iv	/) Ac	According to Faraday's Law, emf induced in a circuit depends on					
	A.	Maximum magnetic flux	В.	Rate of change of magnetic flux			
	C.		D.	Initial magnetic flux			
(V)) Ar	An electron beam is moving parallel. The nature of force between them is					
	A.	Attractive		1 1			
	B.	Repulsive		1			
	C.	Attractive or repulsive depe	ends on the magnit	ude of velocity Ele	ctron beam		
	D.	None of these					
(vi	i) In	In Compton scattering, the change in wavelength is maximum if					
	A.	Angle of scattering is 90°	B.	Angle of scattering is 60°			
	C.	Angle of scattering is 180°	D.	Angle of scattering is Zero			
(vi	ii) Te	emperature coefficient of thermis					
	Α.	Always negative					
	В	Always positive					

Changing form positive to negative and vice versa

May be positive or may be negative

Student Bounts, com DO NOT WRITE ANYTHING HERE

(viii) If capacitance of LC circuit is made four times, then frequency of the circuit becomes							
	A.	Twice	В.	One half			
	C.	Four times	D.	None of these			
(ix)	A transformer steps down the voltage of 220V to 20V with the help of 20 turns on the						
	secondary coil. What is the number of turns on the primary ?						
	A.	200	B.	220			
	C.	20	D.	22			
(x)	The	colour of light emitted by a LED depen-					
	A.	Its forward bias	В.	It reverse bias			
	C.	The amount of forward current	D.	The type of semi conductor material used			
(ix)	The out put of a two inputs OR gate is 0 only when its						
	Α.	Both inputs are 0	B.	Either input is I			
	C.	Both inputs are I	D.	Either input is 0			
(xii)	A 100	A 100 ohm resistor, a $0.1 \mu F$ capacitor and a 0.1 Henry inductor are connected in parallel to a					
		supply. The resonant frequency is					
	Α.	1392Hz	В.	1492Hz			
	C.	1592Hz	D.	None of these			
(xiii)	An electric force can deflect						
	Α.	Neutrons	В.	y -rays			
	C.	Both A and B	D.	None of these			
(xiv)) required to remove an electron from the			
		nd state of doubly ionized Li-atom is					
	Α.	1.51 ev	В.	13.6 ev			
acces.	C.	40.8 ev	D.	122.4 ev			
(xv)	When the motor is at its maximum speed, the back emf will be						
	Α.	Maximum	В.	Zero			
2 W	C.	Intermediate values	D.	No back emf			
(xvi)		ass number increases, which of the fol		10101			
	Α.	Mass	В.	Volume			
·	C.	Density	D.	Binding energy			
(xvii)	In Ge (Germanium) sample traces of Ga (Gallium) are added as impurity. The resulting sample						
		d behave like					
	Α.	A conductor	В.	A P-type semiconductor			
	C.	An N-type semiconductor	D.	An insulator			
For Ex	camine	r's use only:	14				
			Total Marks: 17				
				s Obtained:			
		2H A-1	008 (L) —	NAME OF CONTRACTOR			
			4.77				

Page 2 of 2(Phy)



PHYSICS HSSC-II

Total Marks Sections B and C: 68

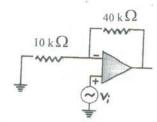
Time allowed: 2:35 Hours

Student Bounty.com Sections 'B' and 'C' comprise pages 1-2 and questions therein are to be answered on the separately provided answer book. Answer any fourteen parts from Section 'B' and attempt any two questions from Section 'C'. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet-B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

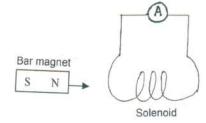
SECTION - B (Marks 42)

Attempt any FOURTEEN parts. The answer to each part should not exceed 3 to 4 lines. (14 x 3 = 42) Q. 2

Calculate the gain of non-inverting amplifier shown in figure. (i)



- Draw the symbolic circuit diagram for exclusive NOR (XNOR) gate. (ii)
- Write down the heating effect of current. (iii)
- State Ohm's law. (iv)
- A parallel plate capacitor of capacitance $\,C\,$ is charged using a battery of emf $\,V_{m{0}}\,$. After the capacitor (v) is charged, the battery is removed and the distance between the capacitors is doubled. Find the new energy stored.
- (vi) Show graphically the phase relationship between the current and the voltage across an inductor.
- You are given a number of $2\mu F$ capacitors, each with a maximum working potential difference of 10V. (vii) How would you construct capacitors of:
 - $1\mu F$ capacitance, suitable for use upto 20V.
 - $2\mu F$ capacitance, suitable for use upto 20V.
- A source of light is placed at a distance of 0.1m from a photocell and cut-off potential (stopping potential) (viii) is found to be V_{ρ} . If the lamp is now placed at a distance of 2m, what will be the cut-off potential.
- Define Elastic limit. (ix)
- What is a photon? (x)
- Why ordinary silicon diodes do not emit light? (xi)
- (xii) When a magnet is pushed into the solenoid, the ammeter records a small current:
 - Explain why a current is produced. a.
 - State what is observed:
 - When the magnet is pulled out of the solenoid.
 - 2. When the magnet is stationary inside the solenoid.



Page 1 of 2(Phy)

the battery is

- (xiii) Verify that an ohm times farad is equivalent to second.
- (xiv) A dry battery can deliver 3000J of energy to a small 2W electric motor before the battery is exhausted. For how many minutes does the motor run?
- (xv) When base current is changed from $30\mu A$ to $80\mu A$, the collector current changes from 1mA to 3.5mA. Find the current gain in CE configuration.
- (xvi) The effects of radiation on the human body depend on the properties of the radiation. Explain why a source emitting α particles inside the body is more dangerous than a source of the same activity emitting γ rays inside the body.
- (xvii) What do you understand by an equipotential surface in an electric field?
- (xviii) A lamp is connected to the secondary coil of the transformer by long leads which have a resistance of 2.5 ohms. The power input to the primary coil is $40\,W$ and the transformer is 100% efficient. Calculate the potential drop across the resistance of the leads.
- (xix) By assuming that a hydrogen atom consists of an electron of charge e^- orbiting a proton of charge e^+ . Calculate the ratio of the electric force between the electron and proton to the gravitational force between them. (Mass of electron $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \, kg$ mass of proton $m_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \, kg$)

SECTION - C (Marks 26)

Note:	-	Attempt any TWO questions. (2 x 13	= 26)		
Q. 3	a.	Derive an expression for torque acting on a current carrying rectangular coil placed in a unifor			
		magnetic field.	07		
	b.	A coil of $0.1 m \times 0.1 m$ and of $200 $ turns carrying a current $1.0 mA$ is placed in a uniform magnetic			
		fields of $0.1T$. Calculate the maximum torque that acts on the coil,	06		
Q. 4	a.	What are isotopes? Explain mass spectrograph to demonstrate the existence of isotopes	2+6		
	b.	Find the mass defect and the binding energy for tritium, if the atomic mass of tritium is			
		3.016049μ .	05		
Q. 5	a.	Define Impedance.	02		
	b.	What do you understand by R-C and R-L series circuit? Calculate	02		
		the impedance of both the circuits by drawing their impedance diagram.	07		
	c.	A circuit has an inductance of $\frac{1}{\pi}H$ and resistant of 2000Ω . A $50Hz$ A.C is supplied to it.			
		Calculate the reactance and impedance offered by the circuit.	04		