



Roll No.

Answer Sheet No.

Sig. of Candidate.

Sig. of Invigilator.

PSYCHOLOGY HSSC-I

SECTION – A (Marks 20)

Time allowed: 25 Minutes

NOTE:- Section-A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question paper itself. It should be completed in the first 25 minutes and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil.

Q. 1 Circle the correct option i.e. A / B / C / D. Each part carries one mark.

- (i) Which is an important characteristic of Psychological test?
 - A. Independent variable
 - B. Dependent variable
 - C. Experimental control
 - D. Both A and B
- (ii) Information in the nervous system is carried by
 - A. Neurons
 - B. Hormones
 - C. Blood cells
 - D. None of these
- (iii) The Autonomic Nervous system is sub-divided into
 - A. Limbic system
 - B. Sympathetic Nervous system
 - C. Parasympathetic Nervous system
 - D. Both B and C
- (iv) Light enters the eye through
 - A. Iris
 - B. Pupil
 - C. Cornea
 - D. Retina
- (v) Which of the Gestalt Laws says that the items that are close together in space or time are perceived together?
 - A. Proximity
 - B. Closure
 - C. Continuity
 - D. Similarity
- (vi) Learning is a change in
 - A. Mood
 - B. Emotions
 - C. Behaviour
 - D. None of these
- (vii) In which principle of classical conditioning the animal learns to respond to the positive stimulus and not to the negative stimulus?
 - A. Extinction
 - B. Discrimination
 - C. Generalization
 - D. Spontaneous Recovery
- (viii) Short term memory retains information for about _____ seconds.
 - A. 5
 - B. 10
 - C. 2-3
 - D. 30
- (ix) Semantic Memory is the memory of
 - A. Meanings
 - B. Skills
 - C. Procedures
 - D. Both B and C
- (x) Motivational Forgetting was explained by
 - A. Thorndike
 - B. Watson
 - C. Freud
 - D. Skinner
- (xi) Physiological Arousal is an important part of _____ state.
 - A. Motivational
 - B. Emotional
 - C. Cognitive
 - D. Behavioural
- (xii) Into how many stages did Freud divide the personality development?
 - A. 2
 - B. 3
 - C. 4
 - D. 5
- (xiii) The sides of the tongue mainly respond to
 - A. Sweet stimuli
 - B. Bitter stimuli
 - C. Salty stimuli
 - D. Sour stimuli
- (xiv) Literal meaning of Introspection is
 - A. Looking within
 - B. Survey
 - C. Experiment
 - D. Thinking
- (xv) What are the important language symbols used in thinking?
 - A. Diagrams
 - B. Charts
 - C. Concepts
 - D. None of these
- (xvi) A good psychological test is
 - A. Valid
 - B. Reliable
 - C. Standardized
 - D. All of these
- (xvii) What type of tests study unconscious mind?
 - A. Ability tests
 - B. Projective tests
 - C. Aptitude tests
 - D. Intelligence tests
- (xviii) In which psychological test Ink blots are used?
 - A. Rorschach
 - B. T.A.T
 - C. MMPI
 - D. None of these
- (xix) Stanford Binet is a/an
 - A. Personality test
 - B. Achievement test
 - C. Intelligence test
 - D. Both B and C
- (xx) Which method of learning has been introduced by Thorndike?
 - A. Conditioning
 - B. Reasoning
 - C. Problem Solving
 - D. Trial and Error

For Examiner's use only:

Total Marks:

20

Marks Obtained:

Time allowed: 2:35 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 65

NOTE:- Answer any eight parts from Section 'B' and all the questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet-B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION – B (Marks 40)

Q. 2 Attempt any EIGHT parts. Be brief and to the point in your answers.

(8 x 5 = 40)

- Define Psychology as a Science.
- What role does an Educational Psychologist play?
- Describe the Experimental method in Psychology with an example.
- Define Problem solving.
- Write down the structure of ear.
- Differentiate between Sensation and Perception.
- Write down the principles of classical conditioning.
- How is operant conditioning significant in human life?
- How can you improve your memory?
- Define language.
- Write a short note on Power motivation.

SECTION – C (Marks 25)

Note: Attempt ALL the questions.

Q. 3 Describe the structure and function of central Nervous system.

(12)

Q. 4 Describe the theories of Forgetting

OR

Discuss the type of Intelligence Tests.

(13)

حصہ دوم (کل نمبر 40)

(8x5=40)

سوال نمبر ۲: مندرجہ ذیل میں سے کوئی سے آٹھ (08) اجزاء کے جوابات دیجیے۔ آپ کے جوابات مختصر اور سوالات کے مطابق ہونے چاہئیں:

- نفسیات کی بطور سائنس تعریف کریں۔
- تعلیمی ماہر نفسیات کیا کردار ادا کرتا ہے؟
- نفسیات کا تجرباتی طریقہ بیان کیجیے اور مثال دیں۔
- مسائل کے حل کی تعریف کریں۔
- کان کی ساخت تحریر کریں۔
- حواس اور ادراک میں فرق تحریر کریں۔
- کلاسیکی مشروطیت کے اصول لکھیے۔
- علامہ مشروطیت انسانی زندگی میں کس طرح اہم ہے؟
- آپ حافظے کو بہتر کیسے بنا سکتے ہیں؟
- زبان کی تعریف کریں۔
- طاقت کے محرک پر مختصر نوٹ لکھیے۔

حصہ سوم (کل نمبر 25)

(تمام سوال حل کیجیے۔)

(12)

سوال نمبر ۳: مرکزی نظام عصبی کی ساخت اور فرائض بیان کریں۔

(13)

- یا -

سوال نمبر ۴: فراوانی کے نظریات بیان کریں۔

ذہانت کی آزمائشوں کی اقسام پر بحث کریں۔