Candidate Name	Centre Number	Candidate Number	

WELSH JOINT EDUCATION COMMITTEE

ENTRY LEVEL CERTIFICATE



CYD-BWYLLGOR ADDYSG CYMRU

TYSTYSGRIF LEFEL MYNEDIAD

730/06

# **Entry Level Certificate**

# **RELIGIOUS STUDIES**

### **OPTION 6**

### **BUDDHISM IN CONTEMPORARY SOCIETY**

P.M. FRIDAY, 16 March 2007

(30 minutes)

	Examiner only
Section A	
Section B	
Section C	
TOTAL	

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions in the spaces provided in this booklet.

If you have difficulty in reading a question, put up your hand and the teacher-in-charge will read it to you.

### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

No certificate will be awarded to a candidate detected in any unfair practice during the examination.

### **SECTION A**

Answer all questions.



- 1. (a) Look at the picture above and **underline TRUE** or **FALSE** below **each** of the following sentences. [3]
  - (i) The Buddha was an ascetic.

TRUE: FALSE

(ii) He found enlightenment sitting under an oak tree.

TRUE: FALSE

(iii) He never washed again after finding enlightenment.

TRUE: FALSE

(b) Fill in the blanks in the following passage, using words from the box below. [3]

The Buddha was \_\_\_\_\_\_ in India. He was a \_\_\_\_\_ prince.

He gave up all of his \_\_\_\_\_\_ to become a religious leader.

born	poor	royal
died	wealth	jobs

(a)	Why do Buddhists meditate?				
	Make <b>two</b> (2) points.				
(b)	Why did the Buddha die?				
	Make <b>two</b> (2) points.				
(c)	Explain why the Buddha fasted.				
	Make <b>two</b> (2) points.				
		[6			
'Wha	at you believe is more important than how you live.' Do you agree?				
Give	two (2) reasons for your answer.	[3			

### **SECTION B**

# Answer all questions.



Buddhist monk receiving food from some faithful Buddhists in Bangkok



The Buddhist scriptures being studied in a monastery

- 1. (a) Look at the pictures and words above and underline TRUE or FALSE below each of the following sentences. [3]
  - (i) Many Buddhists become monks during their lives.

TRUE: FALSE

(ii) Monks live in a monastery.

TRUE: FALSE

(iii) Buddhist monks wear purple robes.

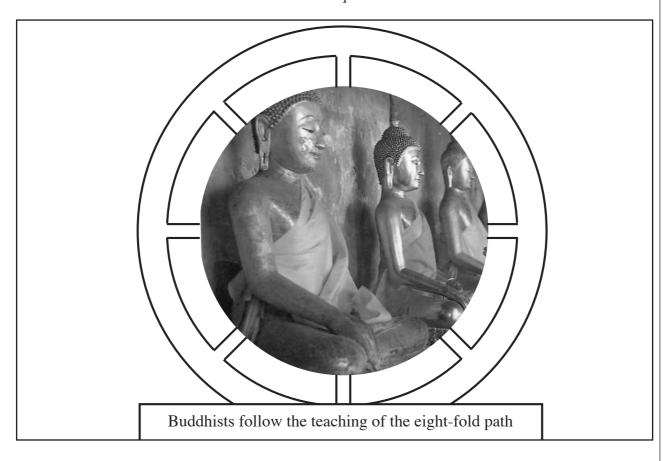
TRUE: FALSE

<i>(b)</i>	Fill in the blanks in the following passage, using words from the box below. [3]  Buddhists					
	incense	worship	rose	candle	lotus	sleep
(a)	Why do Budo Make <b>two</b> (2	dhists light an inc	cense stick in	the temple?		
(b)	Why is the ei	ight-spoke wheel ) points.	used as a syr	nbol in Buddhi	sm?	
(c)	Explain how Make <b>two</b> (2)	statues of the Bu ) points.	ddha show B	uddhist beliefs		
'You	do not have to	go to the temple	e regularly to	be a Ruddhist?		
		e <b>two</b> (2) reasons	•			1

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#### SECTION C

Answer all questions.



- 1. (a) Look at the picture and words above and underline TRUE or FALSE below each of the following sentences. [3]
  - (i) Buddhists follow the eight-fold path.

TRUE: FALSE

(ii) All Buddhists try to follow the example of the Buddha.

TRUE: FALSE

(iii) Buddhists believe in resurrection.

TRUE: FALSE

(b) Fill in the blanks in the following passage, using words from the box below. [3]

Buddhists do not believe in \_\_\_\_\_\_ meat. This \_\_\_\_\_\_

is known as being vegetarian. Buddhists believe that all \_\_\_\_\_\_
things are special.

killing value belief living dead eating

(a)	Why do Buddhists believe in non-violence?				
	Make two (2) points.				
(b)	Why does Buddhism accept homosexuality?  Make <b>two</b> (2) points.				
(c)	Explain why Buddhists are vegetarian.				
	Make <b>two</b> (2) points.				
		[6			
'For	Buddhists sex outside marriage is always wrong.' Do you agree?				
Give	e two (2) reasons for your answer.	[3]			

For reference only.

Section A; page 2 – Source: Page 13, Buddhism for Today, 1997, Oxford University Press, Chris Wright

Section B; page 4 (left hand photograph) – Source: Page 15, Cut, Paste and Surf, 2002, Nelson Thornes, G. Windsor

Section B; page 4 (right hand photograph) – Source: Page 52, *Buddhism for Today*, 1997, Oxford University Press, Chris Wright

Section C; page 6 – Source: page 4, Buddhism for Today, 1997, Oxford University Press, Chris Wright