Write your name here Surname		Other name	S
Edexcel Principal Learning	Centre Number		Candidate Number
Manufacturing Product Designate Sevel 3 Unit 1: Manufacturing	gn	ss Princ	ciples
Thursday 12 January 2012 - Time: 1 hour 30 minutes	- Afternoon		Paper Reference MP301/01
You may use a calculator.			Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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Turn over ▶

PEARSON

	Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the space provided.
1	Outline two differences between a key business function and a support function.
1	
Ι	
2	
	(Total for Question 1 = 4 marks)
2	Outline three key characteristics that define a medium sized manufacturing enterprise.
1	
2	
_	
3	
	(Total for Question 2 = 6 marks)
	(1911111)



3	Describe the key responsibilities of the production manager in a large manufacturing enterprise.		
	(Total for Question 3 = 6 marks)		
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5	A global manufacturer of computers is affected by inflation.	
	(a) Outline what is meant by the term inflation .	(2)
	(b) Describe how the computer manufacturer would be affected by a large change in the rate of inflation.	
	the rate of inflation.	(6)
	(Total for Question 5 = 8 mar	ks)

6	Environmental factors have an impact on costs for a car manufacturer.	
	(a) Describe the effect of disassembly/disposal costs for a manufacturing enterprise	<u>2</u> .
		(6)

Explain how this could reduc	e production cost	S.	101
			(6)
		(Total for Questio	n 6 = 12 marks)

	Outline two ways an increase in interest rates could affect a manufacturing enterpris	e.
2		
	(Total for Question 7 = 4 ma	rks)
8	(a) Outline one element of a business plan for a manufacturer.	(2)
	(b) Outline the importance of research and development (R&D) for a manufacturer.	(2)
	(Total for Question 8 = 4 ma	rks)

9	A clothing manufacturer has invested in new production technology.	
	(a) Outline two ways in which this investment would reduce production costs.	(4)
1		
2		
	(b) Other than investing in new technology, explain the efficiency methods the clothing manufacturer should use to further improve its production performance.	(6)
	(Total for Question 9 = 10 mai	rks)



10 Outline what is meant by the term financial risk assessment.		
(Total for Question 10	= 2 marks)	
11 (a) Outline two examples of non-value adding production activities for a manufacturer.		
1	(4)	
1		
2		



manufacturing business.	(8)
	(0)
	(Total for Question 11 = 12 marks)
ine what is meant by the term payback pe	eriod.



13 A manufacturing enterprise purchased a new machine for £110 000 on 1st January 2012. It is estimated that the machine will have a residual value of 20% of the purchase price after 5 years of useful life.

The enterprise has an accounting year end of 31st December.

(a) Using the formula for straight line depreciation,

$$\mathsf{Dpn} = \frac{\mathsf{C} - \mathsf{I}}{\mathsf{N}}$$

Calculate the annual straight line depreciation charge.

Show your working.

(2)

Space	for	working
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Answer:

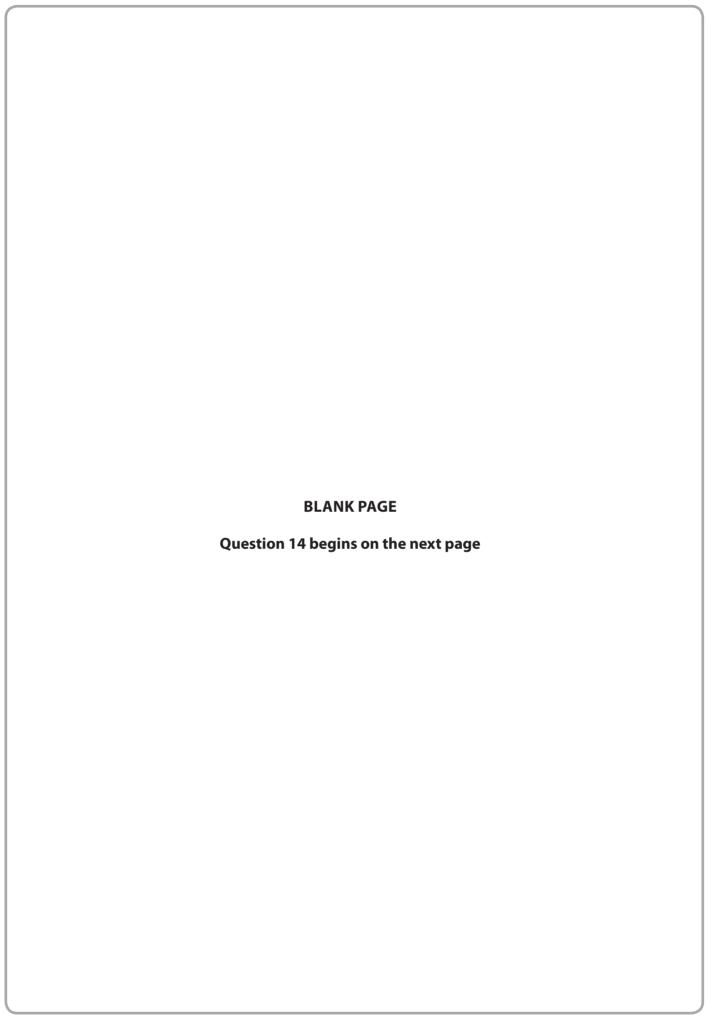
(b) Complete the balance sheet for 31st December 2014.

(2)

Balance sheet at 31st December 2014

	Liabilities (£)	Assets (£)
Machine at cost	110 000	
Accumulated depreciation		
Machine at net book value		

(Total for Question 13 = 4 marks)



14 The following table shows a cost benefit analysis for developing two products, M and N.

Product	М	N
Period over which benefits are calculated	12 months	15 months
Costs		
Design and development	£73 000	£40 000
Promotion	£5 000	£5 000
Administration	£14 000	£10 000
Facilities	£9 000	£15 000
Evaluation costs	£3 000	£3 000
Public consultation costs	£2 000	£2 000
Total costs	£106 000	£75 000
Benefits		
Labour saving	£31 000	£20 000
Productivity increases	£19 000	£12 000
Other cost savings	£11 000	£18 000
Other income generated	£10 000	£10 000
Total benefits	£71 000	£60 000

(a) (i) Calculate the return on inv	vestment for each product.
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(3)

Show your calculations here	
Answer for Product M:	Answer for Product N:

(ii) Using the return on investment method state which product should be developed.

(1)

i)	Calculate the payback period (in months) for	r each product. (3)
	Show your calculations here	
	Answer for Product M:	Answer for Product N:
i)	Using the payback period method state whi	ch product should be developed.
Isin	ng your answers from (a)(i) and (b)(i) explain v	which product you would develop. (2)
		(Total for Question 14 = 10 marks)
		TOTAL FOR PAPER = 90 MARKS



