FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

SOCIOLOGY

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

Student Bounty Com NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks. Write charly.

- 1. What major Contributions did Karl Marx and Ibn-i-Khaldun make to our understanding of the social experience?
- 2. Why is culture indispensable to human society and what part do norms and values play in social life?
- 3. Define social institution and how can religion held in check the explosive social tensions produced by inequality and injustice?
- How you can define poverty and what strategies the Government of Pakistan has adopted to alleviate poverty and also discuss the role of MGO aldress the issue of poverty.
- 4 4 3 1 1 2 4 4 5 His Co. 5. What are the social effects of deviance and do Crime-fighting programmes including imprisonment work in Pakistan?
- 6. Why is research essential to the scientific enterprise and what are the principal theoretical methods available to Sociologists in the study of social life? What are the advantages and disadvantages of each.
- Write short notes on the following: 7.

 - (a) Future of Cities in Pakistan (b) Implications of population growth
 - (c) Ethnocentricism
- (d) Probability and Non-probability Sampling

COMPULSORY OURSTION

- Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book, Donot reproduce the question. 8.
 - Man is a social animal, who said: (1)
 - Aristotle (a)
- (b) Ibn-i-Khaldun (d) AleGhazalio
- Max Weber (c)

(2)

(6)

- None of these (e)
- Who has written the book "Das Kapitalkus to its

 (a) Lewis Morgan (b) Max Weber

 (c) Karl Marx (d) Max August Comte

- (c)
- None of these (e)
- Who mainly presented the idea of Social Conflict: (3)

(a)

- Herbert Spencer (b) Emile Durkheim
- (c) Karl Marx
- None of these (e)

- Who advocated the philosophical approach called idealism for understanding (4) PR STEEL sogiety:
 - August Comte August Comte (d) Max Weber (a)
 - (c)
- Robert Park
- None of these (e) (5)
- Who is really the founder of Sociology
 (a) Amam Ghazali (b)
 (c) Parsons (c)
 - Ibn-i-Khaldun

- (e)
- None of these In the division of labour in the society with out of two types of solidarity
- identified by Durkheim:
- Mechanical and Organic Solidarity (a)
- Mechanical and Physical Solidarity (b)
- Physical and Spiritual Solidarity (c)
- Physical and Organic Solidarity (d)
- None of these (e)

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SOCIOLOGY:

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<u> JLV</u>	<u></u>		•					6		
(7)		mainly advocated the dation of the society":		conomic struct	ture of t	he societ	y is the real	Stude	18	
	(a)	Karl Marx	(b)	Charlus Coa		(c)	Robert Mertor	ı	143	
/ 0\	(d)	August Comte	(e)	None of thes	se				1:	1
(8)		ch one is first step of k		-						.C
	(a)	Theory	(b)	Law		(c)	Assumption			0/2
(0)	(d)	Intuitive	(e)	None of thes	se					2
(9)		cept of Co-variation m		.0 .0.5		Ė		• ((1	
	(a)	When two variable				Kema	in Unchanged			
	(c) One variable changes, other remains unchanged									
	(d)	None of these						(())		
(10)	Age									
	(a)	Nominal variable		(b)		nal varia	ble			
	(c)	Interval		(d)	Ratio)				
	(e)	None of these))		
(11)		ified Random Samplii						\mathcal{A}		
	(a)	Probability Sampling	ng techni	ique (b)	Non-	probabil	lity	,		
	(c)	None of these						ν.		
(12)	Polya	andry means:				•	((//))			
	(a) a form of marriage that joins one female with more than one male.									•
-	(b) A form of marriage that joins one female with one male.									
	(c)	A form of marriage					ne maie.		4:	
	(d) None of these									
(13)		ch one is a basic instit	ution for	socialization o	f childr	en:	<i>y</i>			
()	(a)	School	(b)	Religion	(c)	Famil	v			
	(d)	Community	(e)	None of thes		\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
(14)		lation change is main				7				
(- 1)	(a)	Fertility and Morta			lity and	migratio	nn .		•	
	(c)	Mortality and migr					nd migration			•
			ation	(u) Peru	HIY, IVIC	ntainty ai	id migration			
(16)	(e) None of these The infant mortality level in Pakistan is around:									
(15)			n Pakisa		5		(-) (0			1
	(a)	10		(b) 25			(c) 60			
	(d)	160	1		e of thes					ľ
(16)		ography is a scientific	study of	/ >/ ^						
	(a)	Size of population	((b)	struc	ture of p	opulation		•	
	(c)	composition of por					,			
	(d)	size, structure and	composi	tion of populati	ion					
	(e)	None of these		<i>></i>						
(17)	~	ersion and Variation c	an be ex							
	(a)	Mean		• •	dard de					
	(c)	Correlation Co-effi	cient	(d) Regr	ession (Co-effici	ent			
	(e)	None of these								$\sum_{i=1}^{n}$
(18)	How	many people in Pakis	itan are i		verty lin					
	(a)	10 percent	(b)	20 percent	(c)	32 pe	rcent			* !
	(d)	58 percent	(e)	None of thes	se				3 . ,	**
(19)	Norn	is and values are com	ponents	of:				*		
	(a)	Society	(b)	Religion	(c)	Cultu	re			
	(d)	Organization	(e)	None of thes			•		•	1
(20)		many functional requ				ed for th	e survival of			
` '	socie								• '	
	(a)	Three	(b)	Four	(c)	Six				
/	(d)	Eight	(e)	None of thes						A STATE OF THE STA
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