

# FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



## COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

### LAW, PAPER-II

<b>TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS</b>	<b>(PART-I MCQs)</b>	<b>30 MINUTES</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS: 20</b>
	<b>(PART-II)</b>	<b>2 HOURS &amp; 30 MINUTES</b>	<b>MAXIMUM MARKS: 80</b>
<b>NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.</b> <b>(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.</b>			

### PART-I ((MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

**Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle (●) on the OMR Answer Sheet. (20x1=20)**  
**(ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.**

- Whosoever attempts to commit Qatl-i-Amad in the name of or the pretext of honour shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than:  
(a) 10 years (b) 5 years (c) 7 years (d) None of these
- "A" offers a bribe to "B", a public servant, as a reward for showing "A" some favour in the exercise of B's official function. "B" accepts the bribe. "A" has abetted the offence defined in Section:  
(a) 503 P.P.C (b) 161 P.P.C (c) 511 P.P.C (d) None of these
- "A" makes an attempt to pick the pocket of "Z" by thrusting his hand into Z's pocket. "A" fails in the attempt in consequence of Z's having nothing in his pocket. "A" is guilty of offence under Section:  
(a) 379 P.P.C (b) 411 P.P.C (c) 511 P.P.C (d) None of these
- "A" unlawfully digs a pit in the thoroughfare, but, without any intension to cause death or harm of any person. "B" while passing falls in it and is killed. "A" has committed:  
(a) Qatl-i-Khata (b) Qatl-Bis-Sabab (c) Qatl-Shibh-i-Amad (d) None of these
- "A" aims at a deer but misses the target and kills "Z". "A" is guilty of:  
(a) Qatl-i-Amad (b) Qatl-i-Khata (c) Qatl-Shibh-i-Amad (d) None of these
- Section 411 P.P.C relates to:  
(a) Extortion (b) Dacoity (c) Dishonestly receiving stolen property (d) None of these
- "A" threat to injure the reputation of any deceased person in whom the person threatened is interested is punishable under Section:  
(a) 506 P.P.C (b) 500 P.P.C (c) 508 P.P.C (d) None of these
- In culpable homicide amounting to murder:  
(a) Intention/knowledge is an essential ingredient (b) Intention/knowledge has no relevance at all  
(c) Motive not set up need not to be proved (d) None of these
- Trial is a judicial proceedings which ends in:  
(a) Conviction/acquittal (b) Discharge (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
- Sections 241 Cr.P.C to 249 Cr.P.C are applicable to trials before:  
(a) High Court (b) Session Court (c) Magistrate (d) None of these
- A woman being accused of any offence not punishable with death has been detained for such offence is entitled to bail after expiry of the period of:  
(a) Five months (b) Six months (c) One year (d) None of these
- The accuse shall not render himself liable to punishment by refusing to answer any question under Section 342 Cr.P.C or by giving false answer to them.  
(a) True (b) False (c) None of these

## LAW, PAPER-II

13. Criminal Procedure is code of:  
(a) Substantive law (b) Adjective law (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
14. In every case where accused is convicted, the copy of judgement shall be given to him:  
(a) Immediately (b) After 7 days (c) On confirmation by High Court (d) None of these
15. Proof 'beyond any reasonable shadow of doubt' is a sine qua non in:  
(a) Civil matters (b) Criminal cases (c) Service matters (d) None of these
16. A judgement in rem is valid against:  
(a) Entire world (b) In personam (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
17. Confession made under the promise of secrecy is:  
(a) Admissible (b) Inadmissible (c) Objectionable (d) None of these
18. An irrebuttable presumption is:  
(a) Inconclusive proof of a fact (b) Conclusive proof of a fact  
(c) Can be contradicted (d) None of these
19. Statement of the accused under Section 342 Cr.P.C shall be recorded on:  
(a) Oath (b) Without oath (c) Subject to discretion of court (d) None of these
20. Doctrine of estoppel:  
(a) Applies to a minor (b) Does not apply to a minor  
(c) Applies to a minor for acts and omission of others (d) None of these

### PART-II

- NOTE:** (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.  
(ii) Candidate must write **Q. No.** in the **Answer Book** in accordance with **Q. No.** in the **Q. Paper**.  
(iii) Attempt **ONLY FIVE** questions from **PART-II**, selecting at least **ONE** question from **EACH SECTION**. **ALL** questions carry **EQUAL** marks.  
(iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

### SECTION-A (QANUN-E-SHAHADAT ORDER, 1984)

- Q.No.2.** What are identification parades? Under what Article of Qanun-e-Shahadat Order are they relevant and what is their evidentiary value? (16)
- Q.No.3.** Under what circumstances, facts which are not otherwise relevant, become relevant. State and explain the provisions in Qanun-e-Shahadat Order. (16)
- Q.No.4.** Write a short note on: Examination in Chief, Cross Examination, Re-examination and Leading Questions. (16)

### SECTION-B (CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE, 1898)

- Q.No.5.** Explain the processes to compel the appearance of a person before a Criminal Court. (16)
- Q.No.6.** What is Confession? How it can be recorded? Whether the statement under Section 164 Cr.P.C can be used against the accused and under what circumstances. (16)
- Q.No.7.** Write a short note on 'FIR', 'Dying Declaration', 'Discharge' and 'Charge'. (16)

### SECTION-C (PAKISTAN PENAL CODE, 1860)

- Q.No.8.** What is difference between 'Cheating', 'misappropriation' and 'theft'? Discuss in detail. (16)
- Q.No.9.** When a person is accused of an offence the 'burden of proof' is on the prosecution, What are the exceptions to this rule? (16)
- Q.No.10.** Define and explain: (16)
- (a) Qisas (b) Badl-i-Sulah (c) Diyat  
(d) Arsh (e) Daman

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