# FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

#### LAW-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS **MAXIMUM MARKS: 100** Attempt any SIX questions in all, including QUESTION NO. 9 which is NOTE: COMPULSORY and carries 20 marks. All other questions carry 16

marks each. Attempt at least ONE question from each of the PARTS

'A', 'B' and 'C'. Write clearly.

#### PART-A: (CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE)

- Write a detailed note on the doctrine of restitution. 1.
- Explain the meaning and scope of "Inherent Powers" of the Court. 2.
- Write short notes on: 3.
  - Judgement debtor (a)
- Ex parte decree

# PART-B: (THE CONTRACT ACT)

- "Law does not countenance an agreement whereby it is sought to oust the 4. jurisdiction of law courts". Discuss and state whether there are any exceptions to this rule.
- Write short notes on the following: 5.
  - Consideration (a)

Contract of Guarantee

#### PART-C: (LAW OF TORTS)

(b)

- "No action lies for a wrong, which is authorised by the Legislature". 6. Comment.
- Explain the maxim "Actio Personalis Maritur cum Persona". 7
- Write short notes on: 8.
  - Abuse of legal process
- Vicarious liability (b)

#### COMPULSORY QUESTION

- Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the 9. question.
  - The Civil Procedure Code was enacted in: (1)
    - 1908 (a)

(b)

1947 (c)

- None of these (d)
- When a decision of a civil court is a decree: (2)
  - (a) No appeal lies therefrom (b) An appeal invariably lies therefrom
  - (c) None of these
- Cause of action means: (3)
  - Subject matter of a suit. (a)
- Relief claimed in a suit. (b)
- Parties to a suit. (c)
- None of these (d)
- Written statement is a statement of: (4)
  - plaintiff (a)
- defendant (b)
- witness (c)
- None of these (d)

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. * /	(a) (b) (c)	(b) • to the decree holder out of the Court							
(7)	A sui (a)	t comes to an end on the de false	ath of the (b)	plaintiff: true	•				
(8)	A cor (a) (c)	nmission is appointed unde The parties the Court	r the Civi (b) (d)	Procedure Code by: the Provincial Government None of these.					
(9)	A rec (a) (c)	eiver is representative of: the Court defendant	(b) (d)	plaintiff None of these.					
(10)	Issue: (a) (c)	s in a civil suit are framed b the parties witnesses	y: (b) (d)	Advocates of the parties None of these					
(11)	In a c (a) (c)	ontract of guarantee there a Two parties Four parties	re: (b) (d)	Three parties None of these.					
(12)	Reme (a) (c)	edy of injunction is: negative mitigation of damages	(b) (d)	positive None of these					
(13)	Perfo (a) (b)	rmance of a contract: cannot be avoided may be avoided in certain	ı circumst	ances					
(14)	A pro (a) (c)	oposal when accepted become An agreement  None of these	nes:\(\(\b)\)	a contract					
(15)	An ag (a) (c)	greement to do an impossible Voidable None of these	e act is: (b)	valid					
(16)	The v (a) (c)	word tort is derived from: Latin English	(b) (d)	Roman None of these.					
(17)	Malic (a)	e is necessary ingredient in True	tort: (b)	False					
(18)	Wron (a) (c)	ngfully setting the law in mo defamation nuisance	otion is: (b) (d)	fraud None of these					
(19)		e a person having right to e long time, it is called: Release negligence	nforce a c (b) (d)	laim abstains from enforcing it acquiescence None of these					
(20)		ass to person without lawfu assault false imprisonment None of these.	, ,						

9.

OMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

#### LAW-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE:

Attempt any SIX questions in all, including QUESTION NO. 9 which is COMPULSORY and carries 20 marks. All other questions carry 16 marks each. Attempt at least ONE question from each of the PARTS 'A', 'B' and 'C'. Write clearly.

#### PART-A: (THE QANUN-E-SHAHADAT ORDER, 1984)

- 1. Explain the different stages in which evidence of a witness is recorded in a case.
- 2. "All relevant facts are not admissible, but all admissible facts are relevant".

  Discuss.
- 3. Write short notes on:
  - (a) Refreshing memory
- (b) Privileged communication

# PART-B: (CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE)

- 4. Describe confession and state the procedure laid down in the Code for recording it.
- 5. Explain the appellate jurisdiction and revisional jurisdiction of a High Court indicating points of difference between them.
- 6. Write short notes on the following:
  - (a) Approver

Compoundable offences

#### PART-C: (PAKISTAN PENAL CODE)

(b)

- 7. Explain the principle of "mens rea". How far this principle is recognised in P.P.C.?
- 8. Write short notes on:
  - (a) Harbouring an offender
- (b) Criminal intimidation

### COMPULSORY QUESTION

- 9. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.
  - (1) An arbitrator is also a Court:
    - (a) correct

- (b) incorret
- An oral statement made by a person which suggests any inference as to any fact in issue under certain circumstances is:
  - (a) Admission
- (b) confession
- (c) None of these
- (3) Oral evidence is:

(a)

- (b) no evidence
- (c) bad evidence
- (d) None of these
- (4) Generally documents are to be proved by:

Best evidence

- (a) primary evidence
- (b) secondary evidence
- (c) None of these

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# LAW-II

			•					
(5)	Irrelev (a) (c)	vant questions may be a prosecution presiding judge	sked by	the: (b) (d)	defence None of these			
				(u)	None of mese			
(6)	Ambig (a)	guities in documents are Latent	e:	(b)	patant			
	(c)	Both (a) and (b)		(d)	patent None of these			
(7)	When a fact is neither proved nor disproved, it is said to be:							
(7)	wnen (a)	not proved	nor ais	sproved (b)	, it is said to be: proved			
	(c)	None of these		(0)	proved			
70)		nizable offence is usual	11					
(8)	(a)	no offence	ııy.	(b)	serious offence			
	(c)	minor offence		(d)	None of these.			
(0)	There is no difference between a complaint and FIR.							
(9)	(a) correct (b) incorrect							
(10)	• •		,	,				
(10)	An inv	estigation is made by: a Police Officer		(b)	a Magistrate			
	(a) (c)	Both '		(d)	None of these			
(1.1)				,				
(11)	(a)	i charge has been frame Discharged	agair	ist an ai (b)	acquitted			
	(c)	both of these		(d)	None of these.			
				(-)				
(12)	A pers	on, who has committed	l a serio	us offe	nce may be arrested by:			
	(a)	a private person		(b)	Police Officer			
	(c)	Magistrate		(d)	All of the above			
	(e) None of these							
(13)		ted confession is a con-	lession	1/ 7/				
	(a)	A Police Officer		(p)	a Magistrate			
	(c)	a private person		(q)	None of these			
(14)		there is a conviction, t	here is	1/				
	(a)	False		<b>(b)</b>	True			
(15)	A signs his own name to a bill of exchange, intending that it may be believed that the bill was drawn by another person of the same name.							
		committed:	<u> </u>	(b)	fraud			
	(a) (c)	forgery mischief	/	(d)	None of these			
(16)	• •		tha inta					
(16)	Whoever does anything with the intention of causing wrongful gain to one person or wrongful loss to another person is said to do that thing:							
	(a)	fraudulently	(b)		g or losing wrongfully			
	(c)	dishonestly	(d)		of these.			
(17)	Prepar	ration to commit an offe	ence is:					
	(a)	Not punishable	(b)		nable in certain cases			
	(e) <sub>\</sub>	None of these		-	•			
(18)		y means:						
1	(a)	adultery		.•	·			
4	<ul><li>(b) taking away with criminal intention a married woman.</li><li>(c) Concealment of a marriage.</li></ul>							
	(c) (d)	None of these	mage,					
(19)		ハのル の these ファファ ) is a hurt, its k	inds are	ð:				
7	(a)	Two		(b)	three			
	(c)	four		(d)	None of these			
(20)		ution is bound to prove	motive		_			
	(a)	correct		(b)	incorrect			

CON IN TIME AL NOTE:

- 1. Asif and "Asif & on the b previous suits of judgeme enforce that his dissolut confirmit to destronot?
- 2. "The La member statemen the reali
- 3. Aftab su which s substant to Bilal omitted because are now Compar situation
- 4. How is a
- 5. Arif pur ever bee never sequickly accident. although there had Ltd. and raised the and had constitute
- 6. Compare lost watch

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