FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001.

JOURNALISM

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

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NOTE:

Attempt FIVE questions in all, including question No.8 which is COMPULSORY. Select at least TWO questions from each of the SECTIONS I AND II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

SECTION-I

- "Communication is a process, a series of actions, always in motion and directed 1. toward a particular goal". Elaborate.
- 2. Describe the functions of journalism as a challenging profession and devise guiding principles for today's journalist.
- Looking into recent developments taking place in the world how do you perceive 3. the role of newspapers in Pakistan.
- Describe the potentials of television medium and make critical analysis how far we have been able to make its effective use for national development.

SECTION - II

- Inspite of having a clear criteria by which to judge news, the fact is that "the news 5. is what we make of it". Discuss.
- 6. How does public relations differ from advertising? Does public relations offer advantages not available through advertising? Explain.
- Write analytical notes on the following:
 - (a) Free flow of information
 - Ethic of reporting; objectivity and conflict of interest. (b)
 - Score of news magazines (c)
 - Editorials Cartoon

COMPULSORY QUESTION

- Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the questions.
 - Communication is a: ω
 - Theory (b) (a) Strategy
- (c) Process (d) None of these
- (2) Television is:

(3)

- (a) Hot medium (b)
- Cool Medium (c)
- Both (a) and (b)
- (d)
- None of (a) and (b).
 - The audience for whom the message is specifically designed are called:
- The target audience (a) The available audience
- (b) The actual audience (d) None of these
- Mathematical model of communication was developed by: (4)
 - Wilbur Schram (a)
 - Charles E Osgood (b)
 - Claude Shannon and Warren Weaver (d) (c)
- None of these
- (5) Sementic problem in communication deals with:
 - The effectiveness of the message (a)
 - The transmission of the message (b)
 - The selection of words.
- (d) None of these

JOURNALISM

(6)	In Rhetorical Communication Theory the major emphasis has been placed on:
(7)	(a) Communicator (b) Audience (c) Response (d) None of these The phrase "the medium is the message and the message" was
(8)	(a) Malcolm Maclean (b) Marshall Mcluhan (c) Harold Lasswell (d) None of these The author of the well known communication book "Men, Messages and Media:
	A look at Human Communication" is:
	(a) Charles Wright (b) Herbert Brucver
(9)	about what is to be communicated are called.
(10)	(a) Regulators (b) Gatekeepers (c) Reporters (d) None of these Readers of a specialised magazine are known as: (a) Homogenous audience
(11)	(c) Both of these
	The type of communication based on purchased time or space is called: (a) Publicity (b) Advertising (c) Both of these
(12)	The structure of newspapers is determined by: (a) Frequency of publication (b) Size
13)	(c) Circulation (d) All of these (e) None of these. The individual or organization that initiates the advertising process, is
	(a) The advertiser (b) The director of advertising agency
14)	One of the major advantages of radio medium for a trade
	(b) Dames and
15)	(c) Flexibility (d) The largest newspaper of Pakistan is: None of these.
/	The largest newspaper of Pakistan is

(16)

Jang (b) Nawa-e-Waqt (c) The News (d) None of these.

World Service of Pakistan Television can be watched in: (a) 30 countries (b) 40 countries (c) 50 countries (d)

Reuters is the news agency of:
(a) Holiand (b) France (c) None of these. (17)

UPI is the abbreviation of: (18)(a)

(19)

England -United Press of India

None of these.

(d) None of these

United Press of Indonesia (c) The founder editor of Nawa-e-Wagat was: (d)

United Press International None of these.

Hameed Nizami (a) (c) Arif Nizami

(b) Majeed Nizami (d) None of these.

The meeting of professionals having a series of prepared lectures, (20) followed by questions and answers, is called:

(a) Seminar (b) Workshop (c) Symposium