FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-I

		TEDEDAL DIDI	C SE	DVICE CO	DATABLESTON .	(24) ARKS: 100 EY.		
		FEDERAL PUBLI			MENT TO POSTS	376		
		IN BPS-17, UNDER TI			NMENT, 2005	THE.		
		CHEN	<u> </u>	Y, PAPER-I		12		
TIME NOT		WED: THREE HOURS Attempt FIVE questions in all, in All questions carry EQUAL mark		QUESTION NO.8	MAXIMUM M B, which is COMPULSOI	ARKS: 100 XY.		
1.	(a) (b) (c)	Discuss the results of a particle in a Describe the main conditions of way What is meant by eigen function? H	e equatio		e beliaviour of hydrogen at	(5) (6)		
2.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	Derive an equation to determine the p H of dibasic acid. Discuss the chemical composition of glass membrane used in glass electrode. Write the chemical composition and reaction of dry cell used as power flash light. What are fuel cells? Discuss the chemistry of hydrogen oxygen fuel cell. (6)						
3.	(a) (b)	Give various methods for the determ Discuss their importance in thermod For the general reaction, the standard Calculate the value for equilibrium of	ynamics. I free ene			(7 + 5) (8)		
			(R =	8.31 J K mol	5	•		
4.	(a) (b) (c)	What are Roasting and Smelting profor the production of metals. Differentiate between homocatenation Explain briefly invitro and invivo nit compounds in the process.	on and he	eterocatemation. Gi	ive suitable examples.	(7) (4) ·		
	(d)	Starting from silica, how will you pr	epare any ter glass		ing: Nuoro silicic acid	(4)		
5.	(a) (b)	Describe the importance of Calcium commercial scale. What is the function of NO in the ma			• •	(8) (6)		
	(c) [']	Thermodynamic Stability is differen	t from Ki	inetic stability. Co	mment on the above states	nent. (6)		
6.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	What is meant by Crystal Field Stab Explain briefly the spectrochemical Discuss various experimental eviden What is Chelate Effect? Explain.	series.			oplications. (5) (5) (5) (5)		
7.		notes on any four of the following: Molecular Orbital Theory (2) Semiconductors (4) Uses of Chlorine gas (6)	′ Form	illurgy of Aluminius of Oxygen Pollution	Jim	(5 each)		
		COMP	ULSOR	Y QUESTION				
3.	Write	only the correct answer in the Answer	Book. D	o not reproduce th	e question.			
	(1)	An important characteristic of the Tr (a) They generally exhibit more (c) They are all amphoteric elen (c) They are magnetic	than one		They have identical chem Their f subshells are parti			
/	(2)	The elements of Group la arc known (a) The halogens (c) The alkaline earths	as: (b) (d)	The alkali meta Transition elem				
1	(3)	The elements which possess the prop (a) Fe, Co and Al (c) Fe, Co and Ni	erty of fe (b) (d)	erromagnetism are Os, Ir and Pt Fe, Al and Ni	(Identify the set of elemen	ts):		
	(4)	All the transition elements: (a) Are metals (c) have large atomic radii	(b)	have high melti form covalent b	ng points oonds with non metals	Page 1 of 2		

(5)	The re	eaction of an acid with a base to fe	orm wa	ater and salt is called:	O.			
(5)	(a)	Dissociation	(b)	lonization	10			
	(c)	Neutralization	(d)	ater and salt is called: lonization Hydrolysis	1			
(6)	As a s	solution of weak acid becomes mo	re dilu	ite:	7			
` '	(a)	The strength of the acid increas		(b) The concentration of the ions in s	oluti			
	(c)	The percentage of the molecule						
(7)	Whic	h one is the principal quantum nu	mber7	÷	4			
	(a)	1	(b)	s				
	(c)	n · ·	(d)	m				
(8)		energy change in a chemical reacti			1			
	(a)	ΛS	(b)	ΔH))			
	(c)	ΔG	(d)	ΔΕ				
(9)								
	(a)	A mixture of hypochlorous acid	d and c		acid			
	(c)	Chloric acid		(d) Perchloric acid				
(10)	The f	ormula of cryolite is:						
	(a)	Al_2O_3	(b)	Na ₃ Al F ₆				
	(c)	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	(d)	Al F ₃				
(11)	An ar	nhydride of nitric acid is:						
	(a)	NO ₂	(b)	N ₂ O ₃				
	(c)	N ₂ O ₄	(d)	N ₂ O ₅				
(12)) The thermodynamic systems that have high stability tend to demonstrate:							
` ′	(a)	minimum ΔH, minimum ΔS	(b)	minimum ΔH, maximum ΔS				
	(c)	maximum ΔH, minimum ΔS	(d)	maximum ΔH, maximum ΔS				
(13)	In ele	ectrolysis, E ^o tends to be:	6.7					
` ′	(a)	negative /	(b)	positive				
	(c)	neutral	(d)	zero				
(14)	Wher	n an excited electron tends to retur	n to th	e ground state, it releases:				
• /	. (a)	Alpha particles	(b)	Beta particles				
	(c)	Protons	(d)	Protons				
(15)	A non-metallic oxide which reacts with water to form an acid is often called:							
(,	(a)	Basic oxide	(b)	Hydroxide				
	(c)	Acid Hydrate	(d)	Acid Anhydride	٠			
(16)	Wher	oduct is:						
` ′	(a)	Red Phosphorus	(b)	P ₄ O ₆				
	(c)	P ₄ O ₁₀	(d)	H ₃ PO ₄				
(17)	IfΔH	and AS are both positive:		·				
• ,	(a)	ΔF is always positive		(b) ΔF is always n	egat			
	(c)	The reaction becomes spontane	ous at		-			
	(d)	The reaction becomes spontane						
(18)	Chale	socite is an ore of:						
Λ,	(3)	Aluminium	(Ն)	Copper				
4	Ö	Zinc	(d)	Iron				

(19)

(20)

(a) (c)

(a)

(c)

(b) (d)

(b)

(d)

+1 only

+2 & +3

Ammonia

Carbon monoxide

Transition metal, Zinc exhibits oxidation states of:

 $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$ gas which when present in air causes acid rain:

+2 only +2 & +4

Nitrogen Sulphur dioxide

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CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

i. (a) Discuss the principles involved in the Valence Bond Theory. How this theory is applied to explain the formation of Chemical bonds in, NH ₃ , HCl & molecules.	Νz						
(b) Predict the shape of the following molecules:							
CIF ₃ , SF ₆ , ClO ₂ and NO ₃ (c) Write the structural formula of:	(6)						
(c) Write the structural formula of: (i) Blood Sugar (ii) Table Sugar (iii) Milk Sugar	(3)						
2. (a) Distinguish between the Molecularity and the Order of reaction. Explain	(8)						
with examples (b) In Thermal Decomposition of benzene diazonium Chloride	(o)						
$C_6H_5N=NCI - \frac{H_2O}{50^{\circ}c} \sim C_6H_5CI + N_2$							
Time (min.) 5 10 15 20 00							
Volume of N ₂ (ml) 17.5 29.7 38.2 44.3 58.3 From the give data show that this is first order reaction.	(6)						
(c) Describe the synthesis of "DDT" from Trichloro-acetaldehyde.	(6)						
3. (a) How Aromatic amino compounds are converted to diazonium salts. (b) What happens when Benzene diazonium salt is treated with	(5) 12)						
(1) $H_3 PO_2$ (2) $H_2 \frac{0}{\Delta}$ (3) ROH							
(4) RCOOH (5) NaCN + CuCN (6) $\frac{\text{NaOAc} + \text{H}_2\text{O}}{\text{C}_6\text{H}_6}$							
(c) Give structures of three alkaloids obtained from opium	(3)						
4. (a) Explain Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules. Where are they applied in Chemistry. Give examples.	(8)						
(b) Predict the Product of the following reaction and explain its formation:	(6)						
Me H ₂ SO ₄							
(c) Give the Industrial use of Whale oil and Cod-Liver oil.	(6)						
	12)						
Ketones and Hydroperoxide are symthesized from Grignard's reagent. (b) Explain, why Halogens' are Ortho, para directors and are deactivating.	(5)						
(c) Give the decreasing order of reactivity of alkyl halides in reactions with metals to give Organometallics.	(3)						
6. (a) One mole of benzene is mixed with 1 mole of nitrobenzene and ½ mole of bromine. Some Fe Br ₃ is added and the mixture is heated to reflux.	(6)						
What is the major reaction product? Explain your answer giving full reaction. (b) Explain:							
(ii) Carbonyl compounds are more soluble in water than the corresponding	(2) (2)						
alkanes but less than the corresponding alcohols. (c) What makes azo compounds so suitable as dyes?	(3)						
(d) Describe the preparation of Streptomycin by Fermentation.	(7)						
(a) Prove the nucleophilicity and basicity are fundamentally different properties. Prove with special reference to Aromatic amines.	(4)						
(b) Discuss importance of Alkylation, Hydroalkylation and cracking in the manufacture of petrochemicals.	(8)						
(c) Write note on Homogeneous and Heterogeneous Catalysis. Page 1 of 2	(8)						

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

COMPULSORY QUESTION

							7	C	
CHEM	<u>MSTR</u>	Y, PAP		SORY	<u>ouestion</u>			adents	
8. (A)	Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question. A) Choose the suitable answer from the given options. (1) Perspex belongs to which class:								134
		(a) (d)	Alkaloid Organic Solvent	(b) (e)	Anti-biotic Alkylhalide	(c) (f)	Polymer None of these		8.
	(2)	The fo (a) (d)	rmula of "Laughing G CH3COCl HNO2	as" is: (b) (e)	Ph-N=N-Ph CH ₂ O	(c) (f)	N ₂ O None of these		
	(3)	"PbS" (a) (d)	is also called: Gallic acid Pyrogalld	(b) (e)	Galena Sulphonamid	(c) e (f)	Alum None of these		
	(4)	Which	of the following is no	t an Alk	aloid:				
		(a) (d)	Atropine Hygrine	(b) (e)	Nicotine Pipcritene	(c) (f)	Piperine Nonc of these		
	(5)		Regia is also known as · Aq. AgNo ₃ · Argentite	: (b) (e)	Royal Water Aragonite	(c) (f)	Carborundum None of these	/ .	-
	(6)		given reaction 2N ₂ O ₅	• •			Trong Vi globb	4	
i	(")	What i	s the order of this reaction	on from	Log [N	205]	Time		
		(a) (d)	Third Second	(b) (e)	Fourth First	(c) (f)	Zero None of these	,	· _
	(7)	Which (a)	of the following is a confidence	lextroro	tatory compou	nd? (c)	Br H		
		•	Br H	Br	√ k c1		CH ₃ cl		
		(d)	Can't be decided by s			(e)	None of these		
	(8)	A pers (a) (d)	on unable to see in the Ascorbic acid Vitamin E	dark or (b) (d)	dim light due Vitamin D Thiamine	to defic (c) (f)	ciency of: Vitamin A None of these		
r	(9)	What	is the bond order of F2	, accord	ing to Molecul	ar Orbit	tal Theory:		
		(a) (d)	3	(b) (e)	2 2 ½	(t)	4 None of these		
	(10)	Which bonding (a)	of the following cong of aloms? Ca F_2	mpound (b)	s has most lik Si H4		en formed by Co NaCl	ovalent	
		(d)	MgO	(e)		(c) (f)	None of these		
(B)	Write	only Tr	ue or False in the Ansv	ver Boo	k. Do not repr	oduce t	he statements.	(6)	
	(11) (12) (13) (14) (15)	Grigna Lower Drying	e number for heptane is ard's reagent can be pro the Pka higher will be goil contains saturated se on acetylation forms	pared for acid straction fatty ac	rength. eids which poly	merize		ogen.	
\	(16)	NO ₂ 1	nas a linear structure.		•				
(C)	Sugges (17) (18) (19) (20)	Harder Used a A reac	nost suitable word for ning of rubber by heati as an explosive and for tion between a compo- rs obtained by rotation	ng it wi med by und and	th sulphur is ca the nitration of its solvent is r	alled — f Tolver named –	ne.	(4)	
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