FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001.

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including question No.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

- 1. (a) What are the Lowry-Bronsted definitions of an acid and a base?
 Why this concept of acid base is less restrictive than the Arrheniues definition?
 - (b) Which is the stronger acid of the following pairs? Give reasons.

H₂SO₄ or HClO, H₃ASO₄ or H₃PO₄ CH₁OH or CH₁SH

- (c) Formic acid, HCOOH, has pka = 3.7 and picric acid, $C_6H_3N_3O_7$, has pka = 0.3, which is strong acid?
- (d) Boron trichloride, BCl₃, reacts with diethyl ether, (C₂H₃)₂O, to form addition compound Cl₃BO(C₂H₃)₂. Identify Lewis acid and Lewis base.
- (c) What do you understand by the following?
 (i) Soft base (ii) Hard base (iii) Soft acid (iv) Hard acid
- (f) What is symbiosis?
- 2. (a) What do you mean by thermodynamics? Discuss its scope and limitations
 - (b) What is meant by the following terms?

 (i) Reversible and irreversible process
 - (ii) Isothermal and adiabatic process
 - (c) State the second law of thermodynamics and explain the condition under which heat can be Converted into work.
 - (d) What is Clausius clapeyron equation? Discuss its applications.
 - (e) Define and explain the terms, "Work Function" and "Free Energy" as used in Thermodynamics.
- 3. (a) Aluminum is not found in native form but in combination, why?
 - (b) What are the chief minerals of aluminum? Write down the impurities associated with it?
 - (c) How aluminum is extracted from its important ore by Hall's and Heroult process? Why chemical reduction is not suitable in this case?
 - (d) Write down major applications of aluminum
 - (e) What are ultramarines?
- 4. (a) What are the essentials of crystal field theory (CFT)?
 - What is meant by crystal field splitting and crystal field stabilization energy of a Coordination compound?
 - (c) What do you understand by 10Dq? Write the units in which it's being expressed. What is Meant by D and q.
 - (d) How CFT can explain the violet colour of [Ti(H₂O)₆]³
 - (e) Is this d-d electronic transition in [Ti(H₂O)₆]³ allowed or forbidden? Give reasons.
 - (f) What is Jahn Teller effect? Show this Jahn Teller effect in the absorption spectra of [Ti(H,O),]¹³

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-I

- Write down the similarities between carbon and silicon. Why silicon (a) form complexes while carbon does not?
- Student Bounty.com (b) What is allotropy? Write down the different allotropic forms of carbon.
 - (c) What are silicones? Give their important applications.
 - (c) Explain the difference in density and electrical conductivity between diamond and graphite.
- 6. (a) What is meant by corrosion?
 - Discuss the mechanism of rusting of iron. (b)
 - How rusting process could be controlled? (c)
 - (d) Aluminum is more reactive than iron, but corrosion is more serious problem with iron than with aluminum. What is the reason for it?
 - (d) The process of rusting is more pronounced in coastal regions. Explain why?
- 7. Write notes on the following.
 - Theories of metallic bonding. (b) Glass industry (a)
 - (c) Water pollution problem in Pakistan.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

- 8. Write only the correct answer in the answer book. Do not reproduce the question.
 - (1)Rutherford's scattering experiment showed that.
 - (a) The nuclear charge is proportional to atomic number.
 - (b) Electrons are small compared with the atom.
 - (c) The nucleus is small as compared with the atom. (d) None of these.
 - (2)In photoemission of electron the energies of electron emitted depend on the:
 - (a) Intensity.

- (b) Wavelength,
- (c) Velocity of light.
- (d) None of these.
- (3) The charge density, due to an electron wave, at a point x at a time t is given by:
 - (a) cA 2
- (b) e | \pu |2
- (c)
- (d) None of these.
- De broglie's relation between momentum and wavelength for an electron is:
 - (a) $\lambda = h/p$
- (b) p= h v
- (c) p= λ/h
- (d) None of these.
- The kinetic energy associated with plane electron wave is given by: (5)
- (b) $\frac{1}{2}$ mk²
- (c) $h^2 k^2 / 8\pi^2 m$
- (d) None of these.

- (6) The total energy of the electron is:
 - The difference between its kinetic and potential energy.
 - The sum of its kinetic and potential energy. (b)
 - The product of its kinetic and potential energy. (c)
- (7)If the wavelength of an electron wave is infinite the electron must be stationary:
 - (a) True (b) False
- (8) The quantization condition for the electron wave is that:
 - The value of φ must not be discontinuous. (a)
 - The value of $d \varphi / dx$ must not be discontinuous. (b)
 - The value of φ and $d\varphi$ / dx must not be discontinuous. (c)
 - (d) None of these.
- The energy differences between adjacent energy levels of the hydrogen atom: (9)
 - (a) Decrease with increasing energy. (b) Increase with increasing energy.
 - (b) Are independent of energy.
- (d) None of these.

None of these.

(17)The charring action of H, SO, is due to its being:

Dehydrating agent An oxidizing agent. (a) (b)

(c) A reducing agent. None of these.

Aqua regia is mixture of: (18)

> HCI & H, SQ. (a)

HCI & HNO, (b)

HNO, & II, SO. (c)

None of these. (d)

(19)The addition of a catalyst to a reaction:

> Changes the enthalpy (a)

(b) Changes the entropy.

Changes the activation energy.

(d) None of these.

Of the visible spectrum shorter wavelength is: (20)

Red. (b)

Green.

(c) Violet.

(d) None of these. Student Bounty.com

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CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

TIM	1E ALLO	WED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MA	MAXIMUM MARKS: 100			
NOTE:		Attempt FIVE questions in all, including question No.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.				
1.	(a)	On the basis of molecular orbital theory, explain the formation of molecules of O ₂ and HF. Also give molecular orbital diagram a calculate the bond oder.				
•	(b)	Give example in each case and explain the phenomena of sp ³ ,	\ \ \ \ \ \			
	(0)	hybridization.	(12)			
2.	(a) (b)	Explain the terms "Molecularity" and "Order of Reaction". Derive an expression for the rate constant for second order reactions of the initial consentration of reactions to be different to				
	(c)	assuming the initial concentration of reactants to be different. How does the increase in temperature effect equilibrium for an reaction.	(13) exothermic (03)			
3.	(a)	In the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis, discuss the following with specific extension in the context of catalysis and catalysis.	xamples: (07) (07)			
	(b)	Explain the terms: (i) Catalyst promotion. (ii) Auto catalysis. (iii) Catalyst poisoning.	(2 x 3)			
4.	Using	CH, MgI as one of the starting material, how would you prepare	$: (8 \times 2\frac{1}{2})$			
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) (viii)	Acetone 1-Butane Dimethyl Ether Ethyl alcohol 2-Butyne Tertiary butyl alcohol. Acetic Acid Isopropyl alcohol.	4			
5.	(a)	Why benzene undergoes electrophilic substitution reaction whe alkenes undergo addition reactions?	reas (10)			

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CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

									13		
	(b)	. How will	ll you <mark>syntl</mark>	nesize th	c follow	ing com	pounds fron	n benzen	778		
			Malice Anh		•	· .	-		1		
			Acetopheno					•			
		(iii) (Chlorobenz	ene.					•		
		(iv) (Glyoxal.								
	,		Benzene He	xachlor	ide.						
6.	(a)	Give an account of replacement reactions of diazonium compounds.(12)									
	(b)		l you prepa					-	$((\cdot , \cdot))$		
		(i) (Congo red.	,					(02)		
		(ii) I	Bismark Br	own.		•			(03)		
		(iii) N	Aalachite g	reen.		•			(03)		
7.	(a)	Why some organic compounds can be polymerized easily, a few require stronger conditions for polymerization, while the others do not polymerizat all. (10)									
	(b)	What are	the pre-re	quisites	for a go	od ferm	entation pro	cess.	(07)		
	(c)	Explain	the followi	ng and p	give two	example	es in each c	ase:	(03)		
			Thermoplas			- ((.)/ N ^V				
			hermosetti	ing plast	ic.						
•			CON	1PULS	ORY O	UESTIC	<u>N</u>	•			
8.	(A)	Write only the True or False in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the statements:									
		(1)	ok, value fe	or a stro	nger aci	d shall b	e comparati	vely high	I.		
		(2) Chloroacetic acid is weaker than acetic acid.									
	٠	` '	An electron		\ \ \						
							s it possesse	es two od	d.		
			lectrons in				P		•		
							le than the s	secondary	as well		
•			s primary								
•			litrogen di				lectron.				
		(7) Resonance decreases the stability of a molecule and increases its									
			eactivity. onic Bonds		4 1				•		
		` '						•			
		 (9) CS₂ is a polar compound like H₂O. (10) In addition Polymerization, the molecular weight of the polymer is 									
		(10) I	n addition : ot an integ	Polymer ral mult	ization, iple of t	the molec he molec	ecular weigh cular weight	it of the p of the m	oolymer is onomers.		
	. /	<i>*</i>	/								
	(B)	Write on question		ect answ	er in the	e Answe	r Book. Do	not repro	duce the		
			he PH of () 1M sol	ution an	nroache	s one for				
	M	_/	_		чион ар	-		u .			
	"	7	•		<i>;</i>	(b)	CH,COO				
	//	(c) H ₂ S	O ₄	(q)	HCLO) ₄ (e)	Non	e of these		

.IEMISTRY, PAPER-II

(12)		ary alkyl halide:	-	•					
	(a)	SN ₂		(b)	SN				
	(c)	both SN, and	ISN,	(d)	None	of thes	e.		
(13)	Compared to C - Cl bond is alkyl halides the C - Cl bond in vinyl chloride is!								
	(a)	Stronger	(b)	weak	er ·	(c)	None of these.		
(14)	Homolytic fission of C - C bond forms:								
	(a)	Carbonium id	on	•	(b)		radical		
	(c)	carbonion		(d)	None	of thes	se.		
(15)	Alum	iinium Chloride	::						
	(a)	possesses hig	h m. po	int.					
	(b)	Sublimes on							
	(c)	Possesses lov		int	•				
	(d)	None of these	e.						
(16)	Addition of an inhibitor in reaction system:								
	(a)	Increases E.			(b)	Decr	eases E,		
	(d)	Has no effect	on ene	rgy of a	ctivatio	n.			
	(c)	None of these							
(17)	A do	uble bond posse				M	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
	(a)	Two sigma b			(b)		oi-bonds		
	(c)	one pi and or	ie Sigm	a bond	(d)	None	of these.		
(18)	The normality of 0.5M solution of H ₂ SO ₄ is:								
	(a)	2.0		(b) 🔨	1.0				
	(c)	0.5		(d)	None	of thes	e.		
(19)	A sn	d² hybrid has:			U.D.				
(17)	(a)	Square plann		tura	/)				
	(b)	Linear structi		Turc -					
*	(c)	Octahedral st)) •			•		
	(d)	Tetra hedral	. / . /	//					
	(e)	None of these		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
(20)	The	o-ordination en	es avai	lahle in	EDTA	for co-	ordinate hand		
(40)	The co-ordination sites available in EDTA for co-ordinate bond formation are:								
	* ^11116		1						
	(a)	2		(b)	6				

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