

SET : 1

Read the calendar given below and answer the questions in complete sentences :

OCTOBER – 2005

Sun.	2	9	16	23	30	Date	Holidays
Mon.	3	10	17	24	31	3 —	Mahalaya
Tues.	4	11	18	25		11 —	Mahastami
Wed.	5	12	19	26		12 —	Mahanavami
Thurs.	6	13	20	27		13 —	Vijaya Dashami
Fri.	7	14	21	28		17 —	Laxmipuja
Sat.	1	8	15	22	29		

Questions :

(i) On what date was Mahalaya celebrated in October, 2005 ?

(ii) How many Fridays were there in October, 2005 ?

(iii) Why was the 11th October a holiday ?

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(iv) On which day of the week was Laxmipuja celebrated ?

(v) Excluding Sundays, how many holidays were there in October, 2005 ?

4. Answer any **five** of the following questions, each in about **30** words : $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (i) What gifts did God bestow on man ?
- (ii) What makes the poet go away from the lovely woods ?
- (iii) What does Tennyson miss dearly for which he is very sad ?
- (iv) What does the line "Guesting a while in the room of a beautiful inn" mean ?
- (v) Why did the peasants want the scorpion to 'sit still' ?
- (vi) What did the peasants do to 'paralyse the Evil One' ?

Bit No.

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Bit No.

Bit No.

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Bit No.

Bit No.

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5. Answer any **two** of the following questions, each in about **50** words : $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (i) What was the second anecdote the narrator's father recounted ?
- (ii) What made Kali offer sweets to the school children ?
- (iii) Describe, in brief, the dealings of Mini's father with the Kabuliwala.

Bit No.

Bit No.

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6. Write an essay, in about **250** words, on any **one** of the following topics, keeping to the outlines given : 12

(i) **My Grandmother :**

Her name, age and appearance — her relationship with the members of the family — her relationship with the neighbours — her likes — her dislikes — the qualities in her you admire.

(ii) **A Visit to a Place of Historical Importance :**

Name of the place and its location — its historical importance — why you selected that place — an account of what you saw there — some memorable moments of your visit — your feelings about such places.

(iii) **The Rainy Season :**

Its duration — description of the sky — description of the streets and rivers — its usefulness to farmers — its disadvantages for daily workers and students — why you like/dislike it.

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(Continued)

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7. Imagine you are Gourang Charan Nayak studying in Hatadihi High School, Hatadihi in the district of Keonjhar. Write a letter, in about **100** words, to your friend living in Chitrakar Street, Paralakhemundi, Gajapati describing how you observed the Annual Sports Day in your school. 8

OR

Suppose you are Niaz Mohammad studying in Kendrapara High School, Kendrapara. Write an application, in about **100** words, to the Headmaster to allow a friendly football match to be held between the students of class X and class IX.

[illegible]

SET : A

8. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow in a sentence or two : 2×5 = 10

One day, Guru Nanak Dev picked up a big stick and went out in the street. A dog barked at him. The Guru chased it and thrashed it ; much to the astonishment of the onlookers. Hearing the noise, his son Baba Buddha and his disciple Bhai Lahna came to the scene. Soon, they were joined by his other disciples and admirers who followed him. In a little while, Guru Nanak Dev reached a cremation ground. He walked up to a corpse lying on the ground covered with white cloth. Suddenly, he turned towards the surging crowd behind him and asked them to start eating the dead body. People were shocked at hearing such strange words. Not a soul moved. There was silence all around. Then, his disciple Bhai Lahna stepped forward and agreed to his order. Everyone was stunned. Bhai Lahna stepped forward and lifted the cloth. But there was no dead body under the cloth. Surprised, he turned to the Guru for an explanation.

But Guru Nanak was smiling at him fondly. He called him and embraced him warmly. His strange behaviour, he explained, was to test the loyalty and devotion of his disciples.

Questions :

- (i) Why did Guru Nanak chase and thrash the dog ?

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(ii) What did Guru Nanak Dev walk up to ?

(iii) What did he ask the surging crowd to do ?

(iv) What did Bhai Lahna find when he lifted the cloth ?

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(v) Why did Guru Nanak behave strangely ?

9. Rewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given in brackets :

1×5 = 5

(i) He showed his _____ (interest) in the work.

(Fill in the blank with a negative prefix to the word given in brackets)

Ans. _____

(ii) I appreciate constructive comments but not _____ ones.

(Fill the blank with the appropriate form of the word 'destroy')

Ans. _____

(iii) I find walking in the morning very (relaxing / relaxed).

(Complete the sentence choosing the correct alternative given in brackets)

Ans. _____

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(iv) He could not give a _____ (define) of the word 'religion'.

(Fill in the blank with the appropriate form of the word given in brackets)

Ans. _____

(v) People should have access (to / for) safe drinking water.

(Choose the correct alternative given in brackets)

Ans. _____

10. Rewrite the following sentences as per the instructions given in brackets : 1×5 = 5

(i) Please arrive early. We want to start the meeting on time.

(Combine the sentences using 'so that')

Ans. _____

(ii) The school bans wrist watches. It also bans hair ribbons.

(Combine the sentences using 'not only but also')

Ans. _____

(iii) Our class teacher teaches English. He also teaches Geography.

(Combine the sentences using 'both and')

Ans. _____

(iv) She was told to behave _____ .

(Supply the missing 'reflexive pronoun' in the blank)

Ans. _____

(v) He said I will send a message to her.

(Punctuate the sentence)

Ans. _____

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11. Rewrite the following sentences as per the instructions given in brackets : 1×5 = 5

(i) The sky is cloudy. It (**is going to / will**) rain today.

(Complete the sentence choosing the appropriate alternative given in brackets)

Ans. _____

(ii) He did not pay for the goods. He did not return them.

(Combine the sentences using '**neither nor**)

Ans. _____

(iii) Pay careful attention to what your teacher says. (Identify the '**Noun clause**')
Ans. _____

(iv) I got the first prize. I became very happy.

(Join sentence using the subordinator '**as**')
Ans. _____

(v) He enjoys (**to travel / travelling**) by train.

(Complete the sentence choosing the correct alternative given in brackets)

Ans. _____

12. Rewrite the following sentences as per the instructions given in brackets : 1×5 = 5

(i) Have you fed the dog ?

(Change into passive voice)

Ans. _____

(ii) We haven't seen him _____ October, 2008.

(Fill in the blank with a suitable preposition)

Ans. _____

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(iii) The wedding came (off / up) in a grand way.

(Complete the sentence choosing the correct particle given in brackets)

Ans. _____

(iv) I said to the postman, "Have you brought any letter for me ?"

(Change into indirect speech)

Ans. _____

(v) Hari as well as his brothers (were / was) responsible for the loss.

(Complete the sentence choosing the correct alternative given in bracket)

Ans. _____

13. Translate into English :

1×5 = 5

(ORIYA)

ଇନ୍ଦିରା ଗାନ୍ଧୀ ଭାରତର ପ୍ରଥମ ମହିଳା ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ ଥିଲେ । ସେ ୧୯୧୭ ମସିହା ନଭେମ୍ବର ୨୧ ତାରିଖରେ ଜନ୍ମ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରିଥିଲେ । ତାଙ୍କର ପିତାଙ୍କ ନାମ ଜବାହରଲାଲ ନେହେରୁ ଥିଲା । ଇନ୍ଦିରା ଗାନ୍ଧୀ ତାଙ୍କ ପିତାଙ୍କର ଏକମାତ୍ର ସନ୍ତାନ ଥିଲେ । ସେ ୧୯୮୦ ମସିହାରୁ ୧୯୮୪ ମସିହା ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ ହିସାବରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରିଥିଲେ ।

OR

ରାମ : ତୁ ମାଛ ଖାଇବାକୁ ଭଲ ପାଉ ?

ରହିମ୍ : ମୁଁ ସଂପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଭାବରେ ଜଣେ ନିରାମିଷାଶୀ ।

ରାମ : କିନ୍ତୁ ମୁଁ ଅତ୍ୟନ୍ତ ମାଛ ପ୍ରିୟ ।

ରହିମ୍ : ରୋଟି ଏବଂ ପରିବା ତରକାରୀ ମୋର ପ୍ରିୟ ଖାଦ୍ୟ ।

ରାମ : ମାତ୍ର ଅନୁଭୂତି ପାଇଁ ଥରେ ତୋର ଆମିଷ ଭୋଜନ କରିବା ଦରକାର ।

(BENGALI)

ଇନ୍ଦିରା ଗାନ୍ଧୀ ଭାରତର ପ୍ରଥମ ମହିଳା ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ ଥିଲେ । ତିନି ୧୯୧୭ ସାଲେ ନଭେମ୍ବର ୨୧ ତାରିଖେ ଜନ୍ମଗ୍ରହଣ କରିସାହିଲେନ । ତାହାର ପିତାର ନାମ ଜଓହରଲାଲ ନେହେରୁ ଥିଲ । ଇନ୍ଦିରା ଗାନ୍ଧୀ ତାହାର ପିତାର ଏକମାତ୍ର ସନ୍ତାନ ଥିଲେନ । ତିନି ୧୯୮୦ ସାଲ ହିତେ ୧୯୮୪ ସାଲ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ପ୍ରଧାନମନ୍ତ୍ରୀ ହିସାବେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରିସାହିଲେନ ।

OR

SET :

- رام : তুই মাছ খাইতে ভালবাসিস্ ?
 রহিম : আমি সম্পূর্ণরূপে একজন নিরামিষাশী ।
 رام : আমি কিন্তু খুব মাছ প্রিয় ।
 রহিম : রুটি এবং সব্জি তরকারী আমার প্রিয় খাদ্য ।
 رام : কিন্তু অনুভূতির জন্য তোর একবার আমিষ ভোজন করা দরকার ।

(HINDI)

इन्दिरा गाँधी भारत की प्रथम महिला प्रधानमन्त्री थीं । वे 1917 ई० नवंबर 21 तारीख में पैदा हुई थीं । उनके पिता का नाम जवाहरलाल नेहरू था । इन्दिरा गाँधी अपने पिता की एकमात्र सन्तान थीं । वे 1980 ई० से 1984 ई० तक प्रधानमन्त्री के रूप में काम करती थी ।

OR

- राम : तुझे मछली खाना पसंद है ?
 रहीम : मैं सम्पूर्ण रूप में एक शाकाहारी हूँ ।
 राम : परन्तु मैं ज्यादा मछली प्रिय हूँ ।
 रहीम : रोटी और सब्जी मेरा प्रिय खाद्य है ।
 राम : सिर्फ अनुभूति के लिए एक बार तेरा आमिष भोजन करना आवश्यक है ।

(URDU)

انگریزی میں ترجمہ کیجیے :

اندرا گاندھی ہندوستان کی پہلی خاتون پرانی منسٹر تھیں۔ وہ 1917 میں نومبر کے مہینے کی 21 تاریخ کو پیدا ہوئی تھیں۔ اُن کے والد کا نام جواہر لال نہرو تھا۔
 اندرا گاندھی اپنے باپ کی اکلوتی اولاد تھیں۔ انہوں نے سن 1980 سے 1984 عیسوی تک پرانی منسٹر کی حیثیت سے کام کیا تھا۔

یا

- رام - کیا تم مچھلی کھانا پسند کرتے ہو ؟
 رحیم - میں مکمل طور پر ایک سبزی کھانے والا ہوں۔
 رام - لیکن میں مچھلی بہت پسند کرتا ہوں۔
 رحیم - روٹی اور سبزی کی ترکیب میری پسندیدہ غذا ہے۔
 رام - لیکن تجربے کے لیے تمہیں گھر میں گوشت مچھلی کھانی چاہئے۔

SET : 

(TELUGU)

ఇందిరాగాంధీ భారతదేశమునకు మొదటి మహిళా ప్రధానమంత్రి ఉండెను. ఆమె 1917 సంవత్సరము నవంబరు 21 తారీఖున జన్మించెను. ఆమె తండ్రి పేరు జవహర్‌లాల్ నెహ్రూ. ఇందిరాగాంధీ తన తండ్రికి ఎక్కువ కుమార్తె. ఆమె 1980 సంవత్సరము నుండి 1984 సంవత్సరము వరకు ప్రధానమంత్రిగా పని చేసెను.

ಲೆದಾ

రాము : నీవు చేపలు తినుటకు ఇష్టపడెదవా ?

రహీము : నేను పూర్తిగా శాఖాహారిని

రాము : కాని నేను చాలా చేపలుకి ప్రియుడుని

రహీము : రొట్టె మరియు కూరలు నాకు ఇష్టమైన ఆహారము.

రాము : కాని అనుభవము కోసము ఒకసారి నీ మాంసాహారము భోజనముతో తినుట అవసరము.

Ans.

[illegible]

[illegible]

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