## **Answers**

## ACCA Certified Accounting Technician Examination – Paper T9(ZAF) Preparing Taxation Computations (South Africa)

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VAT vendor and consequently cannot reclaim the VAT paid on the inst		iairiteriariee exp	JC113C3.	
Cash salary R20 000 x 6		R	<b>R</b> 120 000	
Travel allowance R4 000 x 6 Business kilometres		24 000	120 000	
17 000 (limited to 16 000)  less deemed private	16 000 (7 000)			
Deemed business	9 000			
Value of vehicle (including VAT) is R228 000				
Business costs:				
Fixed cost $\frac{68 697}{34 000}$ x $^{184}/_{365}$ =	101,86			
Fuel Maintenance	51,10 41,60			
Cents per km	194,56			
Deemed business costs		(17 510)	6 490	
Low interest loan 200 000 x (8,5% x $^6/_{12}$ ) Employee housing greater of: costs borne by employer			8 500	
R6 000 x 6 = R36 000 or (220 000 – 20 000) x $17\%$ = R34 000 Provident fund – no deduction Employer contribution not taxed	)		36 000 - - 3 500	
Debt paid by employer Bonus		10.000	30 000	
Long service award		12 000 (5 000)	7 000	
Taxi fares (gross income)  less fuel     insurance     maintenance			160 000 (13 000) (15 000) (7 375)	
Wear and tear 250 000 x 1.14 x 20% x <sup>6</sup> / <sub>12</sub>			(28 500)	
Interest income (35 000 – 22 000) Dividends exempt			13 000	
			320 615	
RAF limited to (15% x 320 615) Medical expenses – no limit			(10 000) (40 000)	
Taxable income			270 615	
Tax per the table less rebate			74 834 (10 800)	
Income tax liability			64 034	

(a)	Taxable income before adjustments	R	<b>R</b> 10 000 000	Marks
	Cape Town building: 5% x R10m (s.13)		(500 000)	$1^{1}/_{2}$
	Durban building: 2% x R5m (s.13) 5% x R2m (s.13) Machinery:		(100 000) (100 000)	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 2
	Existing machines at 1 July 2005 20% x R20m (s.12C)		(4 000 000)	1
	Machine sold: Selling price Tax value	600 000 100 000		
	Recoupment (restricted)	400 000		
	Deferred i.t.o. s.8(4)(e) add to income 40% New machine R1.2m x 40% (s.12C) Machine sold to connected person Cost Tax value	200 000 40 000	160 000 (480 000)	2 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
	Deemed disposal proceeds	150 000		-1.
	Recoupment Second hand machine acquired 20% x R520 000		110 000 (104 000)	$1^{1}/_{2}$ $1^{1}/_{2}$
	Sale of land: Selling price Cost	5 000 000 (3 000 000)		
	Capital gain Include in taxable income 50% Restraint payment R3m x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub> Retirement lump sum – not in the production of income	2 000 000	1 000 000 (1 000 000) -	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 1
	Debt written off  - capital portion (not previously in income)  - accrued interest (s.11(j))		(30 000)	1 1
	Company car Cost of fuel and insurance (s.11(a))		(23 000)	1
	Wear and tear: R450 000 x 20%		(90 000)	$1^{1}/_{2}$
	VAT output (s.11(a)) R450 000 x $^{100}$ / $_{114}$ x 0·3% x $^{14}$ / $_{114}$ x 12 Dividend income exempt		(1 745)	2 1
	Taxable income		4 841 255	
	Tax liability 29%		1 403 964	1
				27
(b)	Dividend declared  less dividends accrued		<b>R</b> 1 400 000 (800 000)	
	Net dividend		600 000	
	STC 12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> % x 600 000		75 000	2
(c)	The STC must be paid by no later than 31 July 2006 i.e. the the dividend cycle ends.	e end of the month followin		- - -

3		R	R	Warks
1				
	$P = 6000000x\frac{1000000}{} = 4000000$	)		$1^{1}/_{2}$
	1 500 000			
	$Y = 1\ 000\ 000\ + \frac{(4\ 000\ 000\ - 1\ 000\ 000\ )}{}$	х б) ——		2
	10 Valuation date value	2 800 000		
	Post 1 October 2001 expenditure	500 000		$1^{1}/_{2}$
	Base cost	3 300 000		
	Proceeds	6 000 000		
	Capital gain		2 700 000	1
	Exclusion		(1 000 000)	$1^{1}/_{2}$
2	Proceeds	2 000 000		
	Cost	(600 000)		
	Capital gains		1 400 000	2
3	3 Transfer of art to business:			
	Personal use assets		_	1
4	Sale of motor car Personal use asset			1
			_	1
5	5 Listed shares Proceeds	650 000		
	Base cost	(800 000)		
	Capital loss		(150 000)	$1^{1}/_{2}$
6	5 Loan written off para 12(5)			
	Capital gain		1 000 000	2
	Total capital gains less annual exclusion		3 950 000 (10 000)	1
	iess aimuai exclusion			1
			3 940 000	
	Taxable income:			
	<ul><li>25% of capital gain</li><li>sale of art gross income</li></ul>		985 000 3 600 000	$\frac{1}{1^{1}/_{2}}$
	- opening stock (acquisition)		(2 000 000)	$1^{1/2}$ $1^{1/2}$
	Taxable income		2 585 000	20

Marks

4	(a)	1st provisional payment	D100 000	R	Marks
		Basic amount Tax on 120 000  less rebate	R120 000	24 400 (5 800)	1 1/2
		Annual tax on estimate dividend by 2 less employees tax 900 x 6		18 600 9 300 (5 400)	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 1
		First provisional payment		3 900	4
	(b)	2nd provisional payment Basic amount Tax on 140 000 less rebate	R140 000	R 29 900 (5 800)	1
		less employees tax 900 x 12 1st provisional payment		24 100 (10 800) (3 900)	1 1 1
		Second provisional payment		9 400	4
	(c)	The provisional payments must be made by no later than: 1st 31 August 2005 2nd 28 February 2006			2
	(d)	Taxable income for the 2006 year. Salary R8 000 x 12 Pension contributions (s.11(k)) limit to $7^1/_2\%$ Rental income Rental expenses Taxable income	R	R 96 000 (7 200) 80 000 (15 000) 153 800	1 1 1 1
		Tax on R153 800 less rebate	34 040 (5 800)	28 240	1
		Credit amount Employees tax 900 x 12 1st provisional payment 2nd provisional payment	10 800 3 900 9 400	24 100	1
		Third top up payment required		4 140	1 <b>7</b>
			_		
	(e)	SITE Salary R4 500 x 12 Bonus	R 54 000 8 000		
			62 000		1
		SITE on first R60 000 only Tax on R60 000 less rebate		R 10 800 (6 300)	
		SITE to be withheld		4 500	3
					20