

Rewarding Learning ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY (AS) General Certificate of Education 2016

Mathematics

Assessment Unit C2 assessing Module C2: AS Core Mathematics 2



[AMC21] TUESDAY 31 MAY, AFTERNOON

TIME

1 hour 30 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number on the Answer Booklet provided. Answer **all eight** questions.

Show clearly the full development of your answers.

Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

You are permitted to use a graphic or scientific calculator in this paper.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 75

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

A copy of the Mathematical Formulae and Tables booklet is provided.

Throughout the paper the logarithmic notation used is $\ln z$ where it is noted that $\ln z \equiv \log_e z$

Answer all eight questions.

Show clearly the full development of your answers.

Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

1 (a) The gradient of a curve is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = 4 + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

The point (1, 7) lies on the curve.

Find the equation of the curve.

(b) Table 1 below shows the coordinates (x, y) of five points on the curve

$$y = (1 + \cos x)^2$$

where x is in radians.

Table 1

x	0	0.5	1	1.5	2
У	4	3.525	а	1.146	b

- (i) Find the values of *a* and *b*.
- (ii) Use the Trapezium Rule with 5 ordinates to find an estimate of

$$\int_{0}^{2} (1 + \cos x)^{2} \, \mathrm{d}x$$
 [3]

9849

[2]

[5]

2 Initially the number of fish in a lake is 625 000 The population of fish in the lake can be modelled by the recurrence relation

 $u_{n+1} = 1.04u_n - d$ $u_0 = 625\,000$

In this relation u_n is the number of fish in the lake after *n* years and *d* is the number of fish which are caught each year.

- (i) Given that d = 18750, calculate u_1, u_2 and u_3 and comment briefly on your results. [3]
- (ii) Given instead that $d = 125\,000$ and $u_5 = 83\,367.7$, briefly explain what happens to the fish population during the sixth year. [1]
- (iii) Find the value of *d* which would leave the fish population unchanged each year. [2]
- 3 (a) Solve the equation

$$1 + \sin \theta + \cos^2 \theta - 2\sin^2 \theta = 0$$

where $-180^{\circ} \le \theta \le 180^{\circ}$

(b) The graph of the curve

$$y = x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4x$$

is shown in Fig. 1 below.



Fig. 1

Find the area of the region bounded by the curve, the lines x = 1 and x = 8 and the *x*-axis.

[5]

4 Patrick is going to walk his dog on a path in his local park. The path runs due north.When he is at the start of the path he sees an oak tree on a bearing of 040°

Patrick walks 200 m due north along the path. The bearing of the oak tree is now 070°

(i) Find, to the nearest metre, the shortest distance of the oak tree from the path. [6]

Patrick walks a further 200 m due north along the path.

- (ii) Find the distance Patrick now is from the oak tree.
- 5 Fig. 2 below shows the logo for an ice-cream parlour.



Fig. 2

O is the centre of a circle of radius 4 cm. AB and AC are tangents to the circle. Angle AOC = $\frac{4\pi}{9}$ radians.

- (i) Find the perimeter of the logo.
- (ii) Find the area of the logo.

4

[3]

6 (a) Evaluate

$$2\log_2 a + \log_4 4a^2 - 3\log_2 2a$$
 [6]

(b) Given that

 $3(2^{2x}) + 2(2^x) - 1 = 0$

find *x*.

7 In the binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x, of

$$\left(1+\frac{x}{k}\right)^n \qquad k\neq 0 \qquad n\neq 0$$

the coefficients of x and x^2 are equal and non-zero.

(i) Form an equation in n and k. [4]

The coefficient of x^4 is four times the coefficient of x^5

- (ii) Show that 4n = 5k + 16 [4]
- (iii) Hence find n and k. [2]
- 8 A circle has centre (a, b) and radius *r*. The centre of this circle lies on the line y = 2
 - (i) Write down the value of b.

The circle passes through the points (1, 5) and (-6, 6).

(ii) Find the equation of this circle.

THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

[1]

[5]

[10]