

**ADVANCED GCE****LATIN**

Literature 3 (Commentary and Essay)

JUVENAL

2490

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

OCR Supplied Materials:

- 16 page Answer Booklet

Other Materials Required:

None

Tuesday 22 June 2010
Morning

Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- Each question is marked out of 40, including 4 marks for quality of written communication.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **120**.
- This document consists of **4** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Answer Section A **and** Section B.

Section A

Answer **both** questions.

Group D: Non-Epic Verse Author

1 Answer the questions on the following passage:

‘respice nunc alia ac diversa pericula noctis:
quod spatium tectis sublimibus unde cerebrum
testa ferit, quotiens rimosa et curta fenestris
vasa cadant, quanto percussum pondere signent
et laedant silicem. possis ignavus haberi 5
et subiti casus inprovidus, ad cenam si
intestatus eas: adeo tot fata, quot illa
nocte patent vigiles te praetereunte fenestrae.
ergo optes votumque feras miserabile tecum,
ut sint contentae patulas defundere pelves. 10
ebrius ac petulans, qui nullum forte cecidit,
dat poenas, noctem patitur lugentis amicum
Pelidae, cubat in faciem, mox deinde supinus:
[ergo non aliter poterit dormire, quibusdam]
somnum rixa facit. sed quamvis inprobus annis 15
atque mero fervens cavet hunc quem coccina laena
vitari iubet et comitum longissimus ordo,
multum praeterea flammarum et aenea lampas.
me, quem luna solet deducere vel breve lumen
candelae, cuius dispenso et tempero filum, 20
contemnit. miserae cognosce prohoemia rixae,
si rixa et, ubi tu pulsas, ego vapulo tantum.
stat contra starique iubet. parere necesse est;
nam quid agas, cum te furiosus cogat et idem
fortior? “unde venis” exclamat, “cuius aceto, 25
cuius conche tumes? quis tecum sectile porrum
sutor et elixi vervecis labra comedit?
nil mihi respondes? aut dic aut accipe calcem.
ede ubi consistas: in qua te quaero proseucha?”
dicere si temptes aliquid tacitusve recedas, 30
tantumdem est: feriunt pariter, vadimonia deinde
irati faciunt. libertas pauperis haec est:
pulsatus rogat et pugnīs concisus adorat
ut liceat paucis cum dentibus inde reverti.’

Juvenal, *Satires* 3. 268–301

- (a) *respice nunc ... pelves* (lines 1–10): how does Juvenal make this a lively description of the dangers faced on the streets? [9]
- (b) *ebrius ac ... lampas* (lines 11–18): how is this individual characterised in these lines? [9]
- (c) *me, quem ... reverti* (lines 19–34): by what means does Juvenal make this confrontation vivid and amusing? [18]

[Quality of Written Communication: 4]

[Total = 36 + 4 = 40]

Group D: Non-Epic Verse Author

2 Answer the questions on the following passage:

optimus hic et formosissimus idem
 gentis patriciae rapitur miser extinguendus
 Messalinae oculis; dudum sedet illa parato
 flammeolo Tyriusque palam genialis in hortis
 sternitur et ritu decies centena dabuntur
 antiquo, veniet cum signatoribus auspex. 5
 haec tu secreta et paucis commissa putabas?
 non nisi legitime volt nubere. quid placeat dic.
 ni parere velis, pereundum erit ante lucernas;
 si scelus admittas, dabitur mora parvula, dum res 10
 nota Urbi et populo contingat principis aurem.
 dedecus ille domus sciet ultimus. interea tu
 obsequere imperio, si tanti vita dierum
 paucorum. quidquid levius meliusque putaris,
 praebenda est gladio pulchra haec et candida cervix. 15
 nil ergo optabunt homines? si consilium vis,
 permittes ipsis expendere numinibus quid
 conveniat nobis rebusque sit utile nostris;
 nam pro iucundis aptissima quaeque dabunt di.
 carior est illis homo quam sibi. nos animorum 20
 impulsu et caeca magnaue cupidine ducti
 coniugium petimus partumque uxoris, at illis
 notum qui pueri qualisque futura sit uxor.
 ut tamen et poscas aliquid voveasque sacellis
 exta et candiduli divina tomacula porci, 25
 orandum est ut sit mens sana in corpore sano.
 fortem posce animum mortis terrore carentem,
 qui spatium vitae extremum inter munera ponat
 naturae, qui ferre queat quoscumque dolores,
 nesciat irasci, cupiat nihil et potiores 30
 Herculis aerumnas credat saevosque labores
 et venere et cenis et pluma Sardanapalli.
 monstro quod ipse tibi possis dare; semita certe
 tranquillae per virtutem patet unica vitae.
 nullum numen habes, si sit prudentia: nos te, 35
 nos facimus, Fortuna, deam caeloque locamus.

Juvenal, *Satires* 10. 331–366

- (a) *optimus ... cervix* (lines 1–15): by what means in these lines does Juvenal convey that the young man is doomed? [18]
- (b) *carior est ... locamus* (lines 20–36): show how Juvenal makes this a powerful conclusion to his poem. [18]

[Quality of Written Communication: 4]

[Total = 36 + 4 = 40]

Section B

Answer the following question. The question carries 40 marks.

In answering the essay question in this Section, candidates are expected to be familiar with the following parts of the text, whether read in Latin or English:

Juvenal, *Satires* 3. 21–322; 10. 56–366

- 1 'Without structure, purpose or poetic charm.' Do you agree with this assessment of Juvenal's *Satires* 3 and 10?

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