Unit Test 6251

SECTION A

1	(a)	Heat/energy released to surroundings	(1 mark)		
	(b)	Reduced as oxygen is removed/Fe ³⁺ has gained electrons/c number of Fe has decreased	oxidation (1 mark)		
2	(a)	160	(1 mark)		
	(b)	Mass spectrometer	(1 mark)		
3	(a)	a) Sodium dichromate/potassium dichromate/Na₂Cr₂O ₇ / K₂Cr₂O ₇ / KMnO₄/potassium manganate (VII)/ permanganate. (1)			
		Sulphuric acid/H ₂ SO ₄ (1)	(2 marks)		
	(b)	(b) Acid: Donates protons/produces H ⁺ ions in solution (1)			
		Weak: An acid that has only partly ionised/slightly dissociate	ed. (1) (2 marks)		
4	1s ² 2s ² 2p ⁶ 3s ²		(1 mark)		
5	2M g	44 15			
	ALL	(1 mark) multiples			
	TOTAL SECTION A: 10 MARKS				

SECTION B

6 (a) (i)

(1 mark)

(ii) Diagram should show

Test tube containing propan-1-ol absorbed on suitable named absorbent (1)

Aluminium oxide/porous pot catalyst named (1)

Heat source below catalyst (1)

Collection of propene gas over water / gas syringe (1)

(4 marks)

Penalise -1 for poor diagram/wouldn't work

(b) (i) Sodium propoxide

(1 mark)

(ii) 0.002 mol/ 2x10⁻³ mol

(1 mark)

(c) (i) CH₃CH(OH)CH₃ OR

ОН

CH₃CHCH₃

Propan-2-ol

(1)

(2 marks)

(ii) Propanal – from blue to red/green/orange/brown ppt (1)

Propanone - no change/stays blue (1)

'blue' must be mentioned as the initial colour at least once.

(1)

(2 marks)

(Total: 11 Marks)

7 (a) Solution too dilute pH > 7 but < 9or footwear not immersed in solution for long enough or virus avoids contact with sodium carbonate (1 mark) $Na_2CO_3(aq) + 2HCI(aq) \rightarrow 2NaCI(aq) + CO_2(g) + H_2O(I)$ (b) (i) Correct balanced equation (1) All state symbols correct (1) (2 marks) (ii) Burette (1 mark) Yellow (1) (iii) Orange (1) (2 marks) (c) 0.042 mol (i) (1 mark) (ii) 0.021 mol (1 mark) 0.84 mol dm⁻³ (iii) Answers should be to 2,3 or 4SF in part (c) (1 mark) (Total: 9 Marks)

8	(a)	(i) (ii)	Nichrome/platinum wire/ceramic rod (1) cleaned in concentrated hydrochloric acid (1) dipped in powdered sample and heated in flame (1) both ideas needed for 3 rd point. Electrons promoted/excited to higher energy levels (1)	(3 marks)
		(11)	Fall back releasing energy as light of a particular frequency /wavelength/emr (1)	(2 marks)
		(iii)	Sodium/Na ⁺	(1 mark)
	(b)	(i)	4.18 x 100 x 1.1 (1) = 460J / 0.460 kJ/459.8J (1)	(2 marks)
		(ii)	$M_r MgSO_4.7H_2O = 246$ (1)	
			12.3/246 = 0.05 (1) Allow TE	(2 marks)
		(iii)	460/0.05 +9200 J mol ⁻¹ /+9.2 kJ mol ⁻¹ (1) sign and units (1)	
			-1 for incorrect SF. ALLOW TE from b(i) and/or b(ii)	(2 marks)
	(c)	(i)	$\Delta H_{\rm r} = \Delta H_1 - \Delta H_2$	(1 mark)
		(ii)	+9.285.2 = +94 kJ mol ⁻¹ (1) sign and units (1)	(2 marks)
	(d)		Any sensible suggestion e.g. affect taste affect colour inhibit yeast	
			inhibit enzymes affect pH <i>NOT</i> cost	(1 mark)
				tal: 16 Marks)

9 (a) (i) Metallic (1)

lons must not be touching and have a **single positive** charge.

(2 marks)

(ii) ++ + | 000 | 8 CI 8 | 000 | 1

Correct number of electrons on each ion (1) Correct charge on each ion (1)

(2 marks)

- (iii) Smaller (with some justification) (1)
 - fewer shells/energy levels (1)

increased relative nuclear charge 'pulls' remaining electrons closer to nucleus (1)

(3 marks)

(b) Group 2 (1)

Significant / large / big increase in IE between 2nd and 3rd electron removed (1) (2 marks)

(c) Small dip in IE because

electron is in same quantum level/shell (1)

but is in higher energy sub level/shell (1)

(2 marks)

(d) (i) <u>Similarity</u>

Similar/same trend across period/down a group (1)

Difference

Values for boiling point would be higher/height of bars bigger (1) (2 marks)

(ii) Density/atomic volume/electrical conductivity/electronegativity/ enthalpy or heat of vaporisation

(1 mark)

(Total:14 Marks)