## Section A

1 (a)  $Cu(NO_2)_3.6H_2O_{(s)} \rightarrow CuO_{(s)} + 2NO_2(g) + \frac{1}{2}O_2(g) + 6H_2O(g)$ (1)

(2 marks)

ACCEPT multiples x2 [then 12H2O(g)]

(b) Brown gas (given off)

turns black / dark brown

Solid forms a solution / dissolves / forms a liquid/bubbles of gas

Misty fumes /steam / water vapour given off / condensation seen (in upper part of test-tube).

(2 marks)

Any

two

2 (a) (i)  $NO_3^-$ 

(ii) CrO 4-

(2 marks)

(b) Ag<sup>+</sup>, CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> or names

(1 mark)

(c)  $2Ag^{+}(aq) + CrO_4^{2-}(aq) \rightarrow Ag_2CrO_4(s)$ Formulae and balancing (1) State symbols (1)

(2 marks)

3 (a)  $20/1000 \times 0.5 = 0.01$ 

(1 mark)

(b) Energy change =  $20 \times 4.18 \times 26.3 = (2198.68)$  $\Delta H = (-) \frac{2198.68}{0.01}$  (1)

-220, ALLOW 4sf –219.9, no units needed OR – 220,000 J (1)

(2 marks)

SECTION A TOTAL 12 MARKS

## **SECTION B**

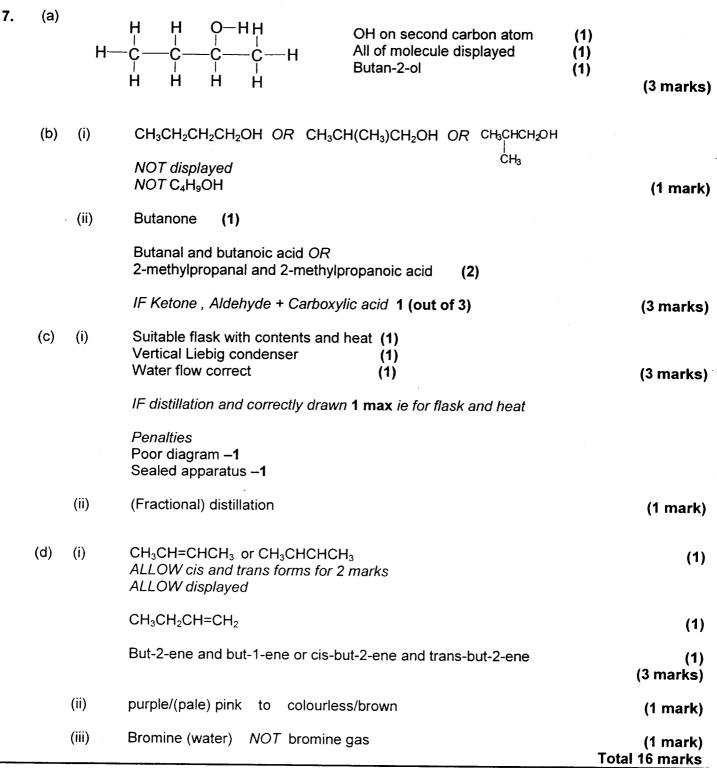
		(1)	Acid base / neutralisation	Α	(a)	,
(2 marks	thermal decomposition/redox/dehydration (1)			В		
(1 mark			Pipette	(i)	(b)	
(1 mark			Burette	(ii)		
		(1) OR (1)	eg methyl orange Yellow → red/pink/orange Orange → red/pink	(iii)		
	=	.123 Book of data) of pink → colourless <i>l</i> green →purple blue → yellow blue → yellow	Screened methyl orange Bromothymol blue			
	ator named.		Colour change must match to Colour change mark can on			
(2 marks			NOT litmus/U.I.			
(1 mark		ave correct units	20 cm <sup>3</sup> / 0.02 dm <sup>3</sup> <i>MUST h</i>	(iv)		
(3 marks)	(1) (1) er (1)	of 3) dry with filter paper	Evaporate / boil off some of Evaporate to dryness (0 out Leave to cool Filter off/decant crystals and Ovens must have a low tem	(v)		
(1 mark)			80 (g mol <sup>-1</sup> )	(i)	(c)	
(1 mark)		V T.E. from (i)	$\frac{4}{80} = \frac{1}{20}$ or 0.05 ALLOW	(ii)		
(1 mark)		m³	0.05 x 24 = 1.2 dm <sup>3</sup> / 1200 c MUST have correct units	(iii)		

(Total 13 marks)

5. Electrons can only have particular amounts of energy / are quantised (so (a) transitions between energy levels only have discrete amounts of energy). (1 mark) n = 5 to n = 4(b) (1 mark) (c) (i) see diagram (from lowest energy level (1) to  $n = \infty$  or above (1)) (2 marks) (ii)  $H(g) \to H^{+}(g) + e^{(-)}((g)) OR H(g) - e^{-} \to H^{+}(g)$ Formulae correct (1) State symbols (1)(2 marks) (Total 6 marks) 6. (a) (i)  $(46 \times 8 + 47 \times 7.3 + 48 \times 74 + 49 \times 5.5 + 50 \times 5.2) \div 100$ = 47.926= 47.9Method (1) Correct answer to three significant figures (2 marks) (1) (ii) mass spectrometer (1 mark)  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^6$  (1)  $4s^23d^2$  OR  $3d^2$   $4s^2$  (1) (b) (i) (2 marks) (ii) Transition metals /elements OR d block (1 mark) (c) (i) reduction or redox (1 mark) (ii)  $940 - 2 \times 110 = +720 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ Method (1) Value (1) Sign and units (1) (3 marks) Hess / Law of Conservation of Energy / First Law of Thermodynamics (iii) (1 mark) (iv) Carbon monoxide / CO is produced (1) which is toxic / poisonous (1) (2 marks)

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(Total 13 marks)



**TOTAL FOR SECTION B: 48 MARKS**